Monitoring Plan that requires monitoring of Steller sea lions be done at the seasonally occupied (during late June to early October only), nonbreeding haul-out on Ugak Island. Specifically, the Monitoring Plan requires that AADC conduct pre- and post-launch aerial surveys, as well as real-time video monitoring and rocket motor noise measurements on the Ugak Island Steller sea lion haul-out. The Ugak haul-out is located approximately 2 miles (3.2 km) from Narrow Cape and about 3.5 miles (5.6 km) from the launch pad on a narrow sand spit on the north side of the Island facing the KLC. This is the only haul-out site within the Narrow Cape region that has the potential to be impacted by the sights and sounds of rocket launches from KLC.

Harbor seals (Phoca vitulina) haul out on the southeast side of Ugak Island, but this area is sheltered from direct sight of KLC by a 300 foot (9.1 meter, m) tall island cliff and receives heavy surf that creates a lot of background ambient noise. Because of the ambient noise levels at this site, the heavy surf often interferes with the ability of an animal to detect a sound even when that sound is above its absolute hearing threshold (Richardson et al., 1995). Therefore, it seems unlikely that harbor seals, because of the location of their haul-out. would hear noise associated with rocket launches from KLC.

During the September 1999 ait launch, Steller sea lions were observed on the Ugak Island haul-out pre-launch. Post-launch, the sea lions were observed in the water immediately offshore approximately 1 hour after the rocket was launched. Video documentation was made of the haul-out area prelaunch but failed during the launch, so no direct stimulus-response data tying sea lion behavior to rocket noise could be made. However, the pre-launch video showed a stampede off the haul-out approximately 4.5 hours before the launch that could not be correlated with any documented disturbance near the haul-out, and it is possible that the sea lions may have remained in the water until the post-launch survey.

AADC recognizes in their application that despite the lack of direct stimulus-response data tying sea lion behavior to rocket launches from KLC, the unusual, high-intensity stimuli resulting from launch-related sights and sounds means that evacuation of the Ugak haul-out site by sea lions could reasonably be expected.

Solid rocket boosters from KLC launches will fall into the ocean away from any known or potential haul-out sites and do not pose any threat to Ugak

Island. Therefore, the anticipated impacts on marine mammals would be infrequent and unintentional incidental harassment resulting from the sights and sounds generated by rocket launches. Launch noises may cause a startle response and flight to water for those Steller sea lions hauled-out on northern Ugak Island. Launch noise is expected to occur over the coastal habitats of Narrow Cape and Ugak Island during every launch, while sonic booms will occur approximately 40 nautical miles (74 km) downrange, beyond the outer continental shelf over open ocean and pose no threat to hauled-out pinnipeds.

Because the sights and sounds of rocket launches have the potential to result in harassment of pinnipeds, an MMPA authorization under section 101(a)(5)(A) or (D) is required in order to exempt the applicant from the penalties of the MMPA for taking by harassment.

Regulations, if issued, would authorize NMFS to issue a LOA for the taking of small numbers of Steller sea lions incidental to rocket launches associated with the ait, QRLV, STARS, and other commercial space launch programs from Kodiak Launch Complex on Kodiak Island, Alaska.

Dated: October 26, 2001.

William T. Hogarth,

Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 01–27734 Filed 11–2–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22–8

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 622

[I.D. 101901E]

Caribbean Fishery Management Council; Public Hearings

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of intent to prepare a draft supplemental environmental impact statement (DSEIS); request for comments; notice of public hearings.

SUMMARY: The Caribbean Fishery
Management Council (Council) intends
to prepare a DSEIS to assess the impacts
on the natural and human environment
of the management measure proposed in
its draft Amendment 2 to the Fishery
Management Plan for the Queen Conch
Resources of Puerto Rico and the U.S.
Virgin Islands (FMP). The purpose of

this document is to solicit public comments on the scope of the issues to be addressed in the DSEIS and to provide information on the Council's intended schedule for hearings for completing the DSEIS and submitting it to NMFS for filing with the Environmental Protection Agency for publication of a notice-of-availability for public comment.

DATES: The two public hearings will be held on Monday, November 26, 2001; see **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**. Written comments on the scope of issues to be addressed in the DSEIS will be accepted through November 26, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be sent to Miguel A. Rolón, Executive Director, Caribbean Fishery Management Council, 268 Muñoz Rivera Avenue, Suite 1108, San Juan, Puerto Rico 00918-1920, telephone: 787-766-5926; fax: 787-766-6239; or you can send comments by e-mail to: Miguel.A.Rolon@noaa.gov or Graciela.Garcia-Moliner@noaa.gov. Copies of the draft Amendment 2 and the preliminary DSEIS may be obtained by contacting the Caribbean Fishery Management Council, 268 Muñoz Rivera Avenue, Suite 1108, San Juan, Puerto Rico 00918-2577, phone: 787-766-5926. Public hearings will meet at Puerto Rico, and St. Thomas, VI: for specific locations, see SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Caribbean Fishery Management Council, 268 Muñoz Rivera Avenue, Suite 1108, San Juan, Puerto Rico 00918-2577, phone: 787–766–5926, or Dr. Peter J. Eldridge, Southeast Regional Office, NMFS, 9721 Executive Center Drive N., St. Petersburg, FL 33702, phone: 727–570–5305; fax: 727–570–5583; e-mail: Peter.Eldridge@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The FMP was prepared by the Council and approved and implemented by NMFS under procedures of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act). The FMP's management measures for queen conch apply in the Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) in the U.S. Caribbean. For the purposes of the FMP and its implementing regulations, the U.S. Caribbean consists of the Federal waters beyond the 9 nautical mile boundary in Puerto Rico, and beyond the 3 nautical mile boundary in St. Thomas, St. John and St. Croix, U.S. Virgin Islands. The FMP currently establishes the following

management measures for queen conch: (1) A 9-inch overall minimum size limit, or a 3/8-inch shell-lip thickness limitation on the possession of queen conch; (2) a requirement that all species in the management unit be landed in the shell, and that the sale of undersized queen conch and queen conch shells be prohibited; (3) a bag limit of three queen conch/day for recreational fishers, not to exceed 12 per boat, and 150 queen conch/day for licensed commercial fishers; (4) the closure of the harvest season from July 1 through September 30 of each consecutive year; and (5) the prohibition of harvesting queen conch by HOOKAH gear in the EEZ.

The Council is preparing draft FMP Amendment 2. The objectives of Amendment 2 are to address NMFS' determination that queen conch is overfished and is undergoing overfishing. Amendment 2, in addressing these issues, proposes to prohibit the harvest and possession of queen conch in the Caribbean EEZ. The Council is preparing a DSEIS as an integrated part of Amendment 2. The DSEIS will describe the amendment's proposed management measure and reasonable alternatives and will assess the environmental impacts of the proposed and alternative measures. The Council is requesting written comments on the scope of the issues to be addressed in the DSEIS. Based on input received during eight public hearings held previously in July 2000 (see notice of these hearings at 65 FR 40600), the Council intends to revise draft Amendment 2, as appropriate, and to finalize the DSEIS. At the July 2000 hearings, the Council changed the number of the Amendment from Amendment 1 to Amendment 2. The proposed management measure has not

been included in a previous FMP amendment.

The Council intends that the public hearings scheduled for November 26, 2001, supplement, for scoping purposes, the eight public hearings that the Council conducted from July 10, 2000, through July 26, 2000, on a preliminary draft of Amendment 2 and associated preliminary DSEIS. The Council also invites the public to comment on the scope of the issues to be addressed by Amendment 2 and its DSEIS and on the types of environmental impacts associated with alternative management measures, including the proposed measure discussed above.

Once the Council completes the DSEIS, it will submit it to NMFS for filing with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). EPA will publish in the **Federal Register** a notice of availability of the DSEIS for public comment. This procedure is pursuant to regulations issued by the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) for implementing the procedural provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) (40 CFR parts 1500-1508) and to NOAA's Administrative Order 216-6 regarding NOAA's compliance with NEPA and the CEQ regulations.

The Council intends to consider public comments received on the DSEIS before adopting final management measures for a final Amendment 2 and to prepare a final supplemental environmental impact statement (FSEIS) in support of its final Amendment 2. The Council would then submit the final Amendment 2 and supporting FSEIS to NMFS for Secretarial review, approval, and implementation under the Magnuson-Stevens Act. NMFS will announce availability of Amendment 2 for public review during the Secretarial review period though notice published in the Federal Register. During

Secretarial review, NMFS will also file the FSEIS with EPA for a final public comment period on the FSEIS. This comment period will be concurrent with the Secretarial review period and will end prior to final agency action to approve, disapprove, or partially approve Amendment 2. All public comment periods on Amendment 2, its proposed implementing regulations, and its associated FSEIS will be announced through notice published in the Federal Register. NMFS will consider all public comments received during the Secretarial review period for Amendment 2 (60-day period), whether they are on the amendment, the FSEIS, or the proposed regulations, prior to final agency action.

Time and Location for Public Hearings

Both hearings are scheduled on, Monday, November 26, 2001, at the following times and locations.

- 1. Puerto Rico, Pierre Hotel, De Diego Avenue, Condado, Puerto Rico, from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.
- 2. US Virgin Islands, Windward Passage Holiday Inn Hotel, Veterans Drive, Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, VI, from 7 p.m. to 10 p.m.. Written comments will be accepted through November 26, 2001.

Special Accommodations

These hearings are physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to the Council office (see ADDRESSES) by November 16, 2001.

Dated: October 30, 2001.

Bruce Morehead,

Acting Director Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 01–27723 Filed 10–31–01; 4:27 pm] BILLING CODE 3510–22–8