6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. § 4301 et seq. ("the Act"), The Asymetrical Digital Subscriber Line Forum ("ADSL") has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing changes in its membership. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, the following companies have joined ADSL: 3Com, San Diego, CA; AG Communication Systems, Phoenix, AZ; Amati Communications, San Jose, CA; Ariel Corporation, Cranberry, NJ; AT&T Laboratories, Holmedel, NJ; BellSouth, Atlanta, GA; Cascade Communications, Westford, MA; Cisco Systems, San Jose, CA; DTI, London, UNITED KINGDOM; ECI Telecom, Inc., Altamonte Springs, FL; France Telecom, Lannion, FRANCE; Global Village Communications, Sunnyvale, CA; GlobeSpan Technologies, Largo, FL; and Vertel, El Segundo, CA.

ADC Fibermux has changed its name to ADC Telecommunications; AT&T Paradyne has changed its name to Paradyne; and Ericsson Schrack has changed its name to Ericsson Austria.

GTE Labs and Racal-Datacom have cancelled their membership in ADSL.

No other changes have been made in the membership, nature or objectives of ADSL. Membership remains open, and ADSL intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On May 15, 1995, ADSL filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on July 25, 1995 (60 FR 38058).

Constance K. Robinson,

Director of Operations, Antitrust Division. [FR Doc. 97–8458 Filed 4–2–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–11–M

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993; Hart Communication Foundation

Notice is hereby given that, on December 18, 1996, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. § 4301 *et seq.* ("the Act"), Hart Communication Foundation ("HCF") has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing changes in

membership. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, the identities of the new members are: Analog Devices, Limerick, IRELAND; Bopp & Reuther Messtechnik GmbH, Mannheim, GERMANY; Brooks Instrument, Hatfield, PA; Harold Beck & Sons, Inc., Newtown, PA; Hersey Measurement Company, Spartanburg, SC; Institute of Automatic Control and Robotics, Warszawa, POLAND; Kamstrup A/S, Aabyhoj, DENMARK; Knick Electronische MeBgerate GmbH &, Berlin, GERMANY; MMG Automatika Muvek Rt, Budapest, HUNGARY; Ohmart Corporation, Cincinnati, OH; Pondus Instruments AB, Vallingby SWEDEN; PR electronics A/S, Ronde, DENMARK: Rittmeyer Ltd. Measuring Control, Zug, SWITZERLAND; Ronan I/ O, Woodland Hills, CA; SMC Corporation, Tsukuba-gun, Ibaraki-ken, JAPAN: Toshiba Corporation, Mintto-Ku, Tokyo, JAPAN; and Valtek International, Springville, UT.

No other changes have been made in the membership, nature and objectives of the consortium. Membership in HCF remains open, and HCF intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On March 17, 1994, HCF filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on May 5, 1994 (59 FR 23234). The last notification was filed with the Department on September 28, 1995. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on February 13, 1996 (61 FR 5569). **Constance K. Robinson.**

Director of Operations, Antitrust Division. [FR Doc. 97–8455 Filed 4–2–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–11–M

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993; International Pharmaceutical Aerosol Consortium for Toxicology Testing of HFA–227 (IPACT–II)

Notice is hereby given that, on March 6, 1997, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. § 4301 *et seq.* ("the Act"), the International Pharmaceutical Aerosol Consortium for Toxicology Testing of HFA–227 ("IPACT–II") has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing a change in the name of one of its members. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, as the result of a merger, Ciba-Geigy Limited, Basel, Switzerland, an original party to IPACT–II, is now known as Novartis Pharma, Inc., Basel, Switzerland.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of IPACT–II. Membership in this group research project remains open, and IPACT–II intends to file additional written notification disclosing all changes in membership.

On February 21, 1991, IPACT–II filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on April 2, 1991 (56 FR 13489).

The last notification was filed with the Department on April 15, 1996. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** on May 14, 1996 (61 FR 24331).

Constance K. Robinson,

Director of Operations, Antitrust Division. [FR Doc. 97–8453 Filed 4–2–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–11–M

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993; International Pharmaceutical Aerosol Consortium for Toxicology Testing of HFA–134a (IPACT–I)

Notice is hereby given that, on March 6, 1997, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. §4301 et seq. ("the Act"), the International Pharmaceutical Aerosol Consortium for Toxicology Testing of HFA-134a ("IPACT-I") has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing a change in the name of one of its members. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, as a result of a merger, Ciba-Geigy Limited, Basel, Switzerland, is now known as Novartis Pharma, Inc., Basel, Switzerland.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of IPACT–I. Membership in this group research project remains open, and IPACT–I intends to file additional written notification disclosing all changes in membership.

On August 7, 1990, IPACT–I filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** puruant to Section 6(b) of the Act on September 6, 1990 (55 FR 36710).

The last notification was filed with the Department on April 15, 1996. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** on April 29, 1996 (61 FR 18755).

Constance K. Robinson,

Director of Operations, Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. 97–8454 Filed 4–2–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–11–M

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[Notice 97-038]

Notice of Prospect Patent License

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

ACTION: Notice of prospective patent license.

SUMMARY: NASA hereby gives notice that Foerster Instruments, Inc., of Pittsburgh, PA 15275, has applied for a partially exclusive patent license to practice the invention described and claimed in NASA Case No. LAR-15231-1, entitled "Flux-Focusing Eddy Current Probe and Rotating Probe Method for Flaw Detection," which is assigned to the United States of America as represented by the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Written objections to the prospective grant of a license should be sent to NASA Langley Research Center.

DATE: Responses to this notice must be received by June 2, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Robin W. Edwards, Patent Attorney, NASA Langley Research Center, Mail Stop 212, Hampton, VA 23681–0001, telephone (757) 864–9190.

Dated: March 27, 1997. **Edward A. Frankle,** *General Counsel.* [FR Doc. 97–8541 Filed 4–2–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7510–01–M

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. 030–13027, 030–21073, 030– 22274; License Nos. 12–00722–06, 12– 00722–13, 12–00722–14 and EA 97–059]

Department of the Army, U.S. Army Armament and Chemical Acquisition and Logistics Activity Rock Island, IL; Confirmatory Order Modifying License (Effective Immediately)

Ι

Department of the Army (also known as TACOM-ACALA, Army, and Licensee) is the holder of NRC License Nos. 12-00722-06, 12-00722-13, and 12-00722-14 issued by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC or Commission) pursuant to 10 CFR Part 30. The licenses authorize possession of up to 1.5 million curies (55.5 PBg) of tritium, 25 curies (0.93 TBq) of americium-241, and 1000 curies (37 TBg) of nickel-63 for use in selfluminous fire control devices, in chemical agent detectors, and in chemical agent monitors. The licenses authorize use and storage of these devices at Army, Marine, and Navy installations throughout the United States. The licenses were initially issued on June 23, 1977, May 23, 1984, and May 3, 1985, respectively, and each is currently due for renewal or in the renewal process.

Π

The licenses identified in this Order were inspected by the NRC on several occasions between June 1992 and March 1997. Most of the inspections were conducted as a result of reported events and, therefore, the inspections were limited in scope and direction. As a result of the NRC inspections conducted between June 1992 and August 1995, 22 violations were identified and two civil penalties totaling \$32,500 were proposed and paid.

This Order is being issued because of significant deficiencies in the Licensee's ability to manage its licensed activities, to ensure compliance with NRC requirements, and to promptly correct problems identified through its own internal audits. Based upon results of the December 9, 1996, through March 6, 1997, NRC inspection, NRC has concluded that continued programmatic defects exist, such as extensive loss of control of licensed material and poor communication between the Rock Island radiation protection officer (RPO) and other Department of Defense installations. By its own selfassessment, which was conducted in December 1995, the Licensee identified

a major program weakness in that many of the RPOs responsible for licensed activities are unfamiliar with the license conditions. As of February 1997, this weakness had not been corrected. Furthermore, based upon the NRC inspection findings, the Rock Island radiation safety officer did not provide adequate oversight of licensed activities, including ensuring that corrective actions for identified deficiencies either at Rock Island or at the other installations were fully implemented. Therefore, information is needed to determine how TACOM-ACALA, based on its placement in the overall Army organizational structure, intends to control licensed activities being performed at other Licensee installations and at other Department of Defense installations.

The purpose of this Order is to confirm commitments made by the Licensee as described in Section IV.

III

By letter dated February 14, 1997, the NRC described to the Licensee the NRC's understanding of the commitments the Licensee plans to implement. The Licensee subsequently consented to the issuance of this Order in accordance with the conditions described in Section IV below, by a waiver signed on February 28, 1997. The Licensee agreed that this Order is to be effective upon issuance and to waive its right to a hearing in the matter of this Order only. Implementation of these commitments will provide enhanced assurance that sufficient resources will be applied to the radiation safety program, and that the program will be conducted safely and in accordance with NRC requirements. The content of this Order is applicable only to License Nos. 12-00722-06, 12-00722-13. and 12-00722-14.

I find that the Licensee's commitments as set forth in Section IV are acceptable and necessary and conclude that with these commitments public health and safety are reasonably assured. In view of the foregoing, I have determined that public health and safety require that the Licensee's commitments be confirmed by this Order. Based on the above and the Licensee's consent, this Order is immediately effective upon issuance.

IV

Accordingly, pursuant to Sections 81, 161b, 161i, 161o, 182 and 186 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and the Commission's regulations in 10 CFR 2.202 and 10 CFR Part 30, *it is hereby ordered, effective immediately, that license nos. 12–00722–06, 12–*