the book to sell 50 contracts and the CBOE trading crowd's market of 450 contracts. A customer order to buy 300 contracts at the market is received electronically. Here, the order will automatically execute against the order in the book for 50 contracts pursuant to Rule 6.8.B before LOU stops the remaining 250 contracts on the buy order at 5.20 and then routes those contracts to the crowd for potential price improvement and allocation.

Example 6. CBOE quote: 5–5.20; 300 x 200. A customer order to buy 300 contracts at the market is received electronically. Here, LOU will stop a 200-contract portion of the order at 5.20 (and send a stop notification for 200 contracts). The remaining 100 contracts of the order (the unstopped portion) will be routed for normal handling and representation. It will not be guaranteed a fill at the disseminated price at the time of receipt because that price was exhausted.

Lastly, the Exchange notes that the provisions of Rule 8.17 relating to the manual stopping of options order on the Exchange shall not apply to orders received and handled pursuant to proposed Rule 6.10. Rule 8.17 is applicable to manual stops and its terms would not make sense for electronically stopped orders.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes the proposed rule change will help customer orders receive fast and secure executions at disseminated prices and is therefore consistent with section 6(b) of the Act ⁵ in general and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) ⁶ in particular in that it should promote just and equitable principles of trade, serve to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and protect investors and the public interest.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change does not impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were solicited or received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 35 days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** or within such longer period (i) as the Commission may designate up to 90 days of such date if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the Exchange consents, the Commission will:

(A) by order approve such proposed rule change, or

(B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Persons making written submissions should file six copies thereof with the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW, Washington, DC 20549-0609. Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission's Public Reference Room. Copies of the filing will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal offices of the CBOE. All submissions should refer to File No. SR-CBOE-2002-31 and should be submitted by July 10, 2002.

For the Commission, by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority.⁷

Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–15428 Filed 6–18–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8010–01–P

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Request and Comment Request

The Social Security Administration (SSA) publishes a list of information collection packages that will require clearance by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with P.L. 104–13 effective October 1, 1995, The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The information collection packages that may be included in this notice are for new information collections,

revisions to OMB-approved information collections and extensions (no change) of OMB-approved information collections.

SSA is soliciting comments on the accuracy of the agency's burden estimate; the need for the information; its practical utility; ways to enhance its quality, utility and clarity; and on ways to minimize burden on respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Written comments and recommendations regarding the information collection(s) should be submitted to the OMB Desk Officer and the SSA Reports Clearance Officer at the following addresses: (OMB), Office of Management and Budget, Attn: Desk Officer for SSA, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, 725 17th St., NW., Washington, DC 20503; (SSA), Social Security Administration, DCFAM, Attn: Reports Clearance Officer, 1–A–21 Operations Bldg., 6401 Security Blvd., Baltimore, MD 21235.

I. The information collections listed below are pending at SSA and will be submitted to OMB within 60 days from the date of this notice. Therefore, your comments should be submitted to SSA within 60 days from the date of this publication. You can obtain copies of the collection instruments by calling the SSA Reports Clearance Officer at 410–965–0454, or by writing to the address listed above.

New Information Collection:

Pay.Gov Pilot—Phase-2 Testing—0960-New

Background

The Government Paperwork Elimination Act of 1998 directed federal agencies to develop electronic service delivery instruments as an alternative to traditional paper-based methods. SSA plans to expand its Internet services to enable citizens to complete the application process as well as to process their requests for post-entitlement transactions online. A major requirement for filing applications and for processing transactional requests is SSA's ability to adequately authenticate the citizen. SSA cannot disclose information unless it is under the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act and the Privacy Act of 1974. Because these transactions will be taking place online, SSA must authenticate citizens by asking for information that would positively identify the requester of the information as the proper party. This information will be validated against identifying information residing in databases

⁵ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

^{6 15} U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

^{7 17} CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

outside of SSA. Resultantly, SSA is planning to conduct a series of tests of the Treasury Department's "Pay.Gov" authentication engine as a possible tool for out-of-band authentication.

The Collection Pay.Gov—Phase-2

SSA plans to conduct a limited pilot using its online Direct Deposit application to test the Treasury Department's Pay.Gov authentication engine as a possible tool for the Agency to validate beneficiaries online that do not have a current Pin/Password. The respondents to this test will be SSA Title II recipients who need to be authenticated before access can the granted to SSA's Direct Deposit online service.

Number of Respondents: 161. Frequency of Response: 1. Average Burden Per Response: 5 minutes.

Estimated Annual Burden: 13 hours. Revision of an OMB-approved Information Collection: Statement for Determining Continuing Eligibility for Supplemental Security Income Payments—Adult, Form SSA– 3988–TEST; Statement for Determining Continuing Eligibility for Supplemental Security Income Payments—Child, Form SSA–3989–TEST—0960–0643

Background

The Social Security Act mandates periodic redeterminations of the nonmedical factors that relate to the SSI recipients' continuing eligibility for SSI payments. Recent SSA studies have indicated that as many as 2/3 of all scheduled redeterminations completed, with the assistance of a SSA employee, did not result in any change in circumstances that affected payment. Therefore, SSA is planing to expand the respondents and revise the test methodology of the currently approved test forms. The expansion of the test is needed to further validate whether the test redetermination process actually results in significant operational savings and a decrease in recipient inconvenience, while still timely obtaining the accurate data needed to determine continuing eligibility through the process.

The Collection

A limited test of forms SSA-3988-TEST and SSA-3989-TEST will be used to determine whether SSI recipients have met and continue to meet all statutory and regulatory non-medical requirements for SSI eligibility, and whether they have been and are still receiving the correct payment amount. The SSA-3988-TEST and SSA-3989-TEST are designed as self-help forms that will be mailed to recipients or to their representative payees for completion and return to SSA. The objectives of the expanded test are to determine the public's ability to understand and accurately complete the test forms. The respondents are recipients of SSI benefits or their representatives.

	Respondents	Frequency of re- sponse	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimate annual burden
SSA-3988-TEST	46,500 8,500	1 1	20 20	15,500 2,833
Total Annual Burden				18,333

II. The information collection listed below has been submitted to OMB for clearance. Your comments on the information collections would be most useful if received by OMB and SSA within 30 days from the date of this publication. You can obtain a copy of the OMB clearance package by calling the SSA Reports Clearance Officer on (410) 965–0454, or by writing to the address listed above.

New Information Collection:

Social Security Number Verification Service (SSNVS)—0960-New

Background

Under Internal Revenue Service regulations, employers are obligated to provide wage and tax data to SSA using form W–2, Wage and Tax Statement or its electronic equivalent. As part of this process, the employer must furnish the employee's name and their Social Security Number (SSN). This information must match SSA's records in order for the employee's wage and tax data to be properly posted to their Earnings Record. Information that is incorrectly provided to the Agency must be corrected by the employer using an amended reporting form, which is a labor-intensive and time-consuming process for both SSA and the employer.

Therefore, to help ensure that employers provide accurate name and SSN information, SSA plans to offer a free and secure Internet service for employers, SSNVS, that will allow them to perform advance verification of their employees' name and SSN information against SSA records.

SSNVS Collection

SSA will use the information collected through the SSNVS to verify that employee name and SSN information, provided by employers, matches SSA records. SSA will respond to the employer informing them only of matches and mismatches of submitted information. SSA plans to conduct a pilot with a limited number of test employers followed by national implementation. Respondents are employers who provide wage and tax data to SSA and have elected to participate in the pilot and the future national service.

Pilot Burden Hours Estimate

Number of Respondents: 100. Frequency of Response: 10. Average Burden Per Response: 5

minutes.

Estimated Annual Burden: 83 hours.

National Implementation Burden Hours Estimate

Number of Respondents: 1,000,000. Frequency of Response: 10. Average Burden Per Response: 5 minutes.

Estimated Annual Burden: 833,333

Please note: SSA estimates that each respondent will access the SSNVS an average of 10 times annually.

Revisions to OMB-approved Information Collections:

1. Statement for Determining Continuing Eligibility, Supplemental Security Income Payment—0960– 0145—Forms SSA–8202–F6 and SSA– 8202–OCR–SM

SSA uses form SSA-8202-F6 to conduct low- and middle-error-profile (LEP-MEP) telephone or face-to-face redetermination (RZ) interviews with Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients and representative payees. The information collected during the interview is used to determine whether SSI recipients have met and continue to meet all statutory and regulatory requirements for SSI eligibility and whether they have been, and are still receiving, the correct payment amount.

Form SSA-8202-OCR-SM (Optical Character Recognition-Self Mailer) collects information similar to that collected on Form SSA–8202–F6. However it is used exclusively in LEP RZ cases on a 6-year cycle. The respondents are recipients of SSI benefits or their representative payees.

	Respondents	Frequency of re- sponse	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated annual burden (hours)
SSA-8202-F6SSA-8202-OCR-SM	920,000 800,000	1 1	18 9	276,000. 120,000.
Total Burden				396,000.

Statement for Determining Continuing Eligibility for Supplemental Security Income Payments—0960–0416

SSA uses the information collected on form SSA–8203–BK for high-errorprofile (HEP) redeterminations of disability to determine whether SSI recipients have met and continue to meet all statutory and regulatory requirements for SSI eligibility and whether they have been, and are still receiving, the correct payment amount. The information is normally completed in field offices by personal contact (faceto-face or telephone interview) using the automated Modernized SSI Claim System (MSSICS). The respondents are recipients of title XVI SSI benefits.

Number of Respondents: 920,000. Frequency of Response: 1. Average Burden Per Response: 18 minutes

Estimated Annual Burden: 276,000 hours.

Dated: June 12, 2002.

Elizabeth A. Davidson,

Reports Clearance Officer, Social Security Administration.

[FR Doc. 02–15397 Filed 6–18–02; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 3984]

Advisory Committee on Historical Diplomatic Documentation; Notice of Meeting

The Advisory Committee on Historical Diplomatic Documentation will meet in the Department of State, 2201 "C" Street NW, Washington, DC, July 22–23, 2002, in Conference Room 1205. Prior notification and a valid photo are mandatory for entrance into the building. One week before the meeting, members of the public planning to attend must notify Gloria Walker, Office of the Historian (202–663–1124) to provide relevant dates of birth, Social Security numbers, and telephone numbers.

The Committee will meet in open session from 1:30 p.m. through 3:00

p.m. on Monday, July 22, 2002, to discuss declassification and transfer of Department of State electronic records to the National Archives and Records Administration and the status of the Foreign Relations series. The remainder of the Committee's sessions from 3:15 p.m. until 4:30 p.m. on Monday, July 22, 2002, and 9:00 a.m. until 1:00 p.m. on Tuesday, July 23, 2002, will be closed in accordance with section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92–463). The agenda calls for discussions of agency declassification decisions concerning the Foreign Relations series. These are matters not subject to public disclosure under 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(1) and the public interest requires that such activities be withheld from disclosure.

Questions concerning the meeting should be directed to Marc J. Susser, Executive Secretary, Advisory Committee on Historical Diplomatic Documentation, Department of State, Office of the Historian, Washington, DC, 20520, telephone (202) 663–1123, (e-mail history@state.gov).

Dated: May 23, 2002.

Marc J. Susser,

Executive Secretary of the Advisory Committee on Historical Diplomatic Documentation, Department of State. [FR Doc. 02–15469 Filed 6–18–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4710–11–P

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

[Docket No. WTO/DS-244]

WTO Dispute Settlement Proceeding Brought by Japan Regarding the Sunset Review of Antidumping Duties on Corrosion-Resistant Carbon Steel Flat Products From Japan

AGENCY: Office of the United States Trade Representative.

ACTION: Notice; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Office of the United States Trade Representative (USTR) is providing notice of the request by the Government of Japan for the

establishment of a dispute settlement panel under the Marrakesh Agreement Establishing the World Trade Organization (WTO) to examine certain aspects of the final determinations of both the United States Department of Commerce (DOC) and the United States International Trade Commission (ITC) in the full sunset review of antidumping duties on corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Japan, issued on August 2, 2000, and November 21, 2000, respectively. USTR is also providing notice that a dispute settlement panel to examine the same matter has been established. USTR invites written comments from the public concerning the issues raised in this dispute.

DATES: Although USTR will accept any comments received during the course of the dispute settlement proceedings, comments should be submitted on or before July 12, 2002, to be assured of timely consideration by USTR.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be submitted (i) electronically, to japancrsteel@ustr.gov, or (ii) by mail, to Sandy McKinzy, Attn: Japan Corrosion-Resistant Steel, Office of the United States Trade Representative, 600 17th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20508, with a confirmation copy sent electronically or by fax to (202) 395–3640

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Katharine J. Mueller, Assistant General Counsel, (202) 395–0317.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to Section 127(b) of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA) (19 U.S.C. 3537(b)(1)), USTR is providing notice that on April 4, 2002, the Government of Japan submitted a request for the establishment of a dispute settlement panel to examine certain aspects of the final determinations of DOC and ITC in the full sunset review of antidumping duties on corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Japan, and that, on May 22, 2002, a WTO dispute settlement panel was established at the request of the Government of Japan to examine the same matter.