education and extension, science and technology programs, and other matters as described below:

**DATES:** The announced meeting is scheduled during two days: Thursday, April 4, 2002, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Friday, April 5, 2002 9 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.

ADDRESSES: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Silver Spring Metro Center III, 1315 East-West Highway, Room 4527, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Ronald C. Baird, Director, National Sea Grant College Program, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, 1315 East-West Highway, Room 11716, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910, (301) 713-2448.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Panel, which consists of a balanced representation from academia, industry, state government and citizens groups, was established in 1976 by Section 209 of the Sea Grant Improvement Act (Public Law 94-461, 33 U.S.C. 1128). The Panel advises the Secretary of Commerce and the Director of the National Sea Grant College Program with respect to operations under the Act, and such other matters as the Secretary refers to them for review and advice. The agenda for the meeting is as follows:

# Thursday, April 4, 2002

- 9:00 a.m.—Welcoming and Opening Formalities, Change of Panel Chairs, **Election of Sea Grant Review Panel** Officers, Approval of Last Meeting Minutes and Agenda, Introductory Remarks.
- 9:20 a.m.—Executive Committee Report.
- 9:45 a.m.—NSGO Director's Update.
- 10:15 a.m.—Sea Grant Association Report.
- 10:45 a.m.—Break.
- 11:00 a.m.—Allocation Committee Report.
- 12:00 noon—Working Lunch (Wisconsin Sea Grant Information Management System Demonstration).
- 1:45 p.m.—Allocation Committee Report (continued).
- 2:45 p.m.—Duce Committee Report Consideration.
- 3:45 p.m.—Break.
- 4:00 p.m.—Program Evaluation Implementation Report.
- 4:15 p.m.—Best Management Practices. 4:30 p.m.—Coastal States Organization Presentation.

#### Friday, April 5, 2002

- 9:00 a.m.—NOAA Update.
- 9:30 a.m.—Congressional Update.
- 10:30 a.m.—Break.
- 10:45 a.m.-NSGO Update, Sea Grant Fisheries Extension, Communications

Update, Education Update, NOAA MSI/Environmental Entrepreneurship Program, Aquatic Nuisance Species, Maine and New Hampshire Sea Grant College, Status.

12:00 noon—Wrap-up.

12:30 p.m.—Adjourn.

This meeting will be open to the public.

#### Louisa Koch,

Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research. [FR Doc. 02-7058 Filed 3-22-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-KA-M

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

## National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

# [I.D. 031902A]

## **Endangered Species; Permits**

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Receipt of an application for a research permit (1374).

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given of the following actions regarding permits for takes of endangered and threatened species for the purposes of scientific research and/or enhancement under the Endangered Species Act (ESA): NMFS has received an application for a scientific research permit from Dr. Andrew J. Read of Duke University Marine Laboratory.

**DATES:** Comments or requests for a public hearing on any of the new applications or modification requests must be received at the appropriate address or fax number no later than 5 p.m. eastern standard time on April 24, 2002.

**ADDRESSES:** Written comments on the new application should be sent to the appropriate office as indicated below. Comments may also be sent via fax to the number indicated for the application. Comments will not be accepted if submitted via e-mail or the Internet. The application and related documents are available for review in the indicated office, by appointment:

Permits, Conservation and Education Division, F/PR1, 1315 East West Highway, Silver Spring, MD 20910 (phone:301-713-2289, fax: 301-713-0376).

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Lillian Becker, Silver Spring, MD (phone: 301-713-2319, fax: 301-713-0376, e-mail: Lillian.Becker@noaa.gov).

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## Authority

Issuance of permits and permit modifications, as required by the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531-1543) (ESA), is based on a finding that such permits/modifications: (1) are applied for in good faith; (2) would not operate to the disadvantage of the listed species which are the subject of the permits; and (3) are consistent with the purposes and policies set forth in section 2 of the ESA. Scientific research and/or enhancement permits are issued under section 10(a)(1)(A) of the ESA. Authority to take listed species is subject to conditions set forth in the permits. Permits and modifications are issued in accordance with and are subject to the ESA and NMFS regulations governing listed fish and wildlife permits (50 CFR parts 222-226).

Those individuals requesting a hearing on an application listed in this notice should set out the specific reasons why a hearing on that application would be appropriate (see ADDRESSES). The holding of such hearing is at the discretion of the Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NOAA. All statements and opinions contained in the permit action summaries are those of the applicant and do not necessarily reflect the views of NMFS.

#### **Species Covered in This Notice**

The following species are covered in this notice:

# Sea turtles

Threatened and endangered Green turtle (Chelonia mydas)

Endangered Kemp's ridley turtle (Lepidochelys kempii)

Threatened Loggerhead turtle (Caretta caretta)

#### Application 1374

The purpose of this research is to describe relationships between the movements of sea turtles and the fall gillnet flounder fishery as well as habitat use of loggerhead, green and Kemp's ridley sea turtles. Turtles will be collected in collaboration with the NMFS Beaufort Laboratory Turtle Research Team as part of their "Coastal North Carolina Demographic and Life History Studies" program under endangered species permit #1260. The turtles will be monitored via satellite telemetry. The applicant will monitor up to 30 loggerhead, 10 green and 10 Kemp's ridley sea turtles.

Dated: March 20, 2002. Ann Terbush, Chief, Permits, Conservation, and Education

Division, Office of Protected Resources, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 02–7135 Filed 3–22–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-S

# COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

# Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Cotton and Wool Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in the Republic of Korea

March 19, 2002.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs adjusting limits.

## EFFECTIVE DATE: March 25, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ross Arnold, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482– 4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port, call (202) 927–5850, or refer to the U.S. Customs website at http://www.customs.gov. For information on embargoes and quota reopenings, refer to the Office of Textiles and Apparel website at http:// otexa.ita.doc.gov.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended. The current limits for certain categor

The current limits for certain categories are being reduced for carryforward used.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see **Federal Register** notice 66 FR 65178, published on December 18, 2001). Also see 66 FR 59578, published on November 29, 2001.

# James C. Leonard III,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

# Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

March 19, 2002.

Commissioner of Customs,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC

#### 20229

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on November 23, 2001, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton, wool, man-made fiber, silk blend and other vegetable fiber textiles and textile products in the following categories, produced or manufactured in the Republic of Korea and exported during the twelve-month period which began on January 1, 2002 and extends through December 31, 2002.

Effective on March 25, 2002, you are directed to reduce the limits for the following categories, as provided for under the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing:

Category	Adjusted twelve-month limit <sup>1</sup>
Sublevels within Group II 338/339 435	1,427,770 dozen. 37,396 dozen.

<sup>1</sup>The limits have not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after December 31, 2001.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception to the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1). Sincerely, James C. Leonard III, *Chairman, Committee for the* 

Implementation of Textile Agreements. [FR Doc. 02–7070 Filed 3–22–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DR-S

# COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Request for Public Comment on a Petition to Amend a Rule of Origin under the North American Free Trade ies are being reduced for carryforward used. Agreement (NAFTA)

March 19, 2002. **AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

**ACTION:** Request for Public Comments concerning a petition filed under Section 7.2 of Annex 300-B of NAFTA to amend the NAFTA rules of origin for certain men's and boy's woven shirts.

**SUMMARY:** On February 26, 2002 the Chairman of CITA received a petition from the American Textile Manufacturers Institute (ATMI) requesting CITA to commence consultations with the governments of Canada and Mexico for the purpose of amending the rules of origin set forth in Annex 401 of the NAFTA for Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS) subheadings 6205.20 - 6205.30. In particular, ATMI requests that paragraph (c) of the subheading rule applicable to HTS subheadings 6205.20 - 6205.30 be deleted.

ATMI claims that the fabrics described in paragraph (c) of the subheading note are currently being produced in commercial quantities in the United States and are available in a timely manner. Specifically, ATMI claims that Dan River, Inc., an ATMI member, currently has in its line a fabric that conforms to the following specifications:

Fiber content	60% cotton / 40% polyester
Weight	108.5 grams per square meter
Construction	Plain weave, not of square construc- tion
Thread count	74 per square cen- timeter
Average yarn size Finish	71.07 metric Available bleached and dyed

A modification of the NAFTA rules of origin may only be made after reaching agreement with the other NAFTA parties. CITA hereby solicits public comments on this petition, in particular with regard to whether the fabric described above can be supplied by the domestic industry in commercial quantities in a timely manner. Comments must be submitted by **April 24, 2002**.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Martin Walsh, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482-3400.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 USC 1854); Section 202(q) of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (19 USC 3332(q)); Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended

### **BACKGROUND:**

Under the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), NAFTA countries are required to eliminate customs duties on textile and apparel goods that qualify as originating goods under the NAFTA rules of origin, which are set out in Annex 401 to the NAFTA. The NAFTA provides that the rules of origin for textile and apparel products may be amended through a subsequent agreement by the NAFTA countries. In consultations regarding such a change, the NAFTA countries are to consider issues of availability of supply of fibers, yarns, or fabrics in the free trade area and whether domestic producers are