Controlled Substances Act and the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

HHS will analyze all available data on marijuana use, expand ongoing surveys to determine current levels of marijuana use in California and Arizona, and track changes in marijuana use in those states.

HHS will develop the survey capacity to assess trends in drug use in all states on a state-by-state basis.

The Department of Education (Education) will use provisions of the Safe and Drug Free Schools Act to reinforce the message to all local education agencies receiving Federal Safe and Drug Free School funds that any drug possession or use will not be tolerated in schools. This affects approximately 95% of school districts. Notwithstanding the passage of the two Propositions, local education agencies must continue to: (a) develop programs which prevent the use, possession, and distribution of tobacco, alcohol, and illegal drugs by students; (b) develop programs which prevent the illegal use, possession, and distribution of such substances by school employees; and (c) ensure that programs supported by and with Federal Safe and Drug Free Schools funds convey the message that the illegal use of alcohol and other drugs, including marijuana, is wrong and harmful.

Education will review with educators in Arizona and California the effect Propositions 200 and 215 will have on drug use by students. They will also communicate nationally with school superintendents, administrators, principals, boards of education, and PTAs about the Arizona and California Propositions and the implications for their states.

Education will develop a model policy to confront "medical marijuana" use in schools and outline actions educators can take to prevent illicit drugs from coming into schools.

Education will develop model drug prevention programs to discourage marijuana use. These models will be disseminated to the states at a Spring 1997 conference.

ONDCP and DOT will provide recommendations pursuant to the October 19, 1996 Presidential directive to deter teen drug use and drugged driving through pre-license drug testing, strengthened law enforcement and other means. The recommendations will underscore the point that the use of marijuana for *any* reason endangers the health and safety of the public.

Legislative Enactments: ONDCP, HHS and DOJ will work with Congress to consider changes to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and the Controlled Substances Act, as

appropriate, to limit the states" ability to rely on these and similar medical use provisions. The Administration believes that working with Congress is the course of action that will affirm the national policy to control substances that have a high potential for abuse and no accepted medical use. The objective is to provide a uniform policy which preserves the integrity of the medical-scientific process by which substances are approved as safe and effective medicines. We will also consider additional steps, including conditioning Federal funds on compliance with the Controlled Substances Act and the National Drug Control Strategy

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 15th day of January, 1997. Barry R. McCaffrey, *Director.* [FR Doc. 97–3334 Filed 2–10–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3180–02–P

### Designation of New High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas

**AGENCY:** Office of National Drug Contol Policy, Executive Office of the President.

# ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice lists the five new High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (HIDTAs) designated by the Director, Office of National Drug Control Policy. HIDTAs are regions identified as having the most critical drug trafficking problems that adversely affect the United States. These new HIDTAs are designated pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 1504(c), as amended, to promote more effective coordination of drug control efforts. The additional resources provided by Congress enable task forces of local, State, and Federal officials to assess regional drug threats, design strategies to combat the threats, develop initiatives to implement the strategies, and evaluate effectiveness of these coordinated efforts.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Comments and questions regarding this notice should be directed to Mr. Richard Y. Yamamoto, Director, HIDTA, Office of National Drug Control Policy, Executive Office of the President, 750 17th Street N.W., Washington, D.C. 20503, (202) 395–6755.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In 1990, the Director of ONDCP designated the first five HIDTAs. These original HIDTAs, areas through which most illegal drugs enter the United States, are Houston, Los Angeles, New York/New Jersey, South Florida, and the Southwest Border. In 1994, the Director designated the Washington/Baltimore HIDTA to address the extensive drug distribution networks serving hardcore drug users. Also in 1994, the Director designated Puerto Rico/U.S. Virgin Islands as a HIDTA based on the significant amount of drugs entering the United States through this region.

In 1995, the Director designated three more HIDTAs in Atlanta, Chicago, and Philadelphia/Camden to target drug abuse and drug trafficking in those areas, specifically augmenting Empowerment Zone programs.

The five new HIDTAs will build upon the effective efforts of previously established HIDTAs. In Fiscal Year 1997, the HIDTA program will receive \$140 million in Federal resources. The program will support more than 150 colocated officer/agent task forces; strengthen mutually supporting local, State, and Federal drug trafficking and money laundering task forces; bolster information analysis and sharing networks; and, improve integration of law enforcement, drug treatment, and drug abuse prevention programs. The states and counties included in the five new HIDTAs are:

(1) Cascade HIDTA: State of Washington; King, Pierce, Skagit, Snohomish, Thurston, Whatcom, and Yakima counties;

(2) Gulf Coast HIDTA: State of Alabama; Baldwin, Jefferson, Mobile, and Montgomery counties; State of Louisiana; Caddo, East Baton Rouge, Jefferson, and Orleans parishes; and State of Mississippi; Hancock, Harrison, Hinds, and Jackson counties.

(3) Lake County HIDTA: State of Indiana; Lake County.

(4) Midwest HIDTA: State of Iowa; Muscatine, Polk, Pottawattamie, Scott, and Woodbury counties; State of Kansas: Cherokee, Crawford, Johnson, Labette, Leavenworth, Saline, Seward, and Wyandotte counties; State of Missouri; Cape Girardeau, Christian, Clay, Jackson, Lafayette, Lawrence, Ray, Scott, and St. Charles counties, and the city of St. Louis; State of Nebraska; Dakota, Dawson, Douglas, Hall, Lancaster, Sarpy, and Scott's Bluff counties; State of South Dakota; Clay, Codington, Custer, Fall River, Lawrence, Lincoln, Meade, Minnehaha, Pennington, Union, and Yankton counties.

(4) Rocky Mountain HIDTA: State of Colorado; Adams, Arapahoe, Denver, Douglas, Eagle, El Paso, Garfield, Jefferson, La Plata, and Mesa counties; State of Utah; Davis, Salt Lake, Summit, Utah, and Weber counties; and State of Wyoming; Laramie, Natrona, and Sweetwater counties. Signed at Washington, D.C. this 15th day of January, 1997. Barry R. McCaffrey, *Director.* [FR Doc. 97–3334 Filed 2–10–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3180–02–P

### DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

#### **Forest Service**

#### California Coast Province Advisory Committee (PAC)

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA.

**ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: The California Coast Province Advisory Committee (PAC) will meet from 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m., on February 26, 1997, and from 8:30 a.m. to 3 p.m. February 27, 1997, at the Six Rivers National Forest Supervisor's Office Conference Room, 1330 Bayshore Way, Eureka, CA. Agenda items to be covered include: (1) Survey and Manage species information presentation; (2) Province impacts of fish species listed/potentially listed as Threatened or Endangered; (3) Report and recommendations from Public/Private Subcommittee (4) Report and recommendations from Monitoring Subcommittee; (5) Report and recommendations from Work on the Ground Subcommittee; (6) Agency updates; (7) North Coast Environmental Center presentation; (8) Agency reports on December/January flood and storm damage on federal lands in the Province; (9) Update on Headwaters Forest; (10) USFWS request for proposals for restoration projects; and (11) Open public forum. All California Coast Province Advisory Committee meetings are open to the public. Interested citizens are encouraged to attend.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Direct questions regarding this meeting to Daniel Chisholm, USDA, Forest Supervisor, Mendocino National Forest, 825 N. Humboldt Avenue, Willows, CA, 95988, (916) 934–3316 or Phebe Brown, Province Coordinator, USDA, Mendocino National Forest, 825 N. Humboldt Avenue, Willows, CA 95988, (916) 934–3316.

Dated: February 2, 1997.

Daniel K. Chisholm,

Forest Supervisor.

[FR Doc. 97–3264 Filed 2–10–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–FK–M

# Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration

# Opportunity for Designation in the Jamestown (ND) Area

**AGENCY:** Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration (GIPSA). **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The United States Grain Standards Act, as amended (Act), provides that official agency designations will end not later than triennially and may be renewed. The designation of Grain Inspection, Inc. (Jamestown), will end July 31, 1997, according to the Act. In the January 2, 1997 Federal Register (62 FR 91), GIPSA asked for applications from persons interested in providing official services in the Jamestown area. Applications were due on or before January 31, 1997; no applications were received. GIPSA is again asking for applications from persons interested in providing official services in the Jamestown area.

**DATES:** Applications must be postmarked or sent by telecopier (FAX) on or before March 13, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Applications must be submitted to USDA, GIPSA, Janet M. Hart, Chief, Review Branch, Compliance Division, STOP 3604, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, DC 20250–3604. Applications may be submitted by FAX on 202–690–2755. If an application is submitted by FAX, GIPSA reserves the right to request an original application. All applications will be made available for public inspection at this address located at 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., during regular business hours.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Janet M. Hart, telephone 202–720–8525. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

This action has been reviewed and determined not to be a rule or regulation as defined in Executive Order 12866 and Departmental Regulation 1512–1; therefore, the Executive Order and Departmental Regulation do not apply to this action.

Section 7(f)(1) of the Act authorizes GIPSA' Administrator to designate a qualified applicant to provide official services in a specified area after determining that the applicant is better able than any other applicant to provide such official services. GIPSA designated Jamestown, main office located in Jamestown, North Dakota, to provide official inspection services under the Act on August 1, 1994.

Section  $\overline{7}(g)(1)$  of the Act provides that designations of official agencies

shall end not later than triennially and may be renewed according to the criteria and procedures prescribed in Section 7(f) of the Act. The designation of Jamestown ends on July 31, 1997, according to the Act.

Pursuant to Section 7(f)(2) of the USGSA, the following geographic area, in the State of North Dakota, is assigned to Jamestown.

Bounded on the North by Interstate 94 east to U.S. Route 85; U.S. Route 85 north to State Route 200; State Route 200 east to U.S. Route 83; U.S. Route 83 southeast to State Route 41; State Route 41 north to State Route 200; State Route 200 east to State Route 3; State Route 3 north to U.S. Route 52; U.S. Route 52 southeast to State Route 15; State Route 15 east to U.S. Route 281; U.S. Route 281 south to Foster County; the northern Foster County line; the northern Griggs County line east to State Route 32;

Bounded on the East by State Route 32 south to State Route 45; State Route 45 south to State Route 200; State Route 200 west to State Route 1; State Route 1 south to the Soo Railroad line; the Soo Railroad line southeast to Interstate 94; Interstate 94 west to State Route 1; State Route 1 south to the Dickey County line;

Bounded on the South by the southern Dickey County line west to U.S. Route 281: U.S. Route 281 north to the Lamoure County line; the southern Lamoure County line; the southern Logan County line west to State Route 13; State Route 13 west to U.S. Route 83; U.S. Route 83 south to the Emmons County line; the southern Emmons County line; the southern Sioux County line west State Route 49; State Route 49 north to State Route 21: State Route 21 west to the Burlington-Northern (BN) line; the Burlington-Northern (BN) line northwest to State Route 22; State Route 22 south to U.S. Route 12; U.S. Route 12 west-northwest to the North Dakota State line: and

Bounded on the West by the western North Dakota State line north to Interstate 94.

The following grain elevators, located outside of the above contiguous geographic area, are part of this geographic area assignment: Farmers Coop Elevator, Fessenden, Farmers Union Elevator, and Manfred Grain, both in Manfred, all in Wells County (located inside Grand Forks Grain Inspection Department, Inc.'s, area); and Norway Spur, and Oakes Grain, both in Oakes, Dickey County (located inside North Dakota Grain Inspection Service, Inc.'s, area).

Jamestown's assigned geographic area does not include the following grain elevators inside Jamestown's area which have been and will continue to be