**ACTION:** Notice of decision by NHTSA that nonconforming 1990 Mercedes-Benz 500SE passenger cars are eligible for importation.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the decision by NHTSA that 1990 Mercedes-Benz 500SE passenger cars not originally manufactured to comply with all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards are eligible for importation into the United States because they are substantially similar to a vehicle originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States and certified by its manufacturer as complying with the safety standards (the 1990 Mercedes-Benz 300SE), and they are capable of being readily altered to conform to the standards.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** May 20, 1996. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** George Entwistle, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance, NHTSA (202–336–5306).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## Background

Under 49 U.S.C. 30141(a)(1)(A) (formerly section 108(c)(3)(A)(i) of the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act (the Act)), a motor vehicle that was not originally manufactured to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards shall be refused admission into the United States unless NHTSA has decided that the motor vehicle is substantially similar to a motor vehicle originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States, certified under 49 U.S.C. 30115 (formerly section 114 of the Act), and of the same model year as the model of the motor vehicle to be compared, and is capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Petitions for eligibility decisions may be submitted by either manufacturers or importers who have registered with NHTSA pursuant to 49 CFR Part 592. As specified in 49 CFR 593.7, NHTSA publishes notice in the Federal Register of each petition that is receives, and affords interested persons an opportunity to comment on the petition. At the close of the comment period, NHTSA decides, on the basis of the petition and any comments that it has received, whether the vehicle is eligible for importation. The agency then publishes this decision in the Federal Register.

Ğ&K Automotive Conversion, Inc. of Santa Ana, California (Registered Importer R–90–007) petitioned NHTSA to decide whether 1990 Mercedes-Benz 500SE passenger cars are eligible for importation into the United States. NHTSA published notice of the petition on March 25, 1996 (61 FR 12131) to afford an opportunity for public comment. The reader is referred to that notice for a thorough description of the petition. No comments were received in response to the notice. Based on its review of the information submitted by the petitioner, NHTSA has decided to grant the petition.

Vehicle Eligibility Number for Subject Vehicles

The importer of a vehicle admissible under any final decision must indicate on the form HS–7 accompanying entry the appropriate vehicle eligibility number indicating that the vehicle is eligible for entry. VSP–154 is the vehicle eligibility number assigned to vehicles admissible under this notice of final decision.

## Final Decision

Accordingly, on the basis of the foregoing, NHTSA hereby decides that a 1990 Mercedes-Benz 500SE is substantially similar to a 1990 Mercedes-Benz 300SE originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States and certified under 49 U.S.C. 30115, and is capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 30141 (a)(1)(A) and (b)(1); 49 CFR 593.8; delegations of authority at 49 CFR 1.50 and 501.8.

Issued on: May 14, 1996.

Marilynne Jacobs,

Director, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance.

[FR Doc. 96–12634 Filed 5–17–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–59–M

### [Docket No. 95-61; Notice 2]

Decision That Nonconforming 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL Sedan and Wagon Passenger Cars Are Eligible for Importation

**AGENCY:** National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), DOT. **ACTION:** Notice of decision by NHTSA that nonconforming 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL Sedan and Wagon passenger cars are eligible for importation.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the decision by NHTSA that 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL Sedan and Wagon passenger cars not originally manufactured to comply with all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards are eligible for importation into the United States because they are

substantially similar to vehicles originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States and certified by their manufacturer as complying with the safety standards (the U.S. certified versions of the 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL Sedan and Wagon), and they are capable of being readily altered to conform to the standards.

**DATES:** This decision is effective as of the date of its publication in the Federal Register.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George Entwistle, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance, NHTSA (202–366– 5306).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## Background

Under 49 U.S.C. 30141(a)(1)(A) (formerly section 108(c)(3)(A)(i) of the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act (the Act)), a motor vehicle that was not originally manufactured to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards shall be refused admission into the United States unless NHTSA has decided that the motor vehicle is substantially similar to a motor vehicle originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States, certified under 49 U.S.C. 30115 (formerly section 114 of the Act), and of the same model year as the model of the motor vehicle to be compared, and is capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Petitions for eligibility decisions may be submitted by either manufacturers or importers who have registered with NHTSA pursuant to 49 CFR Part 592. As specified in 49 CFR 593.7, NHTSA publishes notice in the Federal Register of each petition that it receives, and affords interested persons an opportunity to comment on the petition. At the close of the comment period, NHTSA decides, on the basis of the petition and any comments that it has received, whether the vehicle is eligible for importation. The agency then publishes this decision in the Federal Register.

J.K. Motors of Kingsville, Maryland ("J.K.") (Registered Importer R–90–006) petitioned NHTSA to decide whether 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL Sedan and Wagon passenger cars are eligible for importation into the United States. NHTSA published notice of the petition on August 10, 1995 (61 FR 40878) to afford an opportunity for public comment. The notice identified the vehicles which J.K. believes to be substantially similar as 1992 Volvo 740

GL and 940 GL sedans and wagons that were manufactured for importation into, and sale in, the United States and certified by their manufacturer as confirming to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

As noted in the notice of petition, the petitioner claimed that it had carefully compared non-U.S. certified 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL sedans and wagons to their U.S. certified counterparts, and found them to be substantially similar with respect to compliance with most applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

J.K. submitted information with its petition intended to demonstrate that non-U.S. certified 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL sedans and wagons, as originally manufactured, conform to many Federal motor vehicle safety standards in the same manner as their U.S. certified counterparts, or are capable of being readily altered to conform to those standards.

Specifically, the petitioner claimed that non-U.S. certified 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL sedans and wagons are identical to their U.S. certified counterparts with respect to compliance with Standards Nos. 102 Transmission Shift Lever Sequence \* \* \*, 103 Defrosting and Defogging Systems, 104 Windshield Wiping and Washing Systems, 105 Hydraulic Brake Systems, 106 Brake Hoses, 107 Reflecting Surfaces, 109 New Pneumatic Tires, 113 Hood Latch Systems, 116 Brake Fluid, 124 Accelerator Control Systems, 201 Occupant Protection in Interior Impact, 202 Head Restraints, 203 Impact Protection for the Driver From the Steering Control System, 204 Steering Control Rearward Displacement, 205 Glazing Materials, 206 Door Locks and Door Retention Components, 207 Seating Systems, 209 Seat Belt Assemblies, 210 Seat Belt Assembly Anchorages, 211 Wheel Nuts, Wheel Discs and Hubcaps, 212 Windshield Retention, 214 Side Impact Protection, 216 Roof Crush Resistance, 219 Windshield Zone Intrusion, 301 System Integrity, and 302

Flammability of Interior Materials.
Additionally, the petitioner stated that non-U.S. certified 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL sedans and wagons comply with the Bumper Standard found in 49 CFR Part 581.

Petitioner also contended that these vehicles are capable of being readily altered to meet the following standards, in the manner indicated:

Standard No. 101 *Controls and Displays:* (a) Substitution of a lens marked "Brake" for a lens with an ECE symbol on the brake failure indicator

lamp; (b) recalibration of the speedometer/odometer from kilometers to miles per hour.

Standard No. 108 Lamps, Reflective Devices and Associated Equipment: (a) Installation of U.S.-model headlamps and front sidemarkers; (b) installation of U.S.-model taillamp lenses which incorporate rear sidemarkers; (c) installation of a high mounted stop lamp.

Standard No. 110 *Tire Selection and Rims:* Installation of a tire information placard.

Standard No. 111 Rearview Mirror: Replacement of the passenger side rearview mirror with a U.S.-model component.

Standard No. 114 *Theft Protection:* Installation of a warning buzzer microswitch and a warning buzzer in the steering lock assembly.

Standard No. 115 Vehicle Identification Number: Installation of a VIN plate that can be read from outside the left windshield pillar, and a VIN reference label on the edge of the door or latch post nearest the driver.

Standard No. 118 *Power Window Systems:* Installation of a relay in the power window system so that the window transport is inoperative when the ignition is switched off.

Standard No. 208 Occupant Crash Protection: (a) Installation of a seat belt warning buzzer; (b) installation of knee bolsters to augment the vehicles' air bag based passive restraint systems, which otherwise conforms to the standard. The petitioner stated that in addition to a driver's side air bag, the vehicles are equipped with side impact protection systems, with manual lap and shoulder belts in the front and rear outboard seating positions, and with a manual lap belt in the center seating positions.

One comment was received in response to the notice of petition, from Volvo Cars of North America, Inc. ("Volvo"), the United States representative of Volvo Car Corporation of Gothenburg, Sweden, the vehicle's manufacturer. In its comment, Volvo stated that in addition to the noncompliances noted in the petition, the 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL Sedan and Wagon have a parking brake reminder light and, if so equipped, an anti-lock brake system light that do not comply with Standard No. 101. Volvo additionally asserted that none of the exterior lamps on these vehicles comply with Standard No. 108, and that their left (driver's) side outside mirror does not comply with Standard No. 111. Volvo also observed that the vehicles' rear door locks do not comply with Standard No. 206 because they are capable of being opened with the inside

door handle when locked. Volvo finally disputed the petitioner's contention that the vehicles comply with the Bumper Standard at 49 CFR Part 581, and asserted that they neither have U.S. model bumpers nor have they been tested for compliance with the standard.

NHTSA accorded J.K. an opportunity to respond to Volvo's comments. In its response, J.K. stated that U.S. model components are substituted for all noncomplying dash controls and displays, so all reminder lights will meet Standard No. 101. J.K. additionally stated that all exterior lamps on the vehicles are changed so that they meet Standard No. 108 after conversion. J.K. noted that the driver's side mirror assembly on European versions of the vehicles does not meet Standard No. 111, but that the same component on Saudi and Gulf State versions do. As a consequence, J.K. stated that mirrors may have to be replaced on non-U.S. certified models on a case-by-case basis, based on the part numbers inscribed on those items. J.K. also acknowledged that the rear door locks on European versions of the vehicle will have to be changed to comply with Standard No. 206, and that the noncomplying components will be identified on a caseby-case basis by examining their part numbers. J.K. stated that the same procedure will be used to identify noncomplying bumpers on European versions of the vehicle, which it acknowledged must be reinforced or replaced with U.S. model components to meet Part 581. J.K. observed that the Saudi and Gulf States versions of the vehicle have U.S. model bumpers already installed.

NHTSA has reviewed each of the issues that Volvo has raised regarding J.K.'s petition. NHTSA believes that J.K.'s responses adequately address each of those issues. NHTSA further notes that the modifications described by J.K. have been performed with relative ease on thousands of nonconforming vehicles imported over the years, and would not preclude the non-U.S. certified 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL Sedan and Wagon from being found "capable of being readily modified to comply with all Federal motor vehicle safety standards."

NHTSA has accordingly decided to grant the petition.

Vehicle Eligibility Number for Subject Vehicles

The importer of a vehicle admissible under any final decision must indicate on the form HS-7 accompanying entry the appropriate vehicle eligibility number indicating that the vehicle is eligible for entry. VSP-137 is the

vehicle eligibility number assigned to vehicles admissible under this decision.

#### Final Determination

Accordingly, on the basis of the foregoing, NHTSA hereby decides that 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL Sedan and Wagon passenger cars not originally manufactured to comply with all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards are substantially similar to 1992 Volvo 740 GL and 940 GL Sedan and Wagon passenger cars originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States and certified under 49 U.S.C. § 30115, and are capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 30141 (a)(1)(A) and (b)(1); 49 CFR 593.8; delegations of authority at 49 CFR 1.50 and 501.8.

Issued on: May 14, 1996.

Marilynne Jacobs,

Director, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance. [FR Doc. 96–12635 Filed 5–17–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–59–M

#### [Docket No. 96-048; Notice 1]

# Notice of Receipt of Petition for Decision That Nonconforming 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero Passenger Cars Are Eligible for Importation

**AGENCY:** National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, DOT. **ACTION:** Notice of receipt of petition for decision that nonconforming 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero passenger cars are eligible for importation.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces receipt by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) of a petition for a decision that a 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero that was not originally manufactured to comply with all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards is eligible for importation into the United States because (1) it is substantially similar to a vehicle that was originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States and that was certified by its manufacturer as complying with the safety standards, and (2) it is capable of being readily altered to conform to the standards.

DATES: The closing date for comments on the petition is June 19, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Comments should refer to the docket number and notice number, and be submitted to: Docket Section, Room 5109, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, 400 Seventh St., SW, Washington, DC 20590. [Docket hours are from 9:30 am to 4 pm].

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George Entwistle, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance, NHTSA (202–366– 5306).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### Background

Under 49 U.S.C. 30141(a)(1)(A) (formerly section 108(c)(3)(A)(i)(I) of the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act (the Act)), a motor vehicle that was not originally manufactured to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards shall be refused admission into the United States unless NHTSA has decided that the motor vehicle is substantially similar to a motor vehicle originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States, certified under 49 U.S.C. 30115 (formerly section 114 of the Act), and of the same model year as the model of the motor vehicle to be compared, and is capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Petitions for eligibility decisions may be submitted by either manufacturers or importers who have registered with NHTSA pursuant to 49 CFR Part 592. As specified in 49 CFR 593.7, NHTSA publishes notice in the Federal Register of each petition that it receives, and affords interested persons an opportunity to comment on the petition. At the close of the comment period, NHTSA decides, on the basis of the petition and any comments that it has received, whether the vehicle is eligible for importation. The agency then publishes this decision in the Federal Register.

Champagne Imports, Inc. of Lansdale, Pennsylvania (Registered Importer No. R–90–009) has petitioned NHTSA to decide whether 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero passenger cars are eligible for importation into the United States. The vehicle which Champagne believes is substantially similar is the 1984 Mitsubishi Montero. Champagne has submitted information indicating that the manufacturer of the 1984 Mitsubishi Montero certified that vehicle as conforming to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards and offered it for sale in the United States.

The petitioner contends that it carefully compared the 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero to the 1984 Mitsubishi Montero, and found the two models to be substantially similar with respect to compliance with most applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Champagne submitted information with its petition intended to demonstrate that the 1984 Mitsubishi

Pajero, as originally manufactured, conforms to many Federal motor vehicle safety standards in the same manner as the 1984 Mitsubishi Montero that was offered for sale in the United States, or is capable of being readily altered to conform to those standards.

Specifically, the petitioner claims that the 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero is identical to the certified 1984 Mitsubishi Montero with respect to compliance with Standards Nos. 102 *Transmission Shift Lever Sequence* \* \* \*, 103 *Defrosting* and Defogging Systems, 104 Windshield Wiping and Washing Systems, 105 Hydraulic Brake Systems, 106 Brake Hoses, 107 Reflecting Surfaces, 113 Hood Latch Systems, 116 Brake Fluid, 119 New Pneumatic Tires for Vehicles other than Passenger Cars, 124 Accelerator Control Systems, 201 Occupant Protection in Interior Impact, 203 Impact Protection for the Driver From the Steering Control System, 204 Steering Control Rearward Displacement, 205 Glazing Materials, 206 Door Locks and Door Retention Components, 207 Seating Systems, 209 Seat Belt Assemblies, 210 Seat Belt Assembly Anchorages, 211 Wheel Nuts, Wheel Discs and Hubcaps, 212 Windshield Retention, 219 Windshield Zone Intrusion, and 302 Flammability of Interior Materials.

Petitioner also contends that the vehicle is capable of being readily altered to meet the following standards, in the manner indicated:

Standard No. 101 Controls and Displays: (a) Substitution of a lens marked "Brake" for a lens with a noncomplying symbol on the brake failure indicator lamp; (b) installation of a seat belt warning lamp that displays the appropriate symbol; (c) recalibration of the speedometer/odometer from kilometers to miles per hour.

Standard No. 108 Lamps, Reflective Devices and Associated Equipment: (a) Installation of U.S.-model headlamp assemblies which incorporate headlamps with DOT markings; (b) installation of front and rear sidemarker/reflector assemblies; (c) installation of U.S.-model taillamp assemblies.

Standard No. 111 Rearview Mirrors: Replacement of the convex passenger side rear view mirror.

Standard No. 114 *Theft Protection:* Installation of a buzzer microswitch in the steering lock assembly, and a warning buzzer.

Standard No. 115 *Vehicle Identification Number:* Installation of a VIN plate that can be read from outside the left windshield pillar, and a VIN