meet the requirements of 40 CFR 93.159. The emissions scenario used in the air quality analysis is expected to produce the greatest off-site impacts on a daily and annual basis. (A detailed description of the emission sources and detailed emissions inventory tables are included in the report.)

- The local PM<sub>10</sub> emissions modeling methodology is appropriate for determining whether emissions from the project will cause or contribute to any new violation of the PM<sub>10</sub> National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) and meet the requirements of 40 CFR 93.159. (A detailed description of the local PM<sub>10</sub> emissions modeling methodology is included in the report.)
- The results of the modeling analysis using the EPA-approved ISCST3 dispersion model (Version 95200) with
- the dry deposition algorithm predict maximum 24-hour ambient concentrations (impact plus background) at the process area boundary to be 110.8  $\mu g/m^3$ . This is below the 24-hour  $PM_{10}$  NAAQS of 150  $\mu g/m^3$ . (A detailed description of the modeling analysis results and the printouts of the model input and output files are included in the report.)
- The results of the modeling analysis predict the maximum average annual ambient concentration at the process area boundary to be  $36.9\,\mu g/m^3$ . This is below the annual PM<sub>10</sub> NAAQS STANDARD OF  $50\,\mu g/m^3$ . <sup>2</sup>
- The action does not cause or contribute to any new violation of any standard in any area (40 CFR 93.158(b)(2)(i)).

- The action does not increase the frequency or severity of any existing violation of any standard in any area (40 CFR 93.158(b)(2)(ii)).
- The action does not violate any requirements or milestones in the SIP (no requirements or milestones are applicable to the project) (40 CFR 93.158(c)).

The Tonto NF has also determined that the planned PM10 controls for the project are equivalent to Best Available Control Technology (BACT) for sources of  $PM_{10}$  emissions associated with openpit mining operations.

Based on these determinations, the activities at the Carlota Copper Project is presumed to conform to the applicable conformity requirements for the project area. The list of activities at the Carlota Copper Project that are presumed to conform include:

Process	Non-process
Primary crusher system Conveyor systems Secondary crusher system Boiler Back-up generator	Topsoil removal. Topsoil unloading to stockpiles. Blast hole drilling. Blasting. Loading/unloading of ore and mine rock. Hauling or ore and mine rock. Combustion emissions from mobile equipment. Travel of mine equipment other than haul trucks. Haul road maintenance.

This presumption of conformity is based on adequate activity limits, emission limits, emission controls, and monitoring requirements that have been included in the AQCP No. 071437P0–99 for the Carlota Copper Project issued by ADEQ. The presumption of conformity assumes that the requirements in the permit will be adequately enforced by ADEQ. The Tonto NF lists the following permit requirements (contained in the Attachment B to the permit) as being critical to the presumption of conformity of the Carlota Copper Project:

- Maximum speed limit of 35 mph for all vehicles and an average speed for the heavy-duty haul trucks of 15 mph. (Condition II.D.1)
- Unpaved roadway treatment with magnesium chloride, calcium chloride, or other chemical dust suppressants with equivalent or better control efficiency in sufficient quantity and frequency to maintain a ground inventory of 0.25 gallons per square yard. (Condition II.E.2)
- Water sprays installed, operated, and maintained continuously during the

times of operation of the primary crusher. (Condition II.E.2)

- Water sprays installed, operated, and maintained continuously (except as provided by the excess emission rule, A.A.C. R18–2–306 and 310) during the times of operation of the conveyor systems, transfer points, process equipment, and storage piles at the stacker discharge points. (Condition II.E.3)
- Baghouse installed and operated on the secondary crusher and associated vibrating screen. (Condition II.G.1)
- A weight rate of mined rock (waste rock and ore combined) shall not exceed 125,000 tons per 24-hour calendar day and 29 million tons per year. (Condition III.A)
- Burn only diesel no. 2 fuel with a sulfur content of less than 0.05 percent in the SX/EW tankhouse boiler and backup generator and the leach pad backup generator. (Condition II, Boiler and Generator Emissions, C.1)
- $\bullet$  An ambient PM $_{10}$  monitor installed, near the boundary of the mining activity in the general direction of the Superstition Wilderness, operated on an every-sixth-day schedule, and

maintained in accordance with applicable manufacturer's instructions, EPA handbooks, and federal requirements (Condition IV.A).

Dated: July 22, 1997.

## Charles R. Bazan,

Forest Supervisor.

[FR Doc. 97-20010 Filed 1-29-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-01-M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

## Natural Resources Conservation Service

# Lower Stillwater Watershed, Darke and Miami Counties, Ohio

**AGENCY:** Natural Resources Conservation Service, USDA. **ACTION:** Notice of finding of no significant impact.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Section 102(2)(c) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969; the Council on Environmental Quality Regulations (40 CFR Part 1500); and the Natural Resources Conservation Service Regulations (7 CFR 650); the Natural

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Predicted maximum concentrations (impact plus background) at Top-of-the-World (located within the nonattainment area) area are 20.4 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

for the 24-hour average and 17.3  $\mu g/m^3$  for the annual average.

Resources Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, gives notice that an environmental impact statement is not being prepared for the Lower Stillwater Watershed, Darke and Miami Counties. Ohio.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patrick Wolf, State Conservationist, Natural Resources Conservation Service, 200 North High Street, Columbus, Ohio

43215, telephone 614–469–6962. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The environmental assessment of this federally assisted action indicates that the project will not cause significant local, regional, or national impacts on the environment. As a result of these findings, Patrick Wolf, State Conservationist, has determined that the preparation and review of an environmental impact statement are not needed for this project.

The project purposes are water quality improvement and watershed protection. The project purposes will be met through accelerated technical assistance in the planning and installation of conservation measures such as conservation tillage, grassed waterways, filter strips, animal waste facilities, cover crops, watering facilities, grade stabilizations, and nutrient management plans.

The Notice of Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) has been forwarded to the Environmental Protection Agency and various Federal, State, and local agencies and interested parties. A limited number of copies of the FONSI are available to fill single copy requests at the above address. Basic data developed during the environmental assessment are on file and may be reviewed by contacting Patrick Wolf.

No administrative action on implementation of the proposal will be taken until 30 days after the date of this publication in the **Federal Register**.

(This activity is listed in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance under No. 10.904, Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention)

## Patrick Wolf,

State Conservationist.
[FR Doc. 97–20030 Filed 7–29–97; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3410–16–M

## **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

Natural Resources Conservation Service

Upper Stillwater Watershed, Darke and Miami Counties, Ohio

**AGENCY:** Natural Resources Conservation Service, USDA.

**ACTION:** Notice of finding of no significant impact.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Section 102(2)(c) of the Natural Environmental Policy Act of 1969; the Council on Environmental Quality Regulations (40 CFR Part 1500); and the Natural Resources Conservation Service Regulations (7 CFR 650); the National Resources Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, gives notice that an environmental impact statement is not being prepared for the Upper Stillwater Watershed, Darke and Miami Counties, Ohio.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patrick Wolf, State Conservationist, Natural Resources Conservation Service, 200 North High Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215, telephone 614–469–6962.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The environmental assessment of this federally assisted action indicates that the project will not cause significant local, regional, or national impacts on the environment. As a result of these findings, Patrick Wolf, State Conservationist, has determined that the preparation and review of an environmental impact statement are not needed for this project.

The project purposes are water quality improvement and watershed protection. The project purposes will be met through accelerated technical assistance in the planning and installation of conservation measures such as conservation tillage, grassed waterways, filter strips, animal waste facilities, cover crops, watering facilities, grade stabilizations, and nutrient management plans.

The Notice of Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) has been forwarded to the Environmental Protection Agency and various Federal, State, and local agencies and interested parties. A limited number of copies of the FONSI are available to fill single copy requests at the above address. Basic data developed during the environmental assessment are on file and may be revised by contracting Patrick Wolf.

No administrative action on implementation of the proposal will be taken until 30 days after the date of this publication in the **Federal Register**.

(This activity is listed in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance under No. 10.904, Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention)

#### Patrick Wolf,

State Conservationist.
[FR Doc. 97–20029 Filed 7–29–97; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3410–16–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

#### Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 907]

## Expansion of Foreign-Trade Zone 170; Clark County, Indiana

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, an application from the Indiana Port Commission, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 170, Clark County, Indiana, for authority to expand FTZ 170 to include an additional site in Charlestown, Indiana, was filed by the Board on August 15, 1996 (FTZ Docket 63–96, 61 FR 43527, 8/23/96);

Whereas, notice inviting public comment was given in the **Federal Register** and the application has been processed pursuant to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations; and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and Board's regulations are satisfied, and that the proposal is in the public interest;

Now, Therefore, the Board hereby orders:

The application to expand FTZ 170 is approved, subject to the Act and the Board's regulations, including Section 400.28, and subject to the standard 2,000-acre activation limit for the overall zone project.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 23rd day of July 1997.

## Jeffrey P. Bialos,

Acting Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

[FR Doc. 97–20069 Filed 7–29–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

## Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 908]

Approval of Manufacturing Activity Within Foreign-Trade Zone 210; Port Huron, Michigan; Petri, Inc. (Automotive Steering Wheels, Airbag Components)

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u)(the Act), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order: