It will take approximately 42 work hours per freighter airplane to accomplish the required modification, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Required parts will be provided by the airplane manufacturer at no cost to the operators. Based on these figures, the cost impact of this required modification on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$153,720, or \$2,520 per freighter airplane.

The cost impact figures discussed above are based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

Regulatory Impact

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a 'significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

99–09–13 Boeing: Amendment 39–11146. Docket 98–NM–37–AD.

Applicability: Model 757–200 series airplanes; as listed in Boeing Service Bulletin 757–25–0181, dated June 26, 1997, and Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 757–25A0187, dated September 18, 1997; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (d) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent failure of the attachment installation of the forward lavatory during an emergency landing, which could result in injury to the crew and passengers, accomplish the following:

(a) For passenger airplanes identified in Boeing Service Bulletin 757–25–0181, dated June 26, 1997: Within 24 months or 3,000 flight cycles after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs first, install a doubler to the upper attachment installation of the forward lavatory in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 757–25–0181, dated June 26, 1997.

(b) For freighter airplanes identified in Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 757–25A0187, dated September 18, 1997: Within 24 months or 3,000 flight cycles after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs first, install floor panel inserts, a retention fitting assembly, and a doubler assembly to the lower attachment installation of the forward lavatory, in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 757–25A0187, dated September 18, 1997.

(c) As of the effective date of this AD, no person shall install a floor panel, part number 141N5410–12 or 141N5410–28, on any airplane.

Note 2: Floor panels having part numbers 141N5410–12 and 141N5410–28 are only installed on freighter airplanes and are not used on passenger airplanes.

(d) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Seattle ACO.

Note 3: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Seattle ACO.

(e) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(f) The actions shall be done in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 757-25-0181, dated June 26, 1997, and Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 757-25A0187, dated September 18, 1997, as applicable. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124–2207. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(g) This amendment becomes effective on June 1, 1999.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on April 19, 1999.

D. L. Riggin,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 99–10181 Filed 4–23–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 98-CE-80-AD; Amendment 39-11141; AD 99-09-08]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Avions Pierre Robin Model R2160 Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.
ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) that applies to all Avions Pierre Robin Model R2160 airplanes. This AD requires repetitively inspecting the aileron/flap common support bracket for cracks, loose rivets, or separation of the bracket from the skin, and reinforcing the bracket either immediately or at a certain time period depending on whether discrepancies are found during the inspections. Reinforcing the aileron/ flap common support bracket terminates the repetitive inspection requirement. This AD is the result of mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) issued by the airworthiness authority for France. The actions

specified by this AD are intended to detect defects in the aileron/flap common support bracket (cracks, loose rivets, or separation of the bracket from the skin), which could result in reduced or loss of control of the airplane.

DATES: Effective June 7, 1999.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of June 7, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Service information that applies to this AD may be obtained from Avions Pierre Robin, 1, route de Troyes, 21121 Darois-France; telephone: 33–3 80 44 20 50; facsimile: 33–3 80 35 60 80. This information may also be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 98–CE–80–AD, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Karl M. Schletzbaum, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Small Airplane Directorate, 1201 Walnut, suite 900, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 426–6932; facsimile: (816) 426–2169.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Events Leading to the Issuance of This AD

A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an AD that would apply to all Avions Pierre Robin Model R2160 airplanes was published in the **Federal Register** as a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) on February 8, 1999 (64 FR 5985). The NPRM proposed to require repetitively inspecting the aileron/flap common support bracket for cracks, loose rivets, or separation of the bracket from the skin, and reinforcing the bracket either immediately or at a certain time period depending on whether discrepancies are found during the inspections.

Accomplishment of the proposed inspections as specified in the NPRM would be required in accordance with Avions Pierre Robin Service Bulletin No. 90, dated May 3, 1982.

Accomplishment of the proposed reinforcement as specified in the NPRM would be required in accordance with Avions Pierre Robin Repair Kit No. 97.40.16, as specified in Avions Pierre Robin Service Bulletin No. 90, dated May 3, 1982.

The NPRM was the result of mandatory continuing airworthiness

information (MCAI) issued by the airworthiness authority for France.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. No comments were received on the proposed rule or the FAA's determination of the cost to the public.

The FAA's Determination

After careful review of all available information related to the subject presented above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed except for minor editorial corrections. The FAA has determined that these minor corrections will not change the meaning of the AD and will not add any additional burden upon the public than was already proposed.

Cost Impact

The FAA estimates that 10 airplanes in the U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 4 workhours per airplane to accomplish the initial inspection and modification, and that the average labor rate is approximately \$60 per work hour. Parts cost approximately \$100 per airplane. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$3,400, or \$340 per airplane.

These figures only take into account the costs of the initial inspection and do not take into account the costs of repetitive inspections. The FAA has no way of determining the number of repetitive inspections an owner/operator will incur during 12 months or when a crack is found, whichever occur first (when the modification becomes mandatory).

Regulatory Impact

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a

substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the final evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding a new airworthiness directive (AD) to read as follows:

99-09-08 Avions Pierre Robin:

Amendment 39–11141; Docket No. 98–CE–80–AD.

Applicability: Model R2160 airplanes, all serial numbers, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (f) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated in the body of this AD, unless already accomplished.

To detect defects in the aileron/flap common support bracket (cracks, loose rivets, or separation of the bracket from the skin), which could result in reduced or loss of control of the airplane, accomplish the following:

(a) Within the next 50 hours time-inservice (TIS) after the effective date of this AD, and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 50 hours TIS until the reinforcement required by paragraph (b) of this AD is accomplished, inspect the aileron/flap common support brackets for cracks, loose rivets, or separation of the bracket from the skin. Accomplish this

inspection in accordance with Avions Pierre Robin Service Bulletin No. 90, dated May 3, 1982

- (b) At whichever of the compliance times in paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this AD that occurs first, reinforce the left-hand and right-hand aileron/flap common support bracket in accordance with the instructions in Avions Pierre Robin Repair Kit No. 97.40.16, as specified in Avions Pierre Robin Service Bulletin No. 90, dated May 3, 1982.
- (1) Prior to further flight if any crack(s), loose rivet(s), and/or separation of the bracket from the skin is/are found during any inspection required by paragraph (a) of this AD; or
- (2) Within the next 12 calendar months after the effective date of this AD.
- (c) Reinforcing the aileron/flap common support bracket as specified in paragraph (b) of this AD is considered terminating action for the repetitive inspection requirement of this AD.
- (d) As of the effective date of this AD, no person may install, on any affected airplane, an aileron/flap common support bracket that has not been reinforced as specified in paragraph (b) of this AD.
- (e) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.
- (f) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance times that provides an equivalent level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, FAA, 1201 Walnut, suite 900, Kansas City, Missouri 64106. The request shall be forwarded through an appropriate FAA Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Small Airplane Directorate.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Small Airplane Directorate.

(g) Questions or technical information related to the service information referenced in this AD should be directed to Avions Pierre Robin, 1, route de Troyes, 21121 Darois-France; telephone: 33–3 80 44 20 50; facsimile: 33–3 80 35 60 80. This service information may be examined at the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

(h) The inspections required by this AD shall be done in accordance with Avions Pierre Robin Service Bulletin No. 90, dated May 3, 1982. The reinforcements required by this AD shall be done in accordance with the instructions in Avions Pierre Robin Repair Kit No. 97.40.16, as specified in Avions Pierre Robin Service Bulletin No. 90, dated May 3, 1982. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Avions Pierre Robin, 1, route de Troyes, 21121 Darois-France. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri, or at the

Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, suite 700, Washington, DC

Note 3: The subject of this AD is addressed in issued French AD 82–70–(A), dated May 19, 1982.

(i) This amendment becomes effective on June 7, 1999.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on April 15, 1999.

Michael Gallagher,

Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 99–10173 Filed 4–23–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 96-NM-214-AD; Amendment 39-11145; AD 99-09-12]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; British Aerospace (Jetstream) Model 4101 Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to all British Aerospace (Jetstream) Model 4101 series airplanes, that requires repetitive inspections to detect damage of the structure associated with the engine nacelle fairing attached to the wing flaps, and repair of any damage found; drilling a new drain hole in each engine nacelle fairing; and applying a sealant to the gap between the wing flap and engine nacelle fairing. This amendment also requires correction of discrepancies, and modification of the wing flap structure, which terminates the repetitive inspections. This amendment is prompted by reports of fatigue cracks found in the structure that attaches the engine nacelle fairing to the wing flaps. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent such fatigue cracking, which could result in the partial or complete separation of the fairing from the wing flap, and consequent additional structural damage to the airframe and/or reduced controllability of the airplane.

DATES: Effective June 1, 1999.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of June 1, 1999.

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from AI(R) American Support, Inc., 13850 Mclearen Road, Herndon, Virginia 20171. This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Norman B. Martenson, Manager, International Branch, ANM-116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056; telephone (425) 227-2110; fax (425) 227-1149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to all British Aerospace (Jetstream) Model 4101 series airplanes was published as a supplemental notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) in the Federal Register on February 17, 1999 (64 FR 7830). That action proposed to require repetitive inspections to detect damage of the structure associated with the engine nacelle fairing attached to the wing flaps, and repair of any damage found; drilling a new drain hole in each engine nacelle fairing; and applying a sealant to the gap between the wing flap and engine nacelle fairing. That action also proposed to limit the applicability of the AD. The action also proposed to require corrective actions for discrepancies, and modification of the wing flap structure, which would terminate the repetitive inspections.

Comments

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. No comments were submitted in response to the proposal or the FAA's determination of the cost to the public.

Conclusion

The FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed.

Cost Impact

The FAA estimates that 51 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD.

It will take approximately 2 work hours per airplane to perform the detailed visual inspection, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the inspection required by this AD on U.S.