on stainless steel bar from Japan for sales made by Aichi Steel Works, Ltd., for the period February 1, 2001, through January 31, 2002. We gave interested parties an opportunity to comment on the preliminary results of review but received no comments. Therefore, these final results of review have not changed from those presented in the preliminary results of review, in which we applied total adverse facts available.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 4, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Brian Ellman, AD/CVD Enforcement 3, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone (202) 482–4852.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

The Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce's (the Department's) regulations are to the regulations codified at 19 CFR Part 351 (April 2001).

Background

On July 31, 2002, the Department published in the **Federal Register** (67 FR 49673) the preliminary results of the review of this order. In the preliminary results, we determined a weighted-average dumping margin of 61.47 percent for Aichi Steel Works, Ltd. (Aichi), for the period February 1, 2001, through January 31, 2002. We gave interested parties an opportunity to comment on our preliminary results. We received no comments. The Department has now completed the administrative review in accordance with section 751 of the Act.

Scope of Order

The merchandise covered by this order is stainless steel bar. For purposes of this order, the term "stainless steel bar" means articles of stainless steel in straight lengths that have been either hot-rolled, forged, turned, cold-drawn, cold-rolled or otherwise cold-finished, or ground, having a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, segments of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), triangles, hexagons, octagons or other convex polygons. Stainless steel bar includes cold-finished stainless steel

bars that are turned or ground in straight lengths, whether produced from hotrolled bar or from straightened and cut rod or wire, and reinforcing bars that have indentations, ribs, grooves, or other deformations produced during the rolling process.

Except as specified above, the term does not include stainless steel semi-finished products, cut-length flat-rolled products (*i.e.*, cut-length rolled products which if less than 4.75 mm in thickness have a width measuring at least 10 times the thickness, or if 4.75 mm or more in thickness having a width which exceeds 150 mm and measures at least twice the thickness), wire (*i.e.*, cold-formed products in coils, of any uniform solid cross-section along their whole length, which do not conform to the definition of flat-rolled products), and angles, shapes and sections.

The stainless steel bar subject to this order is currently classifiable under subheadings 7222.11.00, 7222.19.00, 7222.20.00 and 7222.30.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of the order is dispositive.

Final Results of the Review

We received no comments from interested parties, and we have determined that no changes to the preliminary results are warranted for these final results. Therefore, the weighted-average dumping margin for Aichi for the period February 1, 2001, through January 31, 2002, is 61.47 percent.

The Department will determine, and the Customs Service shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. The rate of 61.47 percent will be assessed uniformly on all entries of Aichi merchandise made during the period of review. The Department will issue appropriate assessment instructions directly to the Customs Service within 15 days of publication of these final results of review.

Furthermore, the following deposit rates will be effective upon publication of these final results for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date as provided for by section 751(a)(1) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for Aichi will be 61.47 percent; (2) for previously reviewed or investigated companies not listed above, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recent period; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior

review, or the original less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation, but the manufacturer is, the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recent period for the manufacturer of the merchandise; and (4) for all other producers and/or exporters of this merchandise, the cash deposit rate shall be 61.47 percent, the "all others" rate established in the LTFV investigation (59 FR 66930, December 28, 1994). This deposit rate shall remain in effect until publication of the final results of the next administrative review.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) this notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely notification of return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

We are issuing and publishing this determination in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: September 30, 2002.

Faryar Shirzad,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 02–25304 Filed 10–3–02; 8:45 am] $\tt BILLING\ CODE\ 3510-DS-S$

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-428-825]

Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip in Coils From Germany; Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; Extension of Time Limits

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of extension of time limits.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (the Department) is extending the time limits for the final results of the 2000–2001 administrative review of the antidumping duty order on stainless steel sheet and strip in coils from Germany. This review covers one manufacturer/exporter of the subject merchandise to the United States and the period July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2001.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 4, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Patricia Tran at (202) 482–1121 or Robert James at (202) 482–0649, Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Enforcement Group III, Office Eight, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 7, 2002, we published the preliminary results of this administrative review. See Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip in Coils from Germany; Notice of Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review 67 FR 51199 (August 7, 2002). Currently, the final results in this administrative review are due on December 5, 2002. Pursuant to section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act, the Department may extend the deadline for completion of an administrative review if it determines that it is not practicable to complete the final results of the review within the normal statutory time limit. Because petitioners' and respondent's case and rebuttal briefs raise complicated issues, such as major inputs from affiliated and unaffiliated suppliers, downstream home market sales, and application of facts available, the Department determines it is not practicable to complete this review within the normal statutory time limit. Therefore, the Department is extending the time limits for completion of the final results until February 3, 2003, in accordance with section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended.

Dated: September 27, 2002.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, Group III. [FR Doc. 02–25306 Filed 10–3–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[I.D. 092402B]

Endangered and Threatened Species; Take of Anadromous Fish

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Reopening of comment period; Notice of Availability and request for comments.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that NMFS is reopening the comment period for a proposed evaluation and pending determination of the Secretary of Commerce (Secretary) as to how a Resource Management Plan (RMP) addresses Endangered Species Act (ESA) criteria. The RMP was submitted jointly by the Makah Indian Tribe and the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife as the co-managing fisheries resource manager, pursuant to the ESA protective regulations promulgated for the Ozette Lake Sockeye Salmon Evolutionary Significant Unit (ESU). NMFS also is reopening the public comment period for a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) of the pending determination. The comment period is being reopened in response to requests for additional review time by the public. This document serves to notify the public of the extended availability of the proposed evaluation and draft EA for review and comment before NMFS makes its final National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and RMP determinations.

DATES: Written comments on the Secretary's proposed evaluation and draft EA must be received at the appropriate address or fax number (see **ADDRESSES**) no later than 5 p.m. Pacific Standard Time on October 21, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and requests for copies of the proposed evaluation and draft environmental assessment should be addressed to Tim Tynan, Sustainable Fisheries Division, National Marine Fisheries Service, 510 Desmond Drive, Suite 103, Olympia, WA 98503. Comments may also be sent via fax to 360/753–9517. The documents are also available on the Internet at http://www.nwr.noaa.gov/, Sustainable Fisheries Division site. Comments will not be accepted if submitted via e-mail or the Internet.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tim Tynan at phone number: 360/753–9579, or e-mail: *Tim.Tynan@noaa.gov* regarding the RMP.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is relevant to the Ozette Lake Sockeye Salmon (*Oncorhynchus nerka*) ESU.

Background

The Makah Indian Tribe, and the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife as the co-managing resource management agency under the United States v. Washington fisheries management framework, have provided a joint RMP in the form of a Hatchery and Genetic Management Plan (HGMP) for Ozette Lake sockeye salmon. The RMP encompasses artificial propagation, research, and monitoring and evaluation activities within the range of the Ozette Lake sockeve salmon ESU. The range of the ESU is the Ozette River, Ozette Lake, and Ozette Lake tributaries accessible to anadromous salmon. Performance objectives specified in the RMP include establishment of self-sustaining, tributary-spawning sockeye aggregations to increase natural spawning fish abundance levels in the Ozette Lake Basin. The RMP also includes research, monitoring, and evaluation actions designed to identify life history characteristics of the listed beach spawning sockeye salmon population, and factors limiting the productivity of the listed sockeve salmon ESU. Monitoring and evaluation programs are also used to ensure that the proposed artificial propagation measures are consistent with listed sockeye salmon conservation objectives.

As required by section 223.203 (b)(6) of the ESA 4(d) rule, the Secretary must determine whether the RMP for Ozette Lake sockeye salmon would appreciably reduce the likelihood of survival and recovery of the Ozette Lake sockeye salmon and other affected threatened ESUs, pursuant to government-togovernment processes described in 50 CFR 223.203. The Secretary must take comments on how the RMP addresses the criteria in 223.203(b)(5) in making that determination. NMFS will not complete the final NEPA and RMP determinations until after the end of the extended comment period, and NMFS will fully consider all public comments received during the comment period. NMFS will publish a record of its final action in the Federal Register.

Authority

Under section 4 of the ESA, NMFS, by delegated authority from the Secretary of Commerce, is required to adopt such regulations deemed necessary and advisable for the conservation of the species listed as threatened. The ESA salmon and steelhead 4(d) Rule (65 FR