

Alert Service Bulletin 747-54A2157, Revision 2, dated November 14, 1996, or earlier revisions (for airplanes with Rolls Royce Model RB211 series engines); as applicable; constitutes terminating action for the repetitive detailed visual inspections required by paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this AD.

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Seattle ACO. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Seattle ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Seattle ACO.

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(e) This amendment becomes effective on June 18, 1997.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on May 8, 1997.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 97-12682 Filed 5-13-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 97-ASO-12]

Removal of Class D and E2 Airspace; Lawrenceville, GA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment removes Class D and E2 surface area airspace at Lawrenceville, GA. The required weather observations and reporting criteria for Lawrenceville/Gwinnett County-Briscoe Field Airport are not being met. Therefore, the Class D and E2 surface area airspace for the airport must be revoked.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 UTC, July 17, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Benny L. McGlamery, System Management Branch, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Administration, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320; telephone (404) 305-5570.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

Weather observations are taken by an automated weather observing system at the Lawrenceville/Gwinnett County-Briscoe Field Airport. However, the weather observations are not transmitted, as required for surface area airspace, to the ATC facilities having jurisdiction over the surface area. Therefore, the Class D and E2 airspace must be revoked. This rule will become effective on the date specified in the **DATE** section. Since this action removes the Class D and E2 surface area airspace, and as a result, eliminates the impact of Class D and E2 airspace on users of the airspace in the vicinity of the Lawrenceville/Gwinnett County-Briscoe Field Airport, notice and public procedure under 5 U.S.C. 553(b) are unnecessary.

The Rule

This amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) removes Class D and E2 airspace at Lawrenceville, GA.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR Part 71 as follows:

PART 71—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR Part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; EO 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959-1963 Comp., p. 389; 14 CFR 11.69.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9D, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated September 4, 1996, and effective September 16, 1996, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 5000 Class D airspace.

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ASO GA D Lawrenceville, GA [Removed]

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Paragraph 6002 Class E airspace areas designated as a surface area for an airport.

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ASO GA E2 Lawrenceville, GA [Removed]

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Issued in College Park, Georgia, on May 2, 1997.

Benny L. McGlamery,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Southern Region.

[FR Doc. 97-12577 Filed 5-13-97; 8:45 am]

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FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

16 CFR Part 305

Rule Concerning Disclosures Regarding Energy Consumption and Water Use of Certain Home Appliances and Other Products Required Under the Energy Policy and Conservation Act ("Appliance Labeling Rule")

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Federal Trade Commission amends its Appliance Labeling Rule by publishing new ranges of comparability to be used on required labels for clothes washers.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 12, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

James Mills, Attorney, Division of Enforcement, Federal Trade Commission, Washington, D.C. 20580 (202-326-3035).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Appliance Labeling Rule ("Rule") was issued by the Commission in 1979, 44 FR 66466 (Nov. 19, 1979), in response to a directive in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975.¹ The Rule covers eight categories of major household appliances. Clothes washers are among those categories. The Rule also covers pool heaters, 59 FR 49556

¹ 42 U.S.C. 6294. The statute also requires DOE to develop test procedures that measure how much energy the appliances use, and to determine the representative average cost a consumer pays for the different types of energy available.

(Sept. 28, 1994), and contains requirements that pertain to fluorescent lamp ballasts, 54 FR 28031 (July 5, 1989), certain plumbing products, 58 FR 54955 (Oct. 25, 1993), and certain lighting products, 59 FR 25176 (May 13, 1994, eff. May 15, 1995).

The Rule requires manufacturers of all covered appliances and pool heaters to disclose specific energy consumption or efficiency information (derived from the DOE test procedures) at the point of sale in the form of an "EnergyGuide" label in catalogs. It also requires manufacturers of furnaces, central air conditioners, and heat pumps either to provide fact sheets showing additional cost information, or to be listed in an industry directory showing the cost information for their products. The Rule requires that manufacturers include, on labels and fact sheets, an energy consumption or efficiency figure and a "range of comparability." This range shows the highest and lowest energy consumption or efficiencies for all comparable appliance models so consumers can compare the energy consumption or efficiency of other models (perhaps competing brands) similar to the labeled model. The Rule requires that manufacturers also include, on labels for some products, a secondary energy usage disclosure in the form of an estimated annual operating cost based on a specified DOE national average cost for the fuel the appliance uses.

Section 305.8(b) of the Rule requires manufacturers, after filing an initial report, to report certain information annually to the Commission by specified dates for each product type.² These reports, which are to assist the Commission in preparing the ranges of comparability, contain the estimated annual energy consumption or energy efficiency ratings for the appliances derived from tests performed pursuant to the DOE test procedures. Because manufacturers regularly add new models to their lines, improve existing models, and drop others, the data base from which the ranges of comparability are calculated is constantly changing. To keep the required information consistent with these changes, under Section 305.10 of the Rule the Commission will publish new ranges (but not more often than annually) if an analysis of the new information indicates that the upper or lower limits of the ranges have changed by more than 15%. Otherwise, the Commission will publish a statement that the prior ranges remain in effect for the next year.

² Reports for clothes washers are due March 1.

The annual submissions of data for clothes washers have been made and have been analyzed by the Commission. The Commission has found that a significant number of the upper and lower limits of the ranges have changed by more than 15%. Accordingly, the Commission is publishing new ranges of comparability for the clothes washer category. These ranges will supersede the current ranges for clothes washers, which were published on June 13, 1996, 61 FR 29939.

In consideration of the foregoing, the Commission revises Appendix F of its Appliance Labeling Rule by publishing the following ranges of comparability for use in required disclosures (including labeling) for clothes washers manufactured on or after August 12, 1997. In addition, as of this effective date, the disclosures of estimated annual operating cost required at the bottom of the EnergyGuide for clothes washers must be based on the 1997 Representative Average Unit Costs of Energy for electricity (8.31 cents per kilowatt-hour) and natural gas (61.2 cents per therm) that were published by DOE on November 18, 1996, 61 FR 29939, and by the Commission on February 5, 1997, 62 FR 5316.

List of Subjects in 16 CFR Part 305

Advertising, Energy conservation, Household appliances, Labeling, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Accordingly, 16 CFR Part 305 is amended as follows:

PART 305—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 305 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 6294.

2. Appendix F to Part 305 is revised to read as follows:

Appendix F to Part 305—Clothes Washers

Range Information

"Compact" includes all household clothes washers with a tub capacity of less than 1.6 cu. ft. or 13 gallons of water.

"Standard" includes all household clothes washers with a tub capacity of 1.6 cu. ft. or 13 gallons of water or more.

Capacity	Range of estimated annual energy consumption (kWh/yr.)	
	Low	High
Compact.		
Top Loading	570	578
Front Loading	(*)	(*)

Capacity	Range of estimated annual energy consumption (kWh/yr.)	
	Low	High
Standard.		
Top Loading	312	1306
Front Loading	241	278

(*) No data submitted.

By direction of the Commission.

Donald S. Clark,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 97-12578 Filed 5-13-97; 8:45 am]

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

17 CFR Parts 1, 5 and 31

Fees for Applications for Contract Market Designation, Leverage Commodity Registration and Registered Futures Association and Exchange Rule Enforcement and Financial Reviews

AGENCY: Commodity Futures Trading Commission

ACTION: Final schedule of fees.

SUMMARY: The Commission periodically adjusts fees charged for certain program services to assure that they accurately reflect current Commission costs. In this regard, the staff recently reviewed the Commission's actual costs of processing applications for contract market designation (17 CFR part 5, appendix B), audits of leverage transaction merchants (17 CFR part 31, appendix B) and registered futures association and exchange rule enforcement and financial reviews (17 CFR part 1, appendix B). The following fee schedule for fiscal year 1997 reflects the average annual actual costs to the Commission of providing those services during fiscal years 1994, 1995 and 1996. Accordingly, the Commission will charge the following fees: Applications for contract market designation for a futures contract will be maintained at \$8,300; contract market designation for an option contract will be reduced from \$1,800 to \$1,700; contract markets that simultaneously submit designation applications for a futures and an option on that futures contract will be reduced from a combined fee of \$9,200 for both to \$9,000 for both; and leverage commodity registration will be maintained at \$4,500. In addition, the Commission is publishing the schedule of fees for registered futures association and exchange rule enforcement and financial reviews.