

| Work group                            | Date                     | Location          |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Incinerators .....                    | September 3, 1997 .....  | Arlington, VA.    |
|                                       | September 18, 1997 ..... | Durham, NC.       |
|                                       | October 28, 1997 .....   | RTP, NC.          |
|                                       | November 20, 1997 .....  | Houston, TX.      |
| IC Engines .....                      | September 18, 1997 ..... | Durham, NC.       |
|                                       | November 20, 1997 .....  | Houston, TX.      |
| Boilers .....                         | September 18, 1997 ..... | Durham, NC.       |
|                                       | November 20, 1997 .....  | Houston, TX.      |
| Stationary .....                      | September 18, 1997 ..... | Durham, NC.       |
| Combustion Turbines .....             | November 20, 1997 .....  | Houston, TX.      |
| Process Heaters .....                 | September 18, 1997 ..... | Durham, NC.       |
|                                       | November 20, 1997 .....  | Houston, TX.      |
| Testing and Monitoring Protocol ..... | September 19, 1997 ..... | RTP, NC.          |
|                                       | November 21, 1997 .....  | To be determined. |

The agendas for these meetings include review and revision of the ICCR databases, data and information gathering efforts, possible emission testing, and potential subcategorization. An opportunity will be provided at each meeting for the public to offer comments and address the Work Group.

Individuals interested in Coordinated Committee meetings, Work Group meetings, or any aspect of the ICCR for that matter, should access the TTN on a regular basis for information.

Two copies of the ICCR Coordinating Committee charter are filed with appropriate committees of Congress and the Library of Congress and are available upon request to the Docket (ask for item #I-B-1). The purpose of the ICCR Coordinating Committee is to assist EPA in the development of regulations to control emissions of air pollutants from industrial, commercial, and institutional combustion of fuels and non-hazardous solid wastes. The Coordinating Committee will attempt to develop recommendations for national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAP) implementing section 112 and solid waste combustion regulations implementing section 129 of the Act, and may review and make recommendations for revising and developing new source performance standards (NSPS) under section 111 of the Act. The recommendations will cover boilers, process heaters, industrial/commercial and other incinerators, stationary internal combustion engines, and stationary combustion turbines.

Lists of Coordinating Committee and Work Group members are available from the TTN for the purpose of giving the public the opportunity to contact members to discuss concerns or information they would like to bring forward during the ICCR process.

It is anticipated that the next meeting of the Coordinating Committee, following the meeting in September,

will be November 18–19, 1997 in Houston, Texas.

Dated: August 20, 1997.

**Robert D. Brenner,**

*Acting Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation.*

[FR Doc. 97–22662 Filed 8–25–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

#### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL–5883–2]

#### National Drinking Water Advisory Council Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Working Group; Open Meeting

Under Section 10(a)(2) of Public Law 92–423, “The Federal Advisory Committee Act,” notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Working Group of the National Drinking Water Advisory Council, established under the Safe Drinking Water Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. S300f *et seq.*), will be held on September 17, 1997, from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m., at the Holiday Inn Central, 1501 Rhode Island Avenue, NW, Washington, DC. The meeting is open to the public, but due to past experience, seating will be limited.

The purpose of this meeting is to discuss policy issues related to the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF). The meeting is open to the public to observe. The working group members are meeting to analyze relevant issues and facts facing the DWSRF program. Statements from the public will be taken at the end of the meeting if time allows.

For more information, please contact Richard Naylor, Designated Federal Officer, U.S. EPA, Office of Ground Water and Drinking Water (4606), 401 M Street, SW, Washington, D.C. 20460. The telephone number is (202) 260–

5135 and the e-mail address is naylor.richard@epamail.epa.gov.

Dated: August 19, 1997.

**Charlene Shaw,**

*Designated Federal Officer, National Drinking Water Advisory Council.*

[FR Doc. 97–22661 Filed 8–25–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–M

#### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL–5882–5]

#### Science Advisory Board Executive Committee; Public Teleconference Meeting; September 22, 1997

Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Pub. L. 92–463, notice is hereby given that the Science Advisory Board’s (SAB) Executive Committee, will conduct a public teleconference meeting on Monday, September 22, 1997, between the hours of 1 and 3 pm, Eastern Time. The meeting will be coordinated through a conference call connection in Room 2103 of the Mall at the Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street SW, Washington, DC 20460. The public is welcome to attend the meeting physically or through a telephonic link. Additional instructions about how to participate in the conference call can be obtained by calling Ms. Priscilla Tillery-Gadsen at (202) 260–8414 by September 15, 1997.

In this meeting the Executive Committee plans to review reports from several of its Committees. Expected reports include: (1) *Environmental Health Committee (EHC)*—Review of the Agency’s Cancer Risk Assessment Guidelines; (2) *Environmental Engineering Committee (EEC)*—Review of the Use of Toxicity Weighting Factors in the Sector Facility Indexing Project (SFIP); (3) *Radiation Advisory Committee (RAC)*—Review of the Multi-

Agency Radiation Survey & Site Investigation Manual (MARSSIM); (4) *Ecological Processes and Effects Committee (EPEC)*—(a) Advisory on development of Phase II of the Index of Watershed Indicators, (b) Review of EMAP Research Strategy & Plan; and (c) Advisory on Potential EcoRisk Management Guidelines; and (5) *Executive Committee*—Commentary on the Question of Agency Consensus for Benchmark Values for Ecological Toxicity. Please contact Ms. Tillery-Gadsen a week prior to the meeting to confirm that a given report will be reviewed.

Any member of the public wishing further information concerning the meeting or wishing to submit comments should contact Dr. Donald G. Barnes, Designated Federal Official for the Executive Committee, Science Advisory Board (1400), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington DC 20460; telephone (202) 260-4126; FAX (202) 260-9232; and via the INTERNET at [barnes.don@epamail.epa.gov](mailto:barnes.don@epamail.epa.gov). Copies of the relevant documents are available from the same source.

Dated: August 18, 1997.

**Donald G. Barnes,**

*Staff Director, Science Advisory Board.*

[FR Doc. 97-22659 Filed 8-25-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[CC Docket No. 87-313, FCC 97-168]

### Policy Concerning Rates for Dominant Carriers

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** On May 30, 1997, the Commission released a Memorandum Opinion and Order ("Order") establishing sufficient reporting requirements for incumbent local exchange carriers (ILEC's) to enable the Commission and the industry to monitor the service quality provided to ILEC's competitors. In the *Order*, we addressed the issues raised in the petitions filed by TCA, ICA, CFA and the ILECs. We also make modifications to our service quality and infrastructure reporting requirements consistent with the provisions of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 ("1996 Act").

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Janice Jamison, Attorney/Advisor, Accounting and Audits Division,

Common Carrier Bureau, (202) 418-2290.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The 1996 Act requires that "quality services should be available at just, reasonable and affordable rates." It also requires ILEC's to make available quality services to competing local exchange carriers (CLECs) without discrimination and with reasonable access to ILEC networks. Section 259 of the Act directs ILECs to make available, under certain conditions, public switched network infrastructure and other capabilities to qualifying carriers that are providing universal service outside the providing ILEC's telephone exchange. Additionally, Section 259 of the 1996 Act directs ILEC's to make available, under certain conditions, public switched network infrastructure and other capabilities to qualifying carriers that are providing universal service outside the area in which the ILEC providing the support operates. The Commission recognizes that local competition will begin through interconnection, resale, and infrastructure sharing. These methods involve facilities and services that ILEC's will provide to their competitors. For competition to flourish, there must be assurances that competitors receive the same level of service quality and facility maintenance that an incumbent carrier provides itself. A primary objective of this proceeding is to establish sufficient reporting requirements for ILEC's to enable the Commission and the industry to monitor the service quality provided to ILECs' competitors. Prior to the enactment of the 1996 Act, the Common Carrier Bureau ("Bureau") released the *Service Quality Modifications Order*. In that Order, the Bureau deferred decisions about whether to modify the Automated Reporting Management Information System ("ARMIS") reports that the Commission has used to monitor service quality of, and infrastructure development by, mandatory price cap carriers. Specifically, the Order deferred decisions on the modifications to ARMIS Reports 43-05, 43-06, and 43-07.

ARMIS is an automated system developed in 1987 for collecting common carrier financial and operating information. Additional reports were added to the ARMIS system in 1991 specifically to monitor service quality and network infrastructure development under price cap regulation. Today, ARMIS consists of ten reports. Two of these ARMIS reports, the Service Quality Quarterly Report 43-05 and the

Service Quality Semi-annual Report 43-06, originally filed four times a year have become annual filings as required by section 402(b)(2)(B) of the 1996 Act. As modified the ARMIS Service Quality Report (43-05) collects data designed to capture trends in service quality under price cap regulation and improves and standardizes reporting requirements for this purpose. The ARMIS Service Quality Report (43-06) collects data designed to capture trends in service quality under price cap regulation. The ARMIS Report (43-07) collects data designed to capture trends in telephone industry infrastructure development under price cap regulation.

Federal Communications Commission.

**William F. Caton,**

*Acting Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 97-22549 Filed 8-25-97; 8:45 am]

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## FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

### Termination of FEMA Advisory Board

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Director of FEMA (Director) gives notice of the termination of the FEMA Advisory Board (Board) in order to adopt a more inclusive process than previously used for involving constituents and stakeholders in policy development.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The Board charter expired July 31, 1996.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Rachael A. Rowland, Intergovernmental Affairs, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., room 801, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646-2889.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Board was an independent advisory body to the Director, which advised the Director on FEMA plans and programs for emergency management and on the Director's responsibilities under the National Security Act of 1947. It consisted of 16 members appointed by the Director, with broad, balanced representation, including former Federal, State and local government officials, respected representatives from State and local voluntary emergency preparedness and response organizations, and nonprofit and private sector entities. The Board is currently an inactive body that was last renewed for a period of two years on August 1, 1994. The Board charter lapsed on July 31, 1996.