

Dated: January 24, 2002.

Neal A. McCaleb,

Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.

[FR Doc. 02–3039 Filed 2–7–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–4N–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

Indian Gaming

AGENCY: Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of approved Tribal-State compact.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to section 11 of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (IGRA), Pub. L. 100–497, 25 U.S.C. 2710, the Secretary of the Interior shall publish, in the **Federal Register**, notice of the approval Tribal-State compacts for the purpose of engaging in Class III gaming activities on Indian lands. The Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior, through his delegated authority, has approved the Off-Track Wagering Compact between the Ponca Tribe and the State of Oklahoma, which was executed on October 13, 2001.

DATES: This action is effective upon date of publication.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George T. Skibine, Director, Office of Indian Gaming Management, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Washington, DC 20240, (202) 219–4066.

Dated: January 24, 2002.

Neal A. McCaleb,

Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.

[FR Doc. 02–3041 Filed 2–7–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–4N–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

Indian Gaming

AGENCY: Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of approved Tribal-State Compact.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to section 11 of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (IGRA), Pub. L. 100–497, 25 U.S.C. 2710, the Secretary of the Interior shall publish, in the **Federal Register**, notice of approved Tribal-State Compacts for the purpose of engaging in Class III gaming activities on Indian lands. The Assistant—Indian Affairs, department of the Interior, through his delegated authority, has approved the Tribal-State

Compact between the Pueblo of Nambe and the State of New Mexico, which was executed on December 21, 2001.

DATES: This action is effective upon date of publication.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

George T. Skibine, Director, Office of Indian Gaming Management, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Washington, DC 20240, (202) 219–4066.

Dated: January 25, 2002.

Neal A. McCaleb,

Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.

[FR Doc. 02–3040 Filed 2–7–02; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

Indian Gaming

AGENCY: Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of approved Tribal-State compact.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to section 11 of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (IGRA), Pub. L. 100–497, 25 U.S.C. 2710, the Secretary of the Interior shall publish, in the **Federal Register**, notice of the approved Tribal-State compacts for the purpose of engaging in Class III gaming activities on Indian lands. The Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior, through his delegated authority, has approved the Off-Track Wagering Compact between the Seneca-Cayuga and the State of Oklahoma, which was executed on October 13, 2001.

DATES: This action is effective upon date of publication.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

George T. Skibine, Director, Office of Indian Gaming Management, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Washington, DC 20240, (202) 219–4066.

Dated: January 23, 2002.

Neal A. McCaleb,

Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.

[FR Doc. 02–3038 Filed 2–7–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–4N–M

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigations Nos. 701–TA–409–412 and 731–TA–909 (Final)]

Low Enriched Uranium From France, Germany, the Netherlands, and the United Kingdom

Determinations

On the basis of the record ¹ developed in the subject investigations, the United States International Trade Commission (Commission) determines,² pursuant to section 705(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act),³ that an industry in the United States is materially injured ⁴ by reason of imports from France, Germany, the Netherlands, and the United Kingdom of low enriched uranium, provided for in subheadings 2844.20.00 or 2844.40.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that have been found by the Department of Commerce (Commerce) to be subsidized.

The Commission also determines,⁵ pursuant to section 735(b) of the Act,⁶ that an industry in the United States is materially injured ⁷ by reason of imports from France of low enriched uranium that have been found by Commerce to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV).

Background

The Commission instituted these investigations effective December 7, 2000, following receipt of a petition filed with the Commission and Commerce by USEC Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary United States Enrichment Corp., Bethesda, MD. The final phase of the investigations was scheduled by the Commission following notification of preliminary determinations by Commerce that imports of low enriched uranium from France, Germany, the Netherlands, and the United Kingdom were being subsidized within the meaning of section 703(b) of the Act ⁸ and were being sold at LTFV within the meaning

¹ The record is defined in § 207.2(f) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

² Vice Chairman Deanna Tanner Okun not participating.

³ 19 U.S.C. 1671d(b).

⁴ Commissioner Lynn M. Bragg determines that an industry in the United States is threatened with material injury.

⁵ Vice Chairman Deanna Tanner Okun not participating.

⁶ 19 U.S.C. 1673d(b).

⁷ Commissioner Lynn M. Bragg determines that an industry in the United States is threatened with material injury.

⁸ 19 U.S.C. 1671b(b).

of section 733(b) of the Act.⁹ Notice of the scheduling of the Commission's investigations and of a public hearing to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the **Federal Register** of September 5, 2001.¹⁰ The hearing was held in Washington, DC, on December 14, 2001, and all persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to appear in person or by counsel.

The Commission transmitted its determinations in these investigations to the Secretary of Commerce on February 4, 2001. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 3486 (February 2002), entitled *Low Enriched Uranium from France, Germany, the Netherlands, and the United Kingdom: Investigations Nos. 701-TA-409-412 and 731-TA-909 (Final)*.

Issued: February 4, 2002.

By order of the Commission.

Marilyn R. Abbott,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02-3037 Filed 2-7-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Provision of Aviation Training to Certain Alien Trainees, Additional Categories of Provisional Advance Consent

AGENCY: Department of Justice.

ACTION: Notice of advance consent for providing aviation training to certain alien trainees.

SUMMARY: Under section 113 of the Aviation and Transportation Security Act (ATSA), training providers subject to regulation by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) are prohibited from providing training to aliens in the operation of aircraft with a maximum certificated takeoff weight of 12,500 pounds or more, unless they provide prior notification to the Attorney General. This notice temporarily grants advance consent for the training of certain categories of aliens, without

requiring that they provide identifying information to the Attorney General, based on a provisional finding that they do not constitute a risk to aviation or national security at this time.

DATES: This notice is effective February 8, 2002, and remains in effect until further notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Steven C. McCraw, Director, Foreign Terrorist Tracking Task Force, U.S. Department of Justice, 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20530, Telephone (703) 414-9535.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

On November 19, 2001, Congress enacted the Aviation and Transportation Security Act (ATSA), Pub. L. 107-71. Upon enactment, section 113 of the ATSA imposed new constrictions on persons subject to regulation under Title 49 subtitle VII part A, United States Code, with respect to providing aviation training to aliens. Persons subject to regulation under Title 49 subtitle VII Part A, United States Code, include individual training providers, certificated carriers, and flight schools (hereinafter collectively referred to as "training providers"). Pursuant to section 113, training providers must provide the Attorney General with the alien's identification in such form as the Attorney General may require in order to initiate a security risk assessment by the Department of Justice. After notification, the Attorney General then has 45 days to inform the training provider that the alien should not be given the requested training because he or she presents a risk to aviation or national security. If the Attorney General does not indicate that the person is a risk within this 45-day review period, then the training provider may proceed with training. The ATSA, however, permits the Attorney General to interrupt training if he later determines that the alien poses a risk to aviation or national security. The Attorney General has delegated his authority under section 113 to the Director of the Foreign Terrorist Tracking Task Force. The Department plans to publish implementation procedures shortly to provide a means by which training providers may notify the Attorney General with respect to covered individuals seeking aviation instruction who are not eligible for advance consent in order to initiate the Department of Justice's 45-day review period.

On January 16, 2002, the Department published a notice in which it granted advance consent for certain categories of aliens to begin aviation training (the "First Advance Consent Notice"). 67 FR

2238 (Jan. 16, 2002). As discussed in that notice, the Department recognized that section 113 of the ATSA became immediately effective, and that training providers have been forced to suspend the training of aliens covered by the ATSA pending the implementation of the process for notification to the Attorney General. Because the suspension of training imposed a substantial economic burden on regulated training providers, the Department granted provisional advance consent, effective January 15, 2002, for training providers to resume aviation training for certain categories of aliens who appeared to pose a risk to aviation and national security which was sufficiently minimal that the Department would not deny them training. This notice supercedes the notice published in the **Federal Register** on January 16, 2002. 67 FR 2238 (Jan. 16, 2002). Any training commenced in compliance with that notice, however, remains valid and may continue.

Provisional Advance Consent for the Training of Certain Aliens

Since publication of the First Advance Consent Notice, the Department has continued to analyze the types of aliens seeking aviation training. The Department continues to believe that the primary intent of Congress regarding the enactment of this statute was to prevent potentially dangerous aliens from being taught how to pilot aircraft with a maximum certificated takeoff weight of 12,500 pounds or more. Based on that standard, it appears that certain categories of aliens pose little such risk. For example, currently licensed pilots who seek recurrent training already know how to fly the aircraft for which they wish to maintain proficiency. Denying such retraining would appear to offer no benefit to aviation or national security. Indeed, the purpose behind recurrent training is to make flying safer for the public.

The Department has determined that advance consent for aviation training could be granted to additional categories of aliens who appear not to pose the risk to aviation or national security contemplated by Congress in section 113 of the ATSA. The new categories of aliens identified by the Department have some overlap with respect to the three categories previously identified in the First Advance Consent Notice. Therefore, in order to prevent confusion, this notice supercedes the First Advance Consent Notice. Any training commenced in compliance with the First Advance Consent Notice, however, remains valid and may

⁹ 19 U.S.C. 1673b(b). Following final determinations by Commerce of sales at not less than fair value for imports of low enriched uranium from Germany, the Netherlands, and the United Kingdom (66 FR 65886, December 21, 2001), the Commission terminated investigations Nos. 731-TA-910-912 (Final) effective December 21, 2001 (67 FR 344, January 3, 2002).

¹⁰ 66 FR 46467, September 5, 2001. Subsequently, the Commission published notice of a revised schedule for the investigations and public hearing (66 FR 57986, November 19, 2001).