located within Fire Island National Seashore—primarily on the western end of the island. The park also manages the William Floyd Estate, a 611 acre historic property located on the mainland in Mastic, NY.

The GMP/EIS will be prepared by planners in the NPS Northeast Region, with assistance from advisors and consultants and will propose a longterm approach to managing Fire Island National Seashore. Consistent with the park's mission, NPS policy, and other laws and regulations, alternatives will be developed to guide the management of the park over the next 15 to 20 years. A range of alternatives will be formulated for natural and cultural resource protection, visitor use and interpretation, facilities development, and operations. The EIS will assess the impacts of alternative management strategies that will be described in the general management plan for Fire Island National Seashore. The public will be invited to express comments about the management of the park early in the process through public meetings and other media; and will have an opportunity to review and comment on the draft GMP/EIS. Following public review processes outlined under NEPA, the final plan will become official, authorizing implementation of the preferred alternative. The target date for the Record of Decision is April 2010.

Dated: April 14, 2006.

Mary A. Bomar,

Regional Director.

[FR Doc. 06–5345 Filed 6–12–06; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-21-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Draft General Management Plan/ Environmental Impact Statement, Montezuma Castle and Tuzigoot National Monuments. Arizona

AGENCY: National Park Service, Department of the Interior.

ACTION: Notice of Termination of the Environmental Impact Statement for the General Management Plan, Montezuma Castle and Tuzigoot National Monuments.

SUMMARY: The National Park Service (NPS) is terminating preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the General Management Plan, Montezuma Castle and Tuzigoot National Monuments, Arizona. A Notice of Intent to prepare the EIS for the Montezuma Castle and Tuzigoot National Monuments General

Management Plan was published May 29, 2003 (Vol. 68, No. 103). The National Park Service has since determined that an Environmental Assessment (EA) rather than an EIS is the appropriate environmental documentation for the general management plan.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The general management plan will establish the overall direction for the national monuments, setting broad management goals for managing the area over the next 15 to 20 years. The plan was originally scoped as an EIS. Few public comments were received during scoping or in response to the preliminary alternatives. The majority of the concerns expressed by stakeholders focused on continued access to recreational activities. No major concerns were raised regarding the effects on cultural resources resulting from the proposed changes in management of the monuments. Most of the comments received on the preliminary alternatives favored the preferred alternative. Two roundtables attended by representatives from Federal and state agencies, and local governments were conducted. These meetings focused on opportunities to work in partnership and no controversial issues were identified.

In the general management planning process the NPS planning team developed three alternatives for the national monument, none of which would result in substantial changes in the operation and management of the monuments. The preferred alternative primarily focuses on maintaining and protecting resources, expanding interpretation and visitor opportunities where appropriate, addressing maintenance/operations needs, developing new operations facilities within previously disturbed areas. The impact analysis of the alternatives revealed no major (significant) effects on the human environment or impairment of park resources and values. Most of the impacts to the monument's resources and values were negligible to minor in magnitude with the remainder being of moderate level.

For these reasons the NPS determined the appropriate National Environmental Policy Act documentation for the general management plan is an EA.

The draft general management plan/ EA is expected to be distributed for a 30 day public comment period in the fall of 2006 and a decision is expected be made in 2007. The NPS will notify the public by mail, website, and other means, and will include information on where and how to obtain a copy of the EA, how to comment on the EA, and the length of the public comment period.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Kathy Davis, Superintendent, Montezuma Castle and Tuzigoot National Monuments; P.O. Box 219, Camp Verde, Arizona, 86322; e-mail: Kathy_M_Davis@nps.gov.

Dated: April 28, 2006.

Michael D. Snyder,

 $Director, Intermountain\ Region.$

[FR Doc. E6–9192 Filed 6–12–06; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-EJ-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area Citizen Advisory Commission Meetings

AGENCY: National Park Service; Interior. **ACTION:** Notice of public meetings.

SUMMARY: This notice announces a public meeting of the Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area Citizen Advisory Commission. Notice of these meetings is required under the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. App. 2).

Date: Thursday, August 24, 2006, 7

Address: Lehman Township Municipal Building, Municipal Road, Bushkill, PA 18324.

The agenda will include reports from Citizen Advisory Commission members including committees such as National Resources, Inter-Governmental, Cultural Resources, By-Laws, Special Projects, and Public Visitation and Tourism. Superintendent John J. Donahue will give a report on various park issues, including cultural resources, natural resources, construction projects, and partnership ventures. The agenda is set up to invite the public to bring issues of interest before the Commission.

Date: Saturday, November 4, 2006, 9 a.m.

Address: Frankford Township Municipal Building, 151 State Highway 206, Augusta, NJ 07822.

The agenda will include reports from Citizen Advisory Commission members including committees such as Natural Resources, Inter-Governmental, Cultural Resources, By-Laws, Special Projects, and Public Visitation and Tourism. Superintendent John J. Donahue will give a report on various park issues, including cultural resources, natural resources, construction projects, and partnership ventures. The agenda is set up to invite the public to bring issues of interest before the Commission.

Date: Thursday, January 11, 2007, 7 p.m., Snow date: January 18, 2007. Address: Monroe County Conservation District, 8050 Running Valley Road, Stroudsburg, PA 18360.

The agenda will include reports from Citizen Advisory Commission members including committees such as Natural Resources, Inter-Governmental, Cultural Resources, By-Laws, Special Projects, and Public Visitation and Tourism. Superintendent John J. Donahue will give a report on various park issues, including cultural resources, natural resources, construction projects, and partnership ventures. The agenda is set up to invite the public to bring issues of interest before the Commission.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Superintendent John J. Donahue at 570–588–2418.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area Citizen Advisory Commission was established by Public Law 100–573 to advise the Secretary of the Interior and the United States Congress on matters pertaining to the management and operation of the Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area, as well as on other matters affecting the recreation area and its surrounding communities.

Dated: May 12, 2006.

John J. Donahue,

Superintendent.

[FR Doc. 06–5343 Filed 6–12–06; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-JG-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Transfer of an Easement From the City of Philadelphia, Through Its Fairmount Park Commission, to the United States of America for the Management of Washington Square as an Addition to Independence National Historical Park

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice of property transfer.

SUMMARY: Under the conditions of the Memorandum of Understanding (MU–SECY–1–9001), an easement for Washington Square as an addition to Independence National Historical Park has been conveyed from the City of Philadelphia, through its Fairmount Park Commission, to the United States of America for management by the National Park Service.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dennis Reidenbach at 215–597–7120. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Memorandum of Understanding (MU-

SECY-9001) of November 25, 1991 provided that an easement would be conveyed from the City of Philadelphia through its Fairmount Park Commission to the United States of America for management of Washington Square as a part of Independence National Historical Park, after the completion of major capital improvements to bring the property to National Park Service Standards. The restoration, repair, and rehabilitation of Washington Square was determined to have been completed to the satisfaction of the Secretary of Interior. Following the completion of the required improvements, the City of Philadelphia through its Fairmount Park Commission by deed dated May 18, 2005 conveyed an easement to the United States of America acceptable to the Secretary of the Interior consisting of the right to protect, maintain and manage Washington Square in accordance with federal laws and regulations pertaining to units of the National Park System, including the right to allow and control public access to said site.

Dated: October 14, 2005.

Dennis R. Reidenbach,

Superintendent, National Park Service, Independence National Historical Park.

[Editorial Note: This document received at the Office of the Federal Register on June 8, 2006.]

[FR Doc. 06–5342 Filed 6–12–06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4312–29–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Reclamation

San Luis Drainage Feature Reevaluation, Alameda, Contra Costa, Fresno, Kern, Kings, Merced, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, and Stanislaus Counties, CA

AGENCY: Bureau of Reclamation, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability of the Final Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the San Luis Drainage Feature Reevaluation.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969 (as amended), the Bureau of Reclamation has prepared a Final EIS for the San Luis Drainage Feature Reevaluation. Under section 1502.14(e) of the NEPA regulations, the Council for Environmental Quality requires identification of a preferred alternative in the Final EIS. To comply with this requirement and in accordance with the Federally-mandated Economic and Environmental Principles and

Guidelines for Water and Related Land Resources Implementation Studies, Reclamation has identified the National Economic Development alternative, the In-Valley/Drainage-Impaired Area Land Retirement Alternative, as the preferred alternative.

DATES: Reclamation will not make a decision on the proposed action until at least 30 days after release of the Final EIS. After the 30-day waiting period, Reclamation will complete a Record of Decision (ROD). The ROD will state the action that will be implemented and will discuss all factors leading to the decision.

ADDRESSES: To obtain a compact disc or paper copy of the Final EIS, please email Ms. Sammie Cervantes at scervantes@mp.usbr.gov or write Ms. Cervantes at Bureau of Reclamation, 2800 Cottage Way (MP-730), Sacramento, CA 95825. The Final EIS may be viewed online at http://www.usbr.gov/mp/sccao/sld/docs/index.html.

See the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section for locations where copies of the Final EIS are available.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Please contact Mr. Gerald Robbins at 916–978–5061, fax 916–978–5094, or e-mail: grobbins@mp.usbr.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The proposed Federal action is to plan and construct a drainage system for the San Luis Unit. This proposed action would meet the needs of the San Luis Unit for drainage service, fulfill the requirements of a February 2000 Court Order issued in litigation concerning drainage in the San Luis Unit, and be completed under the authority of Public Law 86-488. The Final EIS evaluates seven Action Alternatives in addition to a No Action Alternative: In-Valley Disposal, In-Valley Groundwater Quality Land Retirement, In-Valley Water Needs Land Retirement, In-Valley Drainage Impaired Area Land Retirement, Ocean Disposal, Delta-Chipps Island Disposal, and Delta Carquinez Strait Disposal. All of the alternatives would include common elements: on-farm and in-district actions, drainwater collection systems, regional reuse facilities, the Firebaugh sumps, and land retirement of at least 44,106 acres. In addition to the common elements, the action alternatives (except the Ocean Disposal) involve varying levels of drainwater treatment (by reverse osmosis, and/or biological selenium treatment) and/or additional land retirement. The resources evaluated in the Final include: surface