DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

ETA 207, Nonmonetary Determination Activities Report

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, conducts a pre-clearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA95) [44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)]. This program helps to ensure that requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and financial resources) is minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements on respondents can be properly assessed. Currently, the **Employment and Training** Administration is soliciting comments concerning the proposed extension collection of the ETA 207, Nonmonetary Determinations Report.

A copy of the proposed information collection request (ICR) can be obtained by contacting the office listed below in the addressee section of this notice.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the office listed in the addressee section below on or before July 2, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Diann Lowery, U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Workforce Security, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Frances Perkins Bldg. Room S–4516, Washington, DC 20210. Telephone number 202–693–33210 (this is not a toll-free number). FAX number 202–693–3229.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The ETA 207 Report, Nonmonetary Determinations, contains State data on the number and types of issues that arise and data on the denials of benefits that may result due to reasons associated with a claimant's reason for separation from work such as voluntary leaving, or questions of continuing eligibility such as refusal of suitable work. These data are used by the Office of Workforce Security (OWS) to determine workload counts, to enable the OWS to evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of nonmonetary determination procedures, and to

evaluate the impact of State and Federal legislation with respect to disqualifications.

II. Review Focus

The Department of Labor is particularly interested in comments which:

- evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and * minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

III. Current Actions

The continued collection of the information contained on the ETA 207 report is necessary to enable the national office to continue evaluating State performance in the nonmonetary determination area and to continue using the data as a key input to the administrative funding process.

Type of Review: Extension without change.

Agency: Employment and Training Administration (ETA).

Title: Nonmonetary Determinations Report.

OMB Number: 1205–0150. Agency Number: ETA 207. Affected Public: State and Local Governments.

Total Respondents: 53. Frequency: Quarterly. Total Responses: 212.

Average Time per Response: 4.22 hours.

Estimated Total Burden Hours: 896 hours.

Total Burden Cost (capital/startup): 0. Total Burden Cost (operating/maintaining): 0.

Comments submitted in response to this comment request will be summarized and/or included in the request for Office of Management and Budget approval of the information collection request; they will also become a matter of public record. Dated: April 20, 2001.

Grace A. Kilbane,

Administrator, Office of Workforce Security.
[FR Doc. 01–11097 Filed 5–2–01; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4510–30–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (WIA); Notice of Incentive Funding Availability

AGENCY: Employment and Training Administration (ETA), Labor.

ACTION: Notice of incentive funding availability for the Workforce Investment Act of 1998.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, in collaboration with the Department of Education, announces that six States, (Florida, Indiana, Kentucky, Texas, Utah and Vermont), are eligible to apply for WIA incentive awards under the WIA Regulations.

DATE: The six eligible States must submit their applications for incentive funding to the Department of Labor by June 18, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. William Rabung (e-mail: wrabung@doleta.gov), Office of Workforce Security, U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, 200 Constitution Avenue NW., Room S–4231, Washington, DC 20210, telephone: (202) 693–3190 (voice) (This is not a toll-free number) or 1–800–326–2577 (TDD). Information may also be found at the website: http://usworkforce.org.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Six States that took the lead on implementing provisions of the Workforce Investment Act, (WIA), one year ahead of the full implementation date, have qualified for a share of the \$10.08 million available for incentive grant awards. These funds, authorized by 20 CFR 666.220, are available for a three year period to support innovative workforce system building activities which are eligible under title I or title II of WIA, or under the Perkins Act (Perkins III).

In order to qualify for a grant award, a State must have exceeded performance levels, agreed to by the Secretaries, Governor, and State Education Officer, for outcomes in State operated employment and adult education programs. The goals included placement after training, retention in employment, and improvement in literacy levels, among other measures.

The States eligible to apply for incentive grant awards, and the amount they are eligible to receive are Florida, \$2,645,125; Indiana, \$1,308,726; Kentucky, \$1,400,631; Texas, \$3,000,000; Utah, \$882,167; and Vermont \$843,351. The six eligible States must submit their applications for incentive funding to the Department of Labor by June 18, 2001. As set forth in the provisions of WIA section 503(b)(2), and 20 CFR 666.220(b), the application must include assurances that:

A. The legislature of the State was consulted with respect to the development of the application.

B. The application was approved by the Governor, the eligible agency for adult education (as defined in section 203 of WIA), and the State agency responsible for vocational and technical education programs.

C. The State and the eligible State agency, as appropriate, exceeded the State adjusted levels of performance for WIA title I, and the expected levels of performance for WIA title II.

In addition, States are requested to provide a description of the planned use of incentive grants as part of the application process, to ensure that the State's planned activities are innovative and are authorized under the WIA Title I, the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act, and/or the Perkins Act as amended, as required by WIA Section 503(a).

These applications may take the form of a letter from the Governor, or designee, to the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor, Raymond J. Uhalde, Attention: William Rabung, 200 Constitution Avenue, Room S—4231, Washington, DC 20210. The States will receive their incentive grant awards this summer.

Signed at Washington, D.C., on April 27, 2001.

Raymond J. Uhalde,

Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. [FR Doc. 01–11096 Filed 5–2–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[NAFTA-4618]

Eagle Knits of Stanfield Inc., Norwood, NC; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (Pub. L. 103–182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance, hereinafter called (NAFTA—TAA), and in accordance with section 250(a), subchapter D, chapter 2, title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2273), an investigation was initiated on March 8, 2001, in response to a petition filed on behalf of workers at Eagle Knits of Stanfield, Inc., Norwood, North Carolina.

The petitioner requested that the petition for NAFTA—TAA be withdrawn. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 24th day of April, 2001.

Linda G. Poole,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 01–11107 Filed 5–2–01; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4510–30–M**

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[NAFTA-04392]

Unilever-Bestfoods, Lipton, Conopco, Inc., Dallas, Texas; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA-Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 250(A), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Certification for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance on February 5, 2001, applicable to workers of Unilever-Bestfoods, Lipton, Dallas, Texas. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on March 2, 2001 (66 FR 13087).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers are engaged in the production of 50 pound bulk margarine cubes. New information shows that some workers separated from employment at Unilever-Bestfoods, Lipton had their wages reported under a separate unemployment insurance (UI) tax account for Conopco, Inc., a company established by the subject firm to handle worker compensation nationwide.

Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to properly reflect this matter.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Unilever-Bestfoods, Lipton, who were adversely affected by a shift of production of margarine to Canada.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA–04392 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Unilever-Bestfoods, Lipton, Conopco, Inc., Dallas, Texas, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after December 5, 1999, through February 5, 2003, are eligible to apply for NAFTA—TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 23rd day of April, 2001.

Linda G. Poole,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 01–11102 Filed 5–2–01; 8:45 am] ${\tt BILLING\ CODE\ 4510–30-M}$

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

Office of Federal Procurement Policy; Determination of Executive Compensation Benchmark Amount Pursuant to Section 808 of Public Law 105–85

AGENCY: Office of Federal Procurement Policy, OMB.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) is hereby publishing the attached memorandum to heads of agencies concerning the determination of the maximum "benchmark" compensation that will be allowable under government contracts during contractors' FY 2001—\$374,228. This determination is required to be made pursuant to section 808 of Pub. L. 105–85. It applies equally to both defense and civilian procurement agencies.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Richard C. Loeb, Executive Secretary, Cost Accounting Standards Board, OFPP on (202) 395–3254.

Sean O'Keefe,

Deputy Director.

To The Heads of Executive Departments and Agencies

Subject: Determination of Executive Compensation Benchmark Amount Pursuant to Section 808 of Pub. L. 105–85

This memorandum sets forth the "benchmark compensation amount" as required by section 39 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy (OFPP) Act (41 U.S.C. 435), as amended. Under section 39, the "benchmark compensation amount" is "the median amount of the compensation provided for all senior executives of all benchmark corporations for the most recent year for which data is available." The "benchmark compensation amount" established as directed by section 39 limits the allowability of compensation costs under government contracts. The "benchmark