statements should be addressed to Charles H. Atherton, Secretary, Commission of Fine Arts, at the above address or call 202–504–2200. Individuals requiring sign language interpretation for the hearing impaired should contact the Secretary at least 10 days before the meeting date.

Dated in Washington, D.C. on October 30, 1997.

#### **Charles H. Atherton,**

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 97–29435 Filed 11–6–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6330–01–M

# COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

## Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Cotton and Man-Made Fiber Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in the Dominican Republic

November 3, 1997.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs adjusting limits.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** November 7, 1997. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Roy Unger, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482– 4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port or call (202) 927–5850. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, call (202) 482–3715.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

**Authority:** Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Uruguay Round Agreements Act.

The current limit for Categories 351/ 651 is being increased for special shift, reducing the limit for Categories 342/ 642.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see **Federal Register** notice 62 FR 66263, published on December 17, 1996). Also see 61 FR 65375, published on December 12, 1996.

The letter to the Commissioner of Customs and the actions taken pursuant to it are not designed to implement all of the provisions of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing, but are designed to assist only in the implementation of certain of their provisions.

#### Troy H. Cribb,

*Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.* 

# Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

November 3, 1997.

Commissioner of Customs,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on December 6, 1996, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton, wool and man-made fiber textile products, produced or manufactured in the Dominican Republic and exported during the twelve-month period which began on January 1, 1997 and extends through December 31, 1997.

Effective on November 7, 1997, you are directed to adjust the limits for the following categories, as provided for under the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing:

Category	Adjusted limit <sup>1</sup>
342/642	206,074 dozen.
351/651	1,125,464 dozen.

The guaranteed access levels for the foregoing categories remain unchanged.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception of the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1). Sincerely,

Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

[FR Doc. 97–29463 Filed 11–6–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DR–F

## COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

# Establishment of an Import Limit for Certain Man-Made Fiber Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Thailand

November 3, 1997. **AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA). **ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the

Commissioner of Customs establishing a limit.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** November 12, 1997. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Ross Arnold, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482– 4212. For information on the quota status of this limit, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port or call (202) 927–5850. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, call (202) 482–3715.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

**Authority:** Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Uruguay Round Agreements Act.

In a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) dated October 28, 1997, the Governments of the United States and Thailand agreed, pursuant to Article 6 of the World Trade Organization Agreement on Textiles and Clothing (ATC), to establish limits for Category 603, produced or manufactured in Thailand and exported during the periods October 1, 1997 through December 31, 1997; January 1, 1998 through December 31, 1998; January 1, 1999 through December 31, 1999; and January 1, 2000 through September 30, 2000.

In the letter published below, the Chairman of CITA directs the Commissioner of Customs to establish a limit for Category 603 for the period October 1, 1997 through December 31, 1997.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see **Federal Register** notice 61 FR 66263, published on December 17, 1996). Also see 61 FR 58044, published on November 12, 1996; and 62 FR 49207, published on September 19, 1997.

The letter to the Commissioner of Customs and the actions taken pursuant to it are not designed to implement all of the provisions of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act, the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing and the MOU, but are designed to assist only in the implementation of certain of their provisions.

#### Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

# Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

November 3, 1997.

Commissioner of Customs,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on November 4, 1996, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton, wool, man-made fiber, silk blend and other vegetable fiber textiles and textile products, produced or manufactured in Thailand and exported during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 1997 and extending through December 31, 1997.

Effective on November 12, 1997, you are directed to establish a limit for textile products in Category 603 at a level of 550,000 kilograms <sup>1</sup> for the period October 1, 1997 through December 31, 1997, pursuant to the Uruguay Round Agreements Act, the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing (ATC) and a Memorandum of Understanding dated October 28, 1997 between the Governments of the United States and Thailand.

Textile products in Category 603 which have been exported to the United States prior to October 1, 1997 shall not be subject to this directive.

Textile products in Category 603 which have been released from the custody of the U.S. Customs Service under the provisions of 19 U.S.C. 1448(b) or 1484(a)(1) prior to the effective date of this directive shall not be denied entry under this directive.

Import charges for Category 603 will be provided as data become available.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that this action falls within the foreign affairs exception of the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,

Troy H. Cribb,

*Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.* 

[FR Doc. 97–29465 Filed 11–6–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DR–F

# CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

[CPSC Docket No. 98-C0001]

## In the Matter of Yongxin International, Inc., a Corporation; Provisional Acceptance of a Settlement Agreement and Order

**AGENCY:** Consumer Product Safety Commission.

**ACTION:** Provisional acceptance of a settlement agreement under the Consumer Product Safety Act.

**SUMMARY:** It is the policy of the Commission to publish settlements which it provisionally accepts under the Consumer Product Safety Act in the **Federal Register** in accordance with the terms of 16 CFR § 1118.20(e)–(h). Published below is a provisionallyaccepted Settlement Agreement with Yongxin International, Inc., a corporation, "containing a civil penalty of \$50,000."

**DATES:** Any interested person may ask the Commission not to accept this agreement or otherwise comment on its contents by filing a written request with the Office of the Secretary by November 22, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Persons wishing to comment on this Settlement Agreement should send written comments to the Comment 98–C0001, Office of the Secretary, Consumer Product Safety Commission, Washington D.C. 20207.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dennis C. Kacoyanis, Trial Attorney, Office of Compliance and Enforcement, Consumer Product Safety Commission, Washington, D.C. 20207; telephone (301) 504–0626.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The text of the Agreement and Order appears below.

Dated: November 4, 1997. Sadye E. Dunn, Secretary.

## United States of America Consumer Product Safety Commission

[CPSC Docket No. 98-C0001]

In the Matter of Yongxin International, Inc., a Corporation

#### **Settlement Agreement and Order**

1. Yongxin International, Inc. (hereinafter, "Yongixin" or "Respondent"), a corporation, enters into this Settlement Agreement (hereinafter, "Agreement"), and agrees to the entry of the Order incorporated herein. The purpose of this Agreement and Order is to settle the staff's allegations that Yongxin knowingly imported into the United States for sale and distribution in United States commerce cigarette lighters that are subject to and failed to comply with the Safety Standard For Cigarette Lighters (hereinafter, "Standard"), 16 C.F.R. part 1210, in violation of section 19(a)(1) of the Consumer Product Safety Act (CPSA), 15 U.S.C. § 2068(a)(1).

# **I. The Parties**

2. The "staff" is the staff of the Consumer Product Safety Commission (hereinafter, "Commission" or "CPSC"), an independent regulatory commission of the United States established pursuant to section 4 of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. § 2053.

3. Since 1992, Yongxin has been a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California. Its principal corporate offices are located at 17870 Castleton Street, Suite 260, City of Industry, CA 91748. Yongxin is an importer, broker, and distributor of various consumer items including cigarette lighters.

# II. Allegations of the Staff

4. On three occasions between October 21, 1994, and June 18, 1996, Yongxin knowingly imported into the United States for sale and distribution in United States commerce 83 kinds of disposable and novelty cigarette lighters (141,300 units). These cigarette lighters are identified and described as follows:

Collection date* entry date	Sample No.	Type of lighter, model No.	Number of lighters
10/21/94 10/21/94	T-867-8062 T-867-8063	Disposable, No. 1 Novelty, No. 5 Disposable, No. 8 Novelty, No. 9	2,400 2,400

<sup>1</sup> The limit has not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after September 30, 1997.