DATES: Comments must be received by September 20, 1996 for consideration.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the proposed Amended PA are available through the Western Colorado Area Office—
Southern Division, P.O. Box 640, Durango, CO 81302. They are also available through the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation—Western Office of Project Review, 730 Simms Street #401, Golden, CO 80401.
Comments should be addressed to Area Archaeologist, Bureau of Reclamation, Western Colorado Area Office—
Southern Division.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Contact either Warren Hurley at (970) 385–6548 at the Bureau of Reclamation or Alan Stanfill at the Advisory Council for Historic Preservation (303) 231–5320

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In 1989 Reclamation, in consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation and the New Mexico and Colorado State Historic Preservation Officers, made a determination of adverse effect regarding the impacts of the Animas-La Plata Project (Project) on cultural resources in the proposed Project area. A PA was executed in 1991 in order to resolve the adverse effects. The PA furnishes guidelines that were to be complied with by Reclamation throughout the course of the Project. Amendments to the NHPA in 1992 have prompted a re-initiation of consultation under NHPA in order to develop an Amended PA. The original PA remains in effect until execution of the Amended PA. Reclamation's intention is to take the necessary steps to execute the Amended PA shortly after the 45 day comment period.

Dated: August 1, 1991. Charles A. Calhoun, Regional Director. [FR Doc. 96–20142 Filed 8–6–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–94–M

National Park Service

General Management Plan; Lava Beds National Monument; Notice of Availability of Final Environmental Impact Statement

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Section 102 (2) (C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (P.L. 91–190 as amended), the National Park Service, Department of the Interior, has prepared a final environmental impact statement (FEIS) assessing the potential impacts of the proposed General Management Plan for Lava Beds National Monument, Modoc and Siskiyou Counties,

California. Once approved, the plan will guide the management of the monument over the next 15 years.

The General Management Plan presents a proposal and three alternatives for the management, use, and development of Lava Beds National Monument. The proposed plan provides for staffing, facilities, and boundary changes to provide for long-term resource protection, and facilities and programs sufficient to provide for essential visitor services. Physical features of the plan include boundary additions at Petroglyph Point, improvements at that area to reduce damage to the petroglyphs from wind erosion and vandalism, a small-scale research facility to facilitate the recruitment of volunteers for costeffective research and resourcemanagement projects, additional visitor orientation displays at all entrances to the monument, improvements at the existing visitor center, and minor increases in administrative support facilities.

Alternative A: No Action, would continue the current situation at Lava Beds. Lands at Petroglyph Point would not be acquired, resources would not be adequately protected, and no additional steps would be taken to accommodate visitor interest and use. Resource quality and visitor use experience quality would decline.

Alternative B: Minimum
Requirements, would be similar to the proposed action but would also include a visitor contact station in the north end of the monument, a road relocation in the Petroglyph Point section, and paving of the Medicine Lake Road. Staffing levels would be somewhat higher than the proposed plan.

Alternative C: Enhanced Visitor Experience, would be similar to Alternative B in terms of resource management and protection, but would provide a broader range of visitor service. Increased interpretive and law enforcement staffing would allow a wider range of interpretive programs and faster response to emergency situations. A visitor center at the north end of the monument and a new and larger visitor facility at the Indian Well area would increase the range of exhibits and visitor services. Additional administrative facilities would be needed to support the greater staffing.

The environmental consequences of the proposed action and the alternatives are fully documented, and mitigation provided as appropriate to minimize impacts. No significant impacts are anticipated as a result of implementing the proposed action. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Written comments on the general management plan and FEIS should be directed to the Superintendent, Lava Beds National Monument, P.O. Box 867, Tulelake, California 96134. Comments on the plan must be received no later than 30 days after the publication of a notice of availability by the Environmental Protection Agency in the Federal Register.

Inquiries on the general management plan and FEIS and requests for copies of the plan should be directed to Lava Beds National Monument, address as above, or by telephone at (916) 667–2282. Copies of the plan will be available for public inspection at the monument and at area libraries.

Dated; July 24, 1996.
Patricia L. Neubacher,
Acting Field Director, Pacific West Area.
[FR Doc. 96–20033 Filed 8–6–96; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–70–P

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects From the Havasupai Reservation, AZ in the Possession of the Museum of Peoples and Cultures, Brigham Young University, Provo, UT

AGENCY: National Park Service **ACTION:** Notice

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003 (d), of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects in the possession of the Museum of Peoples and Cultures, Brigham Young University, Provo, UT.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Museum of Peoples and Cultures professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Havasupai Tribe.

Around 1960, human remains representing one individual were removed from an unknown location within the Havasupai Reservation, AZ. No known individual was identified. The two associated funerary objects include a stone chopper and a rabbit skin and cordage robe. In 1968, this individual and associated funerary objects were donated to the Museum of Peoples and Cultures by Paul Cheesman.

Based on the assessment of the burial and manufacture of the associated funerary objects, this burial has been dated to 600–1000 AD. Archeological evidence from this area of the Grand Canyon indicates it was occupied by

Cohonina peoples during this time. Further, continuities of cultural items, food production techniques, and manner of internments all indicate the affiliation of the present-day Havasupai with the culture known archeologically as Cohonina. Oral traditions presented by representatives of the Havasupai Tribe indicate they have continuously occupied this area since the Great Flood.

Based on the above mentioned information, Museum of Peoples and Cultures officials have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of one individual of Native American ancestry. Museum of Peoples and Cultures officials have also determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (3)(A), the two objects listed above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony. Lastly, Museum of Peoples and Cultures officials have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (2), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Havasupai Tribe.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Havasupai Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Kaibab Band of Paiute Indians, the San Juan Southern Paiute Tribe, the Pueblo of Acoma, the Pueblo of Cochiti, the Pueblo of Isleta, the Pueblo of Jemez, and Pueblo of Laguna, the Pueblo of Sandia, the Pueblo of San Felipe, the Pueblo of Santa Ana, the Pueblo of Santo Domingo, the Pueblo of Zia, and the Pueblo of Zuni. This notice has also been sent to the Eight Northern Indian Pueblo Council (ENIPC), a non-federally recognized Native American group. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact Dr. Marti Allen, Acting Director, Museum of Peoples and Cultures, Brigham Young University, 105 Allen Hall, Provo, UT 84602-3600; telephone: (801) 378-5435, before September 6, 1995. Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Havasupai Tribe may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: August 1, 1996. Francis P. McManamon, Departmental Consulting Archeologist, Chief, Archeology and Ethnography Program. [FR Doc. 96–20069 Filed 8–6–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–70–F

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-386]

Certain Global Positioning System, Coarse Acquisition Code Receivers and Products Containing Same; Notice of Commission Determination Not To Review an Initial Determination Amending the Complaint and the Commission's Notice of Investigation To Add Harris Canada, Inc., as an Additional Respondent

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has determined not to review an initial determination (ID) issued by the presiding administrative law judge (ALJ) in the above-captioned investigation. The ALJ granted the motion of complainant Trimble Navigation, Ltd. (Trimble) to add Harris Canada, Inc. (Harris) as a respondent to the investigation.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the nonconfidential ID and all other nonconfidential documents filed in connection with this investigation are available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205–2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jean Jackson, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, telephone 202–205-3104. Hearing-impaired individuals are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202–205–1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On March 28, 1996, the Commission instituted an investigation based on a complaint filed by Trimble alleging violations of section 337 in the importation and sale of certain global positioning system receivers by reason of infringement of claims 1 and 7 of U.S. Letters Patent 4,754,465. 61 FR 13876. NovAtel Communications Ltd. (NovAtel), of Canada was the only respondent named in the Commission's notice.

On May 8, 1996, Trimble filed a motion to amend the complaint and the notice of investigation to add Harris as a respondent to the investigation, alleging that it had only recently learned that Harris manufactured the GPS receivers sold by Trimble. On May 20, 1996, NovAtel filed an opposition to

Trimble's motion. On the same date, the Commission investigative attorney filed a response in support of Trimble's motion. Harris opposed Trimble's motion on May 31, 1996. On June 6, 1996. Trimble filed for leave to file a reply to Harris' opposition and on June 17, 1996, Harris filed a sur-reply to complainant's motion. The ALJ considered both the reply and the surreply filings. On July 3, 1996, the ALJ issued the subject ID which granted Trimble's motion to amend its complaint and the Commission's notice of investigation to include Harris Canada, Inc. as a respondent to the investigation. No petitions for review of the ID were filed.

This action is taken under the authority of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1337) and section 210.42(h) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 C.F.R. 210.42(h)).

Issued: July 25, 1996.

By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96–20127 Filed 8–6–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

[Inv. No. 337-TA-390]

Certain Transport Vehicle Tires; Notice of Investigation

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Institution of investigation pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 1337.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that a complaint was filed with the U.S. International Trade Commission on July 1, 1996, under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337, on behalf of Michelin North America, Inc., 1 Parkway South, Greenville, SC 29615-5022. Supplementary letters enclosing corrected exhibits were filed on July 2 and 3, 1996. The complaint, as supplemented, alleges violations of section 337 in the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and the sale within the United States after importation of certain transport vehicle tires that infringe claims 1–6 of United States Letters Patent 4,480,671.

The complainant requests that the Commission institute an investigation and, after a hearing, issue a permanent exclusion order and permanent cease and desist orders.

ADDRESSES: The complaint, except for any confidential information contained therein, is available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m.