Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 29 day of December 1995.

Bill M. Morris,

Director, Division of Regulatory Applications, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research. [FR Doc. 96–211 Filed 1–5–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7590–01–M

[No. IA 95-058]

Five Star Products, Inc. and Construction Products Research Fairfield, Connecticut and H. Nash Babcock; Stipulation Between Nuclear Regulatory Commission and Five Star Products, Inc., Construction Products Research, Inc., and H. Nash Babcock

Representatives of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission ("NRC") and Five Star Products, Inc., Construction Products Research, Inc. ("the Companies"), and H. Nash Babcock have met and have decided to resolve this matter as addressed in this Stipulation as set out below.

Stipulation

The NRC, the Companies, and H. Nash Babcock stipulate to the following:

1. The Companies and H. Nash Babcock are free to sell commercialgrade products to anyone in the nuclear industry, as they now do. "Commercial-grade" is defined as in 10 CFR Part 21 of the Commission's regulations. Five Star Products' commercial-grade materials may be used in any safetyrelated applications provided that NRC licensees properly dedicate the materials for use as basic components and verify their suitability for the applications. As of the date of the settlement, NRC has not evaluated the quality of Five Star Products' materials, nor has the NRC received reports that Five Star Products' materials contain defects.

2. The NRC hereby relaxes and modifies paragraph 1 and 2 of Section VI of the Order as follows:

"1. Until the Companies or H. Nash Babcock or any concern which is owned, controlled, operated or managed by H. Nash Babcock, satisfy the provisions of paragraph 2 below, they are prohibited from:

A. providing or supplying structures, systems, or components, including grout and concrete, subject to a procurement contract specifying compliance with 10 C.F.R. Part 50 Appendix B; and

B. providing or supplying basic components, including grout and concrete, subject to a procurement contract specifying that the contract is subject to the requirements of 10 CFR Part 21; 2.A. If the Companies, or any concern owned, controlled, operated or managed by H. Nash Babcock, desire to lift the prohibitions specified in paragraph 1.A and 1.B, above, then the Companies, H. Nash Babcock, or the concern owned, controlled, operated, or managed by H. Nash Babcock, shall, at least 90 days prior to the date it desires to have the prohibition lifted:

(1) Advise the NRC of that intent in writing;

(2) Deleted.

(3) Agree in writing, under oath or affirmation, and in fact, to permit the NRC, NRC licensees, and contractors performing QA functions for such licensees, to inspect the records, premises, basic components and activities of the Companies or of any concern owned, controlled, operated or managed by H. Nash Babcock that desires to provide safety-related products or basic components, or to perform tests to support claims that those products or components and those testing services meet the standards of 10 CFR Part 50 Appendix B and 10 CFR Part 21, and to signify in writing a willingness to do so in the future;

(4) Agree in writing under oath or affirmation to demonstrate and in fact to demonstrate that those basic components and services associated with basic components meet the standards of 10 CFR Part 50 Appendix B by having tests performed by a mutually acceptable third party and having that third party provide copies of the results of those tests directly to the NRC; and

(5) The officers, managers, and supervisors of the Companies provide statements that they understand that the activities and records of the organization are subject to NRC inspection and that communications with the NRC must be complete and accurate;

B. When all conditions of paragraph 2.A above have been satisfied, and the NRC has conducted inspections of the QA program and Part 21 program of the Companies or of any concern owned, controlled, operated, or managed by H. Nash Babcock, and any necessary corrective action has been completed, the prohibitions of paragraphs 1.A and 1.B, above, will be lifted in writing."

3. Except for the enforcement action reflected in the above-relaxed Order and this Stipulation, the NRC will neither impose, nor seek to impose, any sanction (other than as set forth in the relaxed Order and Stipulation) on the Companies or their officers and employees or H. Nash Babcock for the alleged violations described in the NRC Order issued on December 1, 1995. 4. All matters involving the termination of employment of Mr. Edward P. Hollub are not covered by, or affected by, this Stipulation, the Stipulation is without prejudice to the parties' positions with respect to the Commission's jurisdiction or lack thereof over employment matters, and the NRC, the Companies, any other related company, and H. Nash Babcock retain all rights in any such case, matter, proceeding, or litigation now pending or which may hereinafter be instituted.

5. In light of this Stipulation, the Companies and H. Nash Babcock agree not to request a hearing on the matters addressed in the Order issued on December 1, 1995 and relaxed as described herein, despite their vigorous disagreement with some of the allegations contained in the December 1, 1995 Order.

6. The NRC, the Companies, and H. Nash Babcock agree that the allegations in the Order have not been made subject to an evidentiary hearing, and that this Stipulation will obviate the necessity for such a hearing, and they therefore agree that those allegations shall not estop any party from taking a different position on such matters in any other case, litigation, matter, or proceeding.

7. The Order as relaxed herein shall be effective upon execution of this Stipulation. This Stipulation shall be published in the Federal Register.

8. The persons signing below certify by their signatures that they have authority to sign this Stipulation for the entities appearing below their names.

Dated: December 28, 1995.

For the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

James Lieberman,

Director, Office of Enforcement, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Washington, DC 20555-0001

(301) 415-2741

Michael F. McBride,

LeBoeuf, Lamb, Greene & MacRae, L.L.P.

1875 Connecticut Avenue, NW.,

Suite 1200

Washington, DC 20009-5728

(202) 986-8000

Attorney for Five Star Products, Inc., Construction Products Research, Inc., and H. Nash Babcock.

[FR Doc. 96-212 Filed 1-5-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-M

[Docket No. 50-284]

Idaho State University; Notice of Consideration of Application for Renewal of Facility License

The United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) is considering renewal of Facility License No. R–110, issued to the Idaho State University (ISU) for operation of the Idaho State University AGN–201 reactor located on the ISU campus in the city of Pocatello, Idaho.

The renewal would extend the expiration date of Facility License No. R–110 for twenty years from date of issuance, in accordance with the licensee's timely application for renewal dated November 21, 1995.

Prior to a decision to renew the license, the Commission will have made findings required by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's regulations.

Within thirty days of publication of this notice, the licensee may file a request for a hearing with respect to renewal of the subject facility license and any person whose interest may be affected by this proceeding and who wishes to participate as a party in the proceeding must file a written request for a hearing and a petition for leave to intervene. Requests for a hearing and a petition for leave to intervene shall be filed in accordance with the Commission's "Rules of Practice for Domestic Licensing Proceedings" in 10 CFR Part 2. Interested persons should consult a current copy of 10 CFR 2.714 which is available at the Commission's Public Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, NW, Washington, DC 20037. If a request for a hearing or petition for leave to intervene is filed within the time prescribed above, the Commission or an Atomic Safety and Licensing Board, designated by the Commission or by the Chairman of the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel, will rule on the request and/or petition and the Secretary or the designated Atomic Safety and Licensing Board will issue a notice of hearing or an appropriate order.

As required by 10 CFR 2.714, a petition for leave to intervene shall set forth with particularity the interest of the petitioner in the proceeding, and how that interest may be affected by the results of the proceeding. The petition should specifically explain the reasons why intervention should be permitted with particular reference to the following factors: (1) the nature of the petitioner's right under the Act to be made a party to the proceeding; (2) the

nature and extent of the petitioner's property, financial, or other interest in the proceeding; and (3) the possible effect of any order which may be entered in the proceeding on the petitioner's interest. The petition should also identify the specific aspect(s) of the subject matter of the proceeding as to which petitioner wishes to intervene. Any person who has filed a petition for leave to intervene or who has been admitted as a party may amend the petition without requesting leave of the Board up to fifteen (15) days prior to the first prehearing conference scheduled in the proceeding, but such an amended petition must satisfy the specificity requirements described above.

Not later than fifteen (15) days prior to the first prehearing conference scheduled in the proceeding, a petitioner shall file a supplement to the petition to intervene which must include a list of the contentions which are sought to be litigated in the matter. Each contention must consist of a specific statement of the issue of law or fact to be raised or controverted. In addition, the petitioner shall provide a brief explanation of the bases of the contention and a concise statement of the alleged facts or expert opinion which support the contention and on which the petitioner intends to rely in proving the contention at the hearing. The petitioner must also provide references to those specific sources and documents of which the petitioner is aware and on which the petitioner intends to rely to establish those facts or expert opinion and the petitioner must provide sufficient information to show that a genuine dispute exists with the applicant on a material issue of law or fact. Contentions shall be limited to matters within the scope of the amendment under consideration. The contention must be one which, if proven, would entitle the petitioner to relief. A petitioner who fails to file such a supplement which satisfies these requirements with respect to at least one contention will not be permitted to participate as a party.

Those permitted to intervene become parties to the proceeding, subject to any limitations in the order granting leave to intervene, and have the opportunity to participate fully in the conduct of the hearing, including the opportunity to present evidence and cross-examine witnesses.

A request for a hearing or a petition for leave to intervene must be filed with Secretary of the Commission, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555, Attention: Docketing and Service Branch, or may be delivered to the Commission's Public

Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, NW, Washington, DC within the time prescribed above. Where petitions are filed during the last ten (10) days of the notice period, it is requested that the petitioner promptly so inform the Commission by a toll-free telephone call to Western Union at 1-(800) 325-6000 (in Missouri 1-(800) 342–6700). The Western Union operator should be given Datagram Identification Number 3737 and the following message addressed to Seymour H. Weiss: petitioner's name and telephone number; date petition was mailed; Idaho State University; and publication date and page number of this Federal Register notice. A copy of the petition should also be sent to the Office of the General Counsel, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, and to Mr. J. Kelley Wiltbank, General Counsel, Idaho State University, P.O. Box 8410, Pocatello, Idaho 83209, attorney for the licensee.

Nontimely filings of petitions for leave to intervene, amended petitions, supplemental petitions and/or requests for hearing will not be entertained absent a determination by the Commission, the presiding officer or the presiding Atomic Safety and Licensing Board that the petition and/or request should be granted based upon a balancing of factors specified in 10 CFR 2.714(a)(1)(i)-(v) and 2.714(d).

For further details with respect to this action, see the application for renewal dated November 21, 1995, which is available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room at 2120 L Street, NW, Washington, DC 20555.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 28th day of December 1995.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Seymour H. Weiss,

Director, Non-Power Reactors and Decommissioning Project Directorate, Division of Reactor Program Management, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation. [FR Doc. 96–208 Filed 1–5–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7590–01–P

[Docket Number 40-0299]

Amendment to Change a Reclamation Milestone Date in Source Material License SUA–648 Held by Umetco Minerals Corporation

AGENCY: U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Amendment of Source Material License SUA–648 to change a reclamation milestone date.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory