basis for the revocation of Yemen's DEA Certificate of Registration.

Pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 824(a), the Administrator may revoke a registration to distribute List I chemicals upon a finding that the registrant has committed such acts as would render his registration under section 823 inconsistent with the public interest as determined under this section. Pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 823(h), the following factors are considered in determining the public interest:

- (1) Maintenance of effective controls against diversion of listed chemicals into other than legitimate channels;
- (2) Compliance with applicable Federal, State, and local law;
- (3) Any prior conviction record under Federal or State laws relating to controlled substances or to chemicals controlled under Federal or State law;
- (4) Any past experience in the manufacture and distribution of chemicals: and
- (5) Such other factors as are relevant to and consistent with the public health and safety.

Like the public interest analysis for practitioners and pharmacies pursuant to subsection (f) of section 823, these factors are to be considered in the disjunctive; the Administrator may rely on any one or combination of factors and may give each factor the weight he deems appropriate determining whether a registration should be revoked or an application for registration be denied. See, e.g. Energy Outlet, 64 FR 14,269 (1999). See also Henry J. Schwartz, Jr., M.D., 54 FR 16,422 (1989).

Regarding the first factor, maintenance of effective controls against diversion, the Administrator finds substantial evidence in the investigative file that Yemen and Alkafa actively participated in the illegal diversion of pseudoephedrine knowing it would be used to manufacture methamphetamine.

Regarding the second factor, compliance with applicable Federal, State, and local law, the investigative file that Yemen and Alkafa, and Alkaifi significantly violated applicable law in the following primary instances: first, by trafficking List I chemicals knowing that they would be diverted to the illicit manufacture of methamphetamine; second, by failing to keep and maintain required records; and third, by failing to report suspicious transactions. The confession of the individual arrested in California implicated Yemen and Alkafa in the active diversion of pseudoephedrine to the illicit manufacture of methamphetamine; the DEA search of August 7, 2000, revealed Yemen failed to keep or maintain any

records of its pseudoephedrine sales and purchases whatsoever; and the DEA investigation showed Yemen failed to report various suspicious transactions (money orders from California for List I chemical products; sales to individuals not registered with DEA as authorized to handle List I chemicals; failure to report transactions involving extraordinary quantities of a listed chemical).

The Administrator thus finds substantial evidence showing Yemen and Alkafa violated 21 U.S.C. 841(d)(1) (possession of a listed chemical with intent to manufacture a controlled substance); 841(d)(2) (possession/ distribution of a listed chemical knowing or having reasonable cause to believe, that the listed chemical will be used to manufacture a controlled substance); 841(g)(1) (knowing distribution of a listed chemical in violation of the Controlled Substances Act); 841(g)(2) (possession of a listed chemical with knowledge that recordkeeping or reporting requirements not adhered to); 842(a)(5) and (10) (failure to keep required records); and 830(b)(1)(a) (failure to report any regulated transaction involving an extraordinary quantity of a listed chemical, an uncommon method of payment or delivery, or any other circumstance the regulated person believes may indicate that the listed chemical will be used in violation of this subchapter). (Note: subparagraphs (d) and (g) of 841 have been redesignated as (c) and (f)).

Regarding the third factor, any prior conviction record under Federal or State laws relating to controlled substances or chemicals, there is no evidence in the investigative file that Yemen, Alkafa, or Alkaifi have any record of convictions under Federal or State laws relating to controlled substances or chemicals.

Regarding the fourth factor, past experience in the manufacture and distribution of chemicals, the Administrator finds substantial evidence in the investigative file that Yemen and Alkafa actively participated in the illegal trafficking of pseudoephedrine, knowing that it was being diverted to the manufacture of methamphetamine, and completely ignored the responsibilities of a DEA registrant. Yemen was shipping pseudoephedrine individuals in California not registered with DEA. Yemen purchased almost 26 million dosage units of pseudoephedrine during an eight month period, yet failed to keep required records concerning these purchases and sales. At the time of the service of the criminal search warrant, Yemen continued to stockpile 1.6 million dosage units of

pseudoephedrine in an unregistered offsite storage unit facility, for no stated legitimate purpose. The Administrator concludes that there is substantial evidence in the investigative file that this pseudoephedrine was also intended to be diverted to the illicit manufacture of methamphetamine.

Regarding the fifth factor, such other factors relevant to and consistent with the public safety, the Administrator finds substantial evidence that Yemen significantly violated applicable law by illegally trafficking millions of dosage units of pseudoephedrine knowing it was being diverted to the manufacture of methamphetamine and further by failing to keep and maintain required records and failure to report suspicious listed chemical transactions.

Accordingly, the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration, pursuant to the authority vested in him by 21 U.S.C. 823 and 824 and 28 CFR 0.100(b) and 0.104, hereby orders that **DEA Certificate of Registration** 003952YAY, previously issued to Yemen Wholesale Tobacco and Candy Supply, Inc., be, and it hereby is, revoked; and any pending applications for renewal or modification of said registration be, and hereby are, denied. This order is effective April 4, 2002.

Dated: February 22, 2002.

Asa Hutchinson, Administrator.

Certificate of Service

This is to certify that the undersigned, on February 25, 2002, placed a copy of the Final Order referenced in the enclosed letter in the interoffice mail addressed to Brian Bayly, Esq., Office of Chief Counsel, Drug Enforcement Administration, Washington, DC 20537; and caused a copy to be mailed, postage prepaid, registered return receipt to Mr. Nagi Alkafa, Yemen Wholesale Tobacco & Candy Supplies, Inc., 350 South Broadway, Yonkers, New York 10705

Karen C. Grant.

[FR Doc. 02-5222 Filed 3-4-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comments Requested

ACTION: Notice of information collection under review: new collection; Violent Criminal Apprehension Program (VICAP) Sexual Assault Crime Analysis Report.

The Department of Justice (DOJ), Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) has submitted the following formation collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the procedures of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. This proposed information collection was previously published in the **Federal Register** on October 5, 2001, in Volume 66, Number 194, page 51071.

The purpose of this notice is to allow for an additional 30 day for public comment until April 14, 2002. This process is conducted in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.10. Written comments and/ or suggestions regarding the items contained in this notice, especially the estimated public burden and associated response time, should be directed to The Office Of Management and Budget, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention Department of Justice Officer, Washington, DC 20503. Comments may also be submitted to Mr. Robert B. Briggs, Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, 601 D Street, NW., Suite 1600, Washington, DC 20004.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information are encouraged. Your comments should address one or more of the following four points:

- (1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- (2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- (3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected: and
- (4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of this information collection:

(1) Type of Information Collection: New Collection.

- (2) Title of the Form/Collection: Violent Criminal Apprehension Program (VICAP) Sexual Assault Crime Analysis Report.)
- (3) Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Justice sponsoring the collection: to be assigned. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Violent Criminal Apprehension Program Unit.
- (4) Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as as well as a brief abstract: Primary: State, Local, or Tribal Government. Brief Abstract: Collects data at crime scenes (e.g., unsolved sexual assaults) for analysis by VICAP staff of the FBI. Law enforcement agencies reporting similar pattern crimes will be provided information to initiate a coordinated multi-agency investigation to expedite identification and apprehension of violent criminal offenders (e.g., serial rapists).
- (5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond: 10,000 respondents at an average of one hour per response.

(6) An estimate of the annual total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: 10,000 total burden hours annually.

If additional information is required contact: Robert B. Briggs, Department Clearance Officer, Information
Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, United States
Department of Justice, 601 D Street, NW, Suite 1600, Washington, DC 20004.
Public comment on this proposed information collection is strongly encouraged.

Dated: February 26, 2002.

Robert B. Briggs,

Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 02–5150 Filed 3–4–02; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Immigration and Naturalization Service

Agency Information Collection Activities: Comment Request.

ACTION: 60-Day notice of information collection under review; Application for waiver of passport and/or visa; Form I–193.

The Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service has submitted the following information collection request for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. Comments are encouraged and will be accepted for sixty days until May 6, 2002.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information should address one or more

of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be

collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of this information collection:

- (1) Type of Information Collection: Extension of a currently approved collection.
- (2) *Title of the Form/Collection:*Application for Waiver of Passport and/or Visa.
- (3) Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Justice sponsoring the collection: Form I–193. Inspections Division, Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- (4) Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract: Primary: Individuals or households. The form will be used by an alien who wishes to waive the documentary requirements for passports and/or visas due to an unforeseen emergency. The INS will use the information to determine whether applicants are eligible for entry into the United States under 8 CFR parts 212.1(b)(3) and 212.1(g).

(5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond: 25,000 responses at 10 minutes (.166) per response.

(6) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: 4,150 annual burden hours.

If you have additional comments, suggestions, or need a copy of the