Brenda Hardnett or Carol Booker at (202) 401–3736.

Dated: May 8, 2002.

Carol Booker,

Legal Counsel.

[FR Doc. 02–11936 Filed 5–8–02; 3:09 pm]

BILLING CODE 8236-01-M

CIVIL RIGHTS COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meeting

AGENCY: Commission on Civil Rights. **DATE AND TIME:** Friday, May 17, 2002, 9:30 a.m.

PLACE: U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, 624 Ninth Street, NW., Room 540, Washington, DC 20425.

STATUS:

Agenda

I. Approval of Agenda

II. Approval of Minutes of April 12, 2002 Meeting

III. Announcements

IV. Staff Director's Report

V. State Advisory Committee Appointments for Arizona, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Oregon, and New York, and Approval of SAC the Chair for Washington State

VI. State Advisory Committee Report

• Race Relations in Waterloo

VII. Future Agenda Items

10:30 a.m. Briefing: Enforcement without Evidence? Consequences of Government Race Data Collection Bans of Civil Rights

CONTACT PERSON FOR FURTHER INFORMATION: Les Jin, Press and Communications (202) 376–7700.

Debra A. Carr,

Deputy General Counsel. [FR Doc. 02–11811 Filed 5–7–02; 4:29 am] BILLING CODE 6335–01–M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Office of the Secretary

[Docket No. 020502107-2107-01]

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Department of Commerce. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the Department's proposal for a new system of records.

The system is entitled "Commerce/ Census-9, Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics System." The Census Bureau will use these data to undertake studies intended to improve

the quality of its core demographic and economic censuses and surveys and conduct policy-relevant research. By using administrative record data from other agencies, the Census Bureau will be able to improve the quality and usefulness of its data, while reducing costs and respondent burden. This notice is submitted in accordance with the requirements of the Privacy Act, Title 5, United States Code (U.S.C.), Section 552a, and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-130, Appendix I, "Federal Agency Responsibilities for Maintaining Records About Individuals." We invite public comment on the system announced in this publication.

DATES: Effective Date: The system will become effective without further notice on June 10, 2002, unless the Census Bureau receives comments that require a contrary determination.

Comment Date: To be considered, written comments must be submitted on or before June 10, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Please address comments to: Gerald W. Gates, Privacy Act Officer, Policy Office, Room 2430 FB 3, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233–3700. Comments received will be available for public inspection at this same address from 8:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Eloise Parker, Administrative Records Coordinator, Policy Office, Room 2430 FB 3, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233–3700; telephone: (301) 457– 2520.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is to announce the establishment of the Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics System and to request public comment. As required by 5 U.S.C. 552a(o) of the Privacy Act, the Commerce Department submitted reports on this new system to both Houses of Congress on May 10, 2002. The establishment of this system of records will be effective June 10, 2002, unless Commerce receives comments that would result in a contrary determination.

The purpose of the Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics System of records is to enable the Census Bureau to undertake studies intended to improve the quality of its core demographic and economic censuses and surveys and conduct policy-relevant research. By using administrative record data from other agencies, the Census Bureau will be able to improve the quality and usefulness of its data, while reducing costs and respondent burden.

This system will contain personally identifiable information from administrative record systems from two national-level files: Social Security's Numident and Master Earnings Files; and one state-level program: **Unemployment Insurance Contribution** and Employment Reporting System. Information from these administrative record systems will be combined with selected Census Bureau demographic and economic census and survey data, with the combined data used for census and survey planning and evaluation, and policy-relevant research. All personal identifiers from these files will be removed and replaced with Census Bureau-generated unique identifiers and maintained within a secured, restricted environment, with access limited to a select number of persons sworn to uphold the confidentiality of Census Bureau data. No public disclosure of these data will be made. All authorized uses of the data will be for statistical purposes only. An in-house Administrative Records Project Review Board will oversee all such Census Bureau uses of these data to ensure that they are used only for authorized purposes.

COMMERCE/CENSUS-9

SYSTEM NAME:

Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics System, COMMERCE/ CENSUS—9.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

Bowie Computer Center, U.S. Census Bureau, 17101 Melford Boulevard, Bowie, MD 20715.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE

The population of the United States. In order to approximate coverage of the entire U.S. population, the Census Bureau will combine administrative record files from the Internal Revenue Service, the Social Security Administration, selected Census Bureau economic and demographic censuses and surveys, and comparable data from selected state agencies.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Personal identifiers— e.g., name and social security number (this information will be replaced by Census Bureaugenerated unique identifiers, which will be provided on statistical data files); Demographic information—e.g., gender, race, ethnicity, education, marital status, tribal affiliation, veterans status; Geographic information—e.g., address; Economic information—e.g., income, job information, total assets; and

Processing information—e.g., processing codes and quality indicators.

AUTHORITIES FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM: Title 13, U.S.C.

PURPOSE(S):

The purpose of the Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics System of records is to enable the Census Bureau to undertake studies intended to improve the quality of its core demographic and economic censuses and surveys and conduct policy-relevant research. By using administrative record data from other agencies, the Census Bureau will be able to improve the quality and usefulness of its data, while reducing costs and respondent burden.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

These data will be used by the Census Bureau to evaluate and enhance selected survey data and to produce new data products and conduct analyses of the social and economic characteristics of the population. The administrative record files will be used both alone and in conjunction with Census Bureau census or survey data for these purposes. The data will not be used to identify specific individuals, but will be used to produce statistical extracts with information from one or more of the source files. These records are being maintained and used by the Census Bureau solely for statistical purposes and are confidential under Title 13, U.S.C., Section 9. Only persons sworn to uphold the confidentiality of Census Bureau information and who have a need to know will have access to the data. Publications will not contain data that could identify any individual or establishment. No determinations affecting individual respondents will be made as a result of this routine use.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STODAGE:

Records will be stored in a secure computerized system and on magnetic tape; output data will be either electronic or paper copy. All identifiable data will be maintained in a secure environment, and access to identifiable information will be restricted to only a small number of persons sworn to uphold the confidentiality of Census Bureau data that have a need to know.

RETRIEVABILITY:

Records are maintained within a secure, restricted access environment

and can be retrieved by unique serial identification numbers internal to the Census Bureau by only a limited number of persons sworn to uphold the confidentiality of Census Bureau data and who have a need to know. It should be noted that the purpose of these identifiers is not to facilitate retrieval of information concerning specific individuals, but only to develop matched data sets for subsequent statistical extracts.

SAFEGUARDS:

Only a limited number of persons sworn to uphold the confidentiality of Census Bureau data and who have a need to access these data will have access to them in identifiable form in order to construct the linked data sets and produce statistical extracts. The data will not be used to identify specific individuals, but will be used to create extracts containing information from one or more of the source files. Extract files will be released only to designated persons sworn to uphold the confidentiality of Census Bureau data and who have a need to know. The microdata will not be made publicly available. Any publications resulting from these data will be cleared for release under the direction of the Census Bureau's Disclosure Review Board, which will confirm that the data do not directly or indirectly disclose information that would identify any individual or establishment. All persons sworn to uphold the confidentiality of Census Bureau data are subject to the restrictions, penalties, and prohibitions of Title 13, U.S.C., Sections 9 and 214; the PrivacyAct of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(4)); Title 18, U.S.C., Section 1905; Title 26, U.S.C., Section 7213; and Title 42, U.S.C., Section 1306. When confidentiality or penalty provisions differ, the most stringent provisions apply to protect the data. Persons sworn to uphold the confidentiality of Census Bureau data are regularly advised of the regulations issued pursuant to Title 13, U.S.C., and other relevant statutes governing confidentiality of the data. The restricted access environment has been established to limit the number of persons having direct access to identifiable microdata from this system. While all persons with access to this system are sworn to uphold the confidentiality of Census Bureau data, this restricted access environment further protects the confidentiality of the data and prevents unauthorized use of or access to it. These safeguards provide a level and scope of security that is not less than the level and scope of security established by the Office of Management and Budget in OMB

Circular No. A–130, Appendix III, Security of Federal Automated Information Systems. Furthermore, the use of unsecured telecommunications to transmit individually identifiable or deducible information derived from the administrative record files is prohibited.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Retention and disposal practices are in accordance with the General Records Schedule and Census Bureau records control schedules that are approved by the National Archives and Records Administration. Each of the agreements between the Census Bureau and the administrative record source agencies contain specific language pertaining to retention and disposal. Retention is not to exceed 10 years, unless, by agreement with the source agency, it is determined that a longer period is necessary for statistical purposes. At the end of the retention period or upon demand, all original files, extracts, and paper copies from each agency will be returned to the source agency or destroyed as stated in the respective interagency agreement.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Associate Director for Demographic Programs, U.S. Census Bureau, FOB 3, Washington, DC 20233.

CUSTODIAN:

Director, Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics Program, Demographic Surveys Division, Demographic Programs Directorate, U.S. Census Bureau, FOB 3, Washington, DC 20233.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Selected state and federal administrative record systems and Census Bureau censuses and surveys.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THIS SYSTEM:

Pursuant to Title 5, U.S.C., Section 552a(k)(4), this system of records is exempted from the notification, access, and contest requirements of the agency procedures (under Title 5, U.S.C., Section 552a(c)(3), (d), (e)(1), (e)(4)(G), (H), and (I), and (f)). This exemption is applicable, as the data are maintained by the Census Bureau solely as statistical records, as required under Title 13, U.S.C., and are not used in whole or in part in making any determination about an identifiable individual or establishment. This exemption is made in accordance with agency rules published in the rules section of the Federal Register.

Dated: May 7, 2002.

Brenda S. Dolan,

Department of Commerce, Freedom of Information/Privacy Act Officer.

[FR Doc. 02–11774 Filed 5–9–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-07-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Docket 22-2002]

Foreign-Trade Zone 39—Dallas/Fort Worth, TX; Expansion of Subzone 39E, Fossil Partners, L.P. (Watches and Consumer Goods)

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) by the Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport Board, grantee of FTZ 39, requesting on behalf of the watch and accessories warehousing/ distribution facility of Fossil Partners, L.P. (Fossil) to expand Subzone 39E, located in Richardson, Texas. The applicant requests the addition of a new site in Dallas, Texas. The application was submitted pursuant to the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), and the regulations of the Board (15 CFR part 400). It was formally filed on May 1, 2002.

Subzone 39E was approved on December 3, 1997 (Board Order No. 937, 12/10/97). Authority was granted for the warehousing/distribution of watches and accessories at the Fossil facility. The original authority covered a facility located at 2280 N. Greenville Avenue (300,000 sq. ft., 20.41 acres) in Richardson, Texas. On January 28, 2002, authority was granted for a minor boundary modification (A(27f)–7–02), which allowed the company to temporarily relocate its subzone designation (300,000 sq. ft.) to a facility located at 10615 Sanden Drive (517,000 sq. ft., 47.5 acres), in Dallas, Texas.

Fossil requests an expansion of subzone status that would cover its entire Dallas (Sanden Drive) site (517,000 sq. ft.; 47.5 acres). The company also requests a reinstatement of the 300,000 sq. ft. at the Richardson, Texas facility, that was deleted in the January 2002 action that is described above. The nature of the original warehousing/distribution operation at the subzone remains unchanged in terms of products and activities. The level of activity would increase commensurate with the increase in the size of the facility (300,000 sq. ft. to 517,000 sq. ft.).

In accordance with the Board's regulations, a member of the FTZ Staff has been designated examiner to

investigate the application and report to the Board.

Public comment on the application is invited from interested parties. Submissions (original and 3 copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at one of the addresses:

- 1. Submissions via Express/Package Delivery Services: Foreign-Trade Zones Board, U.S. Department of Commerce, Franklin Court Building—Suite 4100W, 1099 14th Street NW, Washington, DC 20005; or,
- 2. Submissions via the U.S. Postal Service: Foreign-Trade Zones Board, U.S. Department of Commerce, FCB— Suite 4100W, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230.

The closing period for their receipt is July 9, 2002. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period (to July 24, 2002).

A copy of the application and accompanying exhibits will be available for public inspection at the Office of the Foreign-Trade Zones Board at the first address listed above and the U.S. Department of Commerce, Export Assistance Center, 711 Houston Street, Fort Worth, Texas 76102.

Dated: May 1, 2002.

Dennis Puccinelli,

 ${\it Executive Secretary.}$

[FR Doc. 02–11772 Filed 5–9–02; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P**

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [A–588–835]

Oil Country Tubular Goods (OCTG) From Japan: Rescission of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce. **SUMMARY:** In response to a request from petitioner, the $\bar{\text{Department}}$ of Commerce (the Department) initiated an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on oil country tubular goods (OCTG) from Japan. See Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews and Requests for Revocation in Part, 66 FR 49924 (October 1, 2001). This review covers four manufacturers/ exporters of OCTG for the period from August 1, 2000 through July 31, 2001. Because the petitioner has withdrawn its request for review, the Department is

rescinding its review of OCTG from Japan, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1).

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 10, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Doug Campau or Maureen Flannery, AD/CVD Enforcement Group III, Office 7, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington D.C. 20230; telephone (202) 482–1395 or (202) 482–3020, respectively.

Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations are references to the provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the provisions codified at 19 CFR Part 351 (2001).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Department published in the Federal Register the antidumping duty order on OCTG from Japan on August 11, 1995. See Antidumping Duty Order: Oil Country Tubular Goods From Japan, 60 FR 41058 (August 11, 1995). The Department received a timely request from petitioner, United States Steel LLC, to conduct an administrative review pursuant to section 351.213(b) of the Department's regulations. On September 24, 2001, the Department initiated an administrative review covering four manufacturers/exporters of OCTG: Kawasaki Steel Corporation, Nippon Steel Corporation, NKK Steel Corporation/NKK Tubes, and Sumitomo Metal Industries, Ltd. See Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews, 66 FR 49924 (October 1, 2001). On April 5, 2002, petitioner withdrew its request for administrative review with respect to all four respondents named in the initiation.

Rescission of Antidumping Administrative Review

Pursuant to our regulations, the Department will rescind an administrative review "if a party that requested the review withdraws the request within 90 days of the date of publication of notice of initiation of the requested review." See 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1). This section further provides that the Secretary may extend this time limit if the Secretary decides that it is reasonable to do so. See 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1). In this case, the interested party's withdrawal of its requests for review was not within the 90–day time