implementation of certain of their provisions.

Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

October 28, 1996.

Commissioner of Customs,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: Pursuant to section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854), the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing (ATC); and in accordance with the provisions of Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended, you are directed to prohibit, effective on January 1, 1997, entry into the United States for consumption and withdrawal from warehouse for consumption of cotton, wool, man-made fiber, silk blend and other vegetable fiber textiles and textile products in the following categories, produced or manufactured in Mauritius and exported during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 1997 and extending through December 31, 1997, in excess of the following levels of restraint:

Category	Twelve-month restraint limit
Knit Group 345, 438, 445, 446, 645 and 646, as a group.	165,952 dozen.
Levels not in a group 237	214,005 dozen. 85,068 dozen. 100,105 dozen. 400,759 dozen. 652,206 dozen of which not more than 397,014 dozen shall be in Categories 340–Y/640–Y1.
341/641	451,798 dozen. 843,579 dozen. 198,399 dozen. 1,682,422 dozen of which not more than 1,430,061 dozen shall be in Category
442 604–A <sup>2</sup> 638/639 647/648/847	11,800 dozen. 378,379 kilograms. 460,874 dozen. 621,460 dozen.

<sup>1</sup>Category 340–Y: only HTS numbers 6205.20.2015, 6205.20.2020, 6205.20.2046, 6205.20.2050 and 6205.20.2060; Category 640–Y: only HTS numbers 6205.30.2010, 6205.30.2020, 6205.30.2050 and 6205.30.2060.

<sup>2</sup>Category 604–A: only HTS number 5509.32.0000.

Imports charged to these category limits for the period January 1, 1996 through December 31, 1996 shall be charged against those levels of restraint to the extent of any unfilled balances. In the event the limits established for that period have been exhausted by previous entries, such goods shall be subject to the levels set forth in this directive.

The limits set forth above are subject to adjustment in the future pursuant to the provisions of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act, the ATC and any administrative arrangements notified to the Textiles Monitoring Body.

In carrying out the above directions, the Commissioner of Customs should construe entry into the United States for consumption to include entry for consumption into the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception of the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,

Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

[FR Doc. 96-28043 Filed 10-31-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-DR-F

#### Announcement of Import Restraint Limits for Certain Cotton, Wool and Man-Made Fiber Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Singapore

October 28, 1996.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs establishing limits.

### **EFFECTIVE DATE:** January 1, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Janet Heinzen, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482–4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port or call (202) 927–6716. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, call (202) 482–3715.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Uruguay Round Agreements Act.

The import restraint limits for textile products, produced or manufactured in Singapore and exported during the period January 1, 1997 through December 31, 1997 are based on limits notified to the Textiles Monitoring Body pursuant to the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing (ATC).

In the letter published below, the Chairman of CITA directs the

Commissioner of Customs to establish the 1997 limits.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see Federal Register notice 60 FR 65299, published on December 19, 1995). Information regarding the 1997 CORRELATION will be published in the Federal Register at a later date.

The letter to the Commissioner of Customs and the actions taken pursuant to it are not designed to implement all of the provisions of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the ATC, but are designed to assist only in the implementation of certain of their provisions.

Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

October 28, 1996.

Commissioner of Customs,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: Pursuant to section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854), the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing (ATC); and in accordance with the provisions of Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended, you are directed to prohibit, effective on January 1, 1997, entry into the United States for consumption and withdrawal from warehouse for consumption of cotton, wool and man-made fiber textile products in the following categories, produced or manufactured in Singapore and exported during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 1997 and extending through December 31, 1997, in excess of the following levels of restraint:

Category	Twelve-month restraint limit
222	463,457 kilograms. 264,858 dozen. 521,911 kilograms. 470,414 dozen pairs. 71,794 dozen. 215,960 dozen. 1,292,577 dozen of which not more than 755,394 dozen shall be in Category 338 and not more than 839,904 dozen shall be in Category 339.
340	904,613 dozen.
341	227,466 dozen.
342	139,978 dozen.

Category	Twelve-month restraint limit
347/348	1,010,647 dozen of which not more than 631,654 dozen shall be in Category 347 and not more than 491,287 dozen shall be in Category 348.
435	6,813 dozen.
604	904,109 kilograms.
631	524,920 dozen pairs.
634	274,100 dozen.
635	280,497 dozen
638	1,006,724 dozen.
639	3,454,120 dozen.
640	192,855 dozen.
641	314,567 dozen.
642	304,753 dozen.
645/646	154,405 dozen.
647	594,397 dozen.
648	1,529,794 dozen.

Imports charged to these category limits for the period January 1, 1996 through December 31, 1996 shall be charged against those levels of restraint to the extent of any unfilled balances. In the event the limits established for that period have been exhausted by previous entries, such goods shall be subject to the levels set forth in this directive.

The limits set forth above are subject to adjustment in the future pursuant to the provisions of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act, the ATC and any administrative arrangements notified to the Textiles Monitoring Body.

In carrying out the above directions, the Commissioner of Customs should construe entry into the United States for consumption to include entry for consumption into the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception of the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,

Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

[FR Doc. 96–28042 Filed 10–31–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DR-F

# CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

#### **Sunshine Act Meeting**

TIME AND DATE: 10:00 a.m., Thursday, November 7, 1996.

LOCATION: Room 410, East West Towers, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, Maryland.

STATUS: Closed to the Public.

## MATTER TO BE CONSIDERED:

Compliance Status Report

The staff will brief the Commission on the status of various compliance matters.

For a record message containing the latest agenda information, call (301) 504–0709.

**CONTACT PERSON FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:** Sadye E. Dunn, Office of the Secretary, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, MD 20207, (301) 504–0800.

Dated: October 30, 1996.

Sadye E. Dunn,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96–28287 Filed 10–30–96; 2:12 pm] BILLING CODE 6355–01–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE**

#### Department of the Army

#### Corps of Engineers

Intent To Prepare a Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Dallas Floodway Extension, Flood Control Project, Dallas County, Dallas, Texas

**AGENCY:** U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, DOD.

**ACTION:** Notice of Intent.

SUMMARY: The Fort Worth District is preparing an EIS for the Proposed Dallas Floodway Extension Flood Control Project, Dallas County, Dallas, Texas. The tentatively selected plan of improvement consists of a combination chain-of-wetlands and floodway levees which would provide up to Standard Project Flood level of protection for some study reaches.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Gene T. Rice, Jr., CESWF–PL–M, U.S. Army Engineer District, Fort Worth, P.O. Box 17300 Fort Worth, Texas 76102–0300, phone (817) 978–2187.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** A Notice of Intent (NOI) for a Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) was previously published in the Volume 56, Number 94 of the Federal Register, May 15, 1991. This NOI supersedes the previously published notice.

Federal Authority for construction of water resource development features described in the Comprehensive Survey Report on Trinity River and Tributaries, Texas (reprinted as House Document 276/89/1) is contained in Section 301 of the Rivers and Harbors Act approved October 27, 1965 (Public Law 89-298). The authority granted by the resolution is commonly known as the Trinity River and Tributaries Basin-wide Study Authority. All studies conducted under this authority serve as an interim response to the basin-wide authority, and do not close out the granted authority.

The Dallas Floodway Extension is one of five local flood damage reduction projects authorized for construction in 1965 as part of a basin-wide plan of improvement for the Trinity River and Tributaries in Texas. The proposed plan would consist of constructing a chainof-wetlands beginning just upstream of Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd. and extending approximately 4.5 miles in length, downstream adjacent to the Trinity River. Currently, the planned widths of areas affected by wetland construction would be approximately 300 ft. in the upstream section and 500 ft. in the downstream section. Plans potentially include 1.5 miles of levee along Lamar Street, and 1.5 miles of levee in the Cadillac Heights Section of Dallas, Texas.

#### 1. Proposed Action

The tentatively selected plan of improvement consists of a combination chain-of-wetlands and floodway levees which would provide up to Standard Project Flood level of protection and some study reaches.

#### 2. Alternatives

Alternatives to the project which have been considered include the authorized plan in House Document 279 and numerous structural and non-structural measures, in addition to the "No Action" alternative.

- 3. The Corps' scoping process and public involvement for the EIS under consideration is described as follows:
- a. The public involvement program for this study will consist of at least one public information meeting to be scheduled at a later date. The public information meeting would be scheduled at the conclusion of the study to present the study results to local interest. Additional public workshops would be scheduled as necessary.
- b. Some of the significant issues that will be analyzed in depth include: (1) Impacts of flooding and construction on biological resources (bottomland hardwoods, wetlands, etc.), water quality, and socio-economic factors: (2) Potential effects of this project on State Parks: and, (3) Mitigation and environmental restoration opportunities.
- c. No other Federal agencies have been invited to participate in the development of the EIS at this time.
- d. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service will furnish information on endangered and threatened species in accordance with the Endangered Species Act. The State Historic Preservation Officer and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation will be consulted for