day. Use 01 through 12 for January through December. For example, enter January 2, 2003, as 20030102.

- 11. Section 253.204–71 is amended as follows:
- a. In paragraph (a)(3) introductory text by revising the last sentence;
- b. By revising paragraphs (c)(1) and c)(3);
- c. In paragraph (e)(2)(i)(A)(4) by removing "contract" and adding in its place "contracting" and
- d. By adding paragraph (g)(1)(iii)(C) to read as follows:

253.204–71 DD Form 1057, Monthly Summary of Contracting Actions.

- (a) * * *
- (3) * * * Report actions exceeding \$25,000 but not exceeding \$200,000 that support a contingency, humanitarian, or peacekeeping operation, and actions exceeding \$25,000 but not exceeding \$200,000 that are placed by a contracting officer on a Navy vessel, on the monthly DD Form 1057 as follows:
- (C) * * * * * * *
- (1) LINE A1, REPORT MONTH. Enter four digits for the year and two digits for the month. Use 01 through 12 for January through December. For example, enter January 2003 as 200301.
- (3) LINE A3, CONTRACTING OFFICE CODES.
- (i) Line A3a, Reporting Agency FIPS 95 Code. Enter one of the following codes: 2100 (Army); 1700 (Navy); 5700 (Air Force); 96CE (Army Civil Works); 97AS (DLA); 9700 (all other defense agencies).
- (ii) Line A3b, Contracting Office Code. Enter the code assigned by the departmental data collection point in 204.670–1(c).

(g) * * * * * * * * * (1) * * * (1) * * * (1) * * * (1) * * * (1) * (2) * (3) * (4) * (4) * (4) * (5) * (5) * (6)

[FR Doc. 01–22420 Filed 9–10–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5000–04–U

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

48 CFR Part 207

[DFARS Case 2000-D030]

Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; Review of Acquisition Plans for Conventional Ammunition

AGENCY: Department of Defense (DoD).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: DoD has issued a final rule amending the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to add policy pertaining to acquisition plans for conventional ammunition. The rule requires military departments and defense agencies to submit acquisition plans to the DoD single manager for conventional ammunition (SCMA) for review.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 11, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Susan Schneider, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council, OUSD (AT&L) DP (DAR), IMD 3C132, 3062 Defense Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301–3062. Telephone (703) 602–0326; facsimile (703) 602–0350. Please cite DFARS Case 2000–D030.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Background

Section 806 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (Public Law 105-261) provides authority for the DoD SCMA to restrict the procurement of conventional ammunition to sources within the national technology and industrial base, when the SCMA determines such limitation is necessary to maintain a facility, producer, manufacturer, or supplier for an essential item of ammunition. This final DFARS rule facilitates the implementation of Section 806 by requiring military departments and defense agencies to submit acquisition plans for conventional ammunition to the SCMA for review.

This rule was not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866, dated September 30, 1993.

B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

This final rule does not constitute a significant revision within the meaning of FAR 1.501 and Public law 98–577 and publication for public comment is not required. However, DoD will consider comments from small entities concerning the affected DFARS subpart in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 610. Such comments should cite DFARS Case 2000–D030.

C. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act does not apply because the rule does not impose any information collection requirements that require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501, et seq.

List of Subjects in 48 CFR Part 207

Government procurement.

Michele P. Peterson,

Executive Editor, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council.

Therefore, 48 CFR Part 207 is amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for 48 CFR Part 207 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 41 U.S.C. 421 and 48 CFR Chapter 1.

PART 207—ACQUISITION PLANNING

- 2. Section 207.103 is amended as follows:
- a. By redesignating paragraphs (c), (d), (f), and (h) as paragraphs (d), (e), (g), and (i), respectively;
- b. In newly designated paragraph (d)(i), by revising the introductory text;
- c. In newly designated paragraph (d)(ii), in the second sentence, by removing "which" and adding in its place "that";
- d. In newly designated paragraph (e), in the first sentence, by removing the parenthetical "(c)" and adding in its place "(d)"; and
- e. By adding a new paragraph (h). The revised and added text reads as follows:

207.103 Agency-head responsibilities.

(d)(i) Prepare written acquisition plans for—

(h) For procurement of conventional ammunition, as defined in DoDD 5160.65, Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition (SCMA)—

(i) The department or agency—
(A) Must submit the acquisition plan to the SCMA at the following address: Deputy for Ammunition, Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Acquisition, Logistics and Technology), ATTN: SAAL–ZCA, 5001 Eisenhower Avenue, Alexandria, VA 22333–0001. Telephone: Commercial (703) 617–8001;

(B) Also must submit an acquisition plan to the SCMA for a new procurement covered by a previously approved acquisition plan, if the SCMA did not review the previously approved acquisition plan; and

(C) Must not proceed with the procurement until the SCMA provides written concurrence with the acquisition plan.

(ii) The SCMA—

DSN 767-8001;

(A) Will review the acquisition plan to determine if it is consistent with retaining national technology and industrial base capabilities in accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2304(c)(3) and Section 806 of Public law 105–261; and

(B) Will notify the department or agency of concurrence or non-concurrence. In the case of a non-concurrence, the SCMA, with assistance from the Army Office of the Executive Director for Conventional Ammunition, will attempt to resolve the matter with the department or agency. If no agreement is reached, the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Acquisition, Logistics and Technology) will make the final decision on the appropriate acquisition approach.

[FR Doc. 01–22422 Filed 9–10–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5000–04–M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

48 CFR Parts 219 and 252 and Appendix I to Chapter 2

[DFARS Case 2001-D006]

Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; DoD Pilot Mentor-Protege Program

AGENCY: Department of Defense (DoD). **ACTION:** Interim rule with request for comments.

SUMMARY: DoD has issued an interim rule amending the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to implement Section 807 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001. Section 807 adds women-owned small businesses to the types of concerns that may participate as protege firms in the DoD Pilot Mentor-Protege Program.

DATES: Effective date: September 11, 2001

Comment date: Comments on the interim rule should be submitted to the address shown below on or before November 13, 2001, to be considered in the formation of the final rule.

ADDRESSES: Respondents may submit comments directly on the World Wide Web at http://emissary.acq.osd.mil/dar/dfars.nsf/pubcomm. As an alternative, respondents may e-mail comments to: dfars@acq.osd.mil. Please cite DFARS Case 2001–D006 in the subject line of e-mailed comments.

Respondents that cannot submit comments using either of the above methods may submit comments to: Defense Acquisition Regulations Council, Attn: Ms. Angelena Moy, OUSD (AT&l) DP (DAR), IMD 3C132, 3062 Defense Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301–3062; facsimile (703) 602–0350. Please cite DFARS Case 2001–D006.

At the end of the comment period, interested parties may view public

comments on the World Wide Web at http://emissary.acq.osd.mil/dar/dfars.nsf.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Angelena Moy, (703) 602–1302.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Background

This interim rule implements Section 807 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (Public Law 106–398). Section 807 adds women-owned small businesses to the types of concerns that may participate as protege firms in the DoD Pilot Mentor-Protege Program. The rule also clarifies that business concerns owned and controlled by an Indian tribe or a Native Hawaiian organization are eligible to participate as protege firms in the Program.

This rule was not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866, dated September 30, 1993.

B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

DoD expects this rule to have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, et seq. An initial regulatory flexibility analysis has been prepared and is summarized as follows: This interim rule permits women-owned small business concerns to participate as protege firms in the DoD Pilot Mentor-Protege Program. DoD expects this rule to have a beneficial impact on women-owned small business concerns, as participation in the Program provides protege firms an opportunity to enhance their capabilities and increase their participation as subcontractors. Presently, there are 3,471 womenowned small business concerns that do business with DoD. Since the inception of the Pilot Mentor-Protege Program, 160 mentor firms and 509 protege firms have participated in the Program.

A copy of the analysis may be obtained from the point of contact specified herein. DoD invites comments from small businesses and other interested parties. DoD also will consider comments from small entities concerning the affected DFARS subparts in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 610. Such comments should be submitted separately and should cite DFARS Case 2001–D006.

C. Paperwork Reduction Act

The information collection requirements of the DoD Pilot Mentor-Protege Program have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control Number 0704–0332, for use through March 31, 2004.

D. Determination To Issue an Interim Rule

A determination has been made under the authority of the Secretary of Defense that urgent and compelling reasons exist to publish this interim rule prior to affording the public an opportunity to comment. This interim rule implements Section 807 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (Public Law 106-398). Section 807 adds women-owned small businesses to the types of concerns that may participate as protege firms in the DoD Pilot Mentor-Protege Program. Section 807 became effective upon enactment on October 30, 2000. Comments received in response to this interim rule will be considered in the formation of the final

List of Subjects in 48 CFR Parts 219 and 252

Government procurement.

Michele P. Peterson,

Executive Editor, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council.

Therefore, 48 CFR Parts 219 and 252 and Appendix I to Chapter 2 are amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for 48 CFR Parts 219 and 252 and Appendix I to Subchapter I continues to read as follows:

Authority: 41 U.S.C. 421 and 48 CFR Chapter 1.

2. Section 219.7100 is revised to read as follows:

219.7100 Scope.

This subpart implements the Pilot Mentor-Protege Program established under Section 831 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991 (Public Law 101–510; 10 U.S.C. 2302 note). The purpose of the Program is to provide incentives for DoD contractors to assist protege firms in enhancing their capabilities and to increase participation of such firms in Government and commercial contracts.

3. Section 219.7102 is amended by revising paragraph (b); and in paragraph (d)(2) by removing "SDB" and adding in its place "applicable". The revised text reads as follows:

219.7102 General.

* * * *

- (b) Protege firms that are—
- (1)(i) small disadvantaged business concerns as defined at 219.001(1);
- (ii) Business entities owned and controlled by an Indian tribe;