

of these final results of review. We will direct CBP to assess the resulting assessment rate against the entered customs values for the subject merchandise on each of the importer's entries during the POR.

The Department clarified its "automatic assessment" regulation on May 6, 2003 (68 FR 23954). This clarification will apply to entries of subject merchandise during the period of review produced by companies included in these final results of review for which the reviewed companies did not know their merchandise was destined for the United States. In such instances, we will instruct CBP to liquidate unreviewed entries at the all-others rate if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction. For a full discussion of this clarification, see *Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties*, 68 FR 23954 (May 6, 2003).

#### Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of the final results of this new shipper review for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date, as provided for by section 751(a)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Tariff Act):

(1) the cash deposit for Patagonik/CSR will be the rate established in the final results of this new shipper review;

(2) for any previously reviewed or investigated company not listed above, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published in the most recent period;

(3) the cash deposit rate for entries of subject merchandise exported/produced by Patagonik/CSR but not produced by Patagonik/CSR will continue to be the "all others" rate of 30.24 percent or the rate applicable to the producer/exporter if so established; and

(4) if neither the exporter nor the manufacturer is a firm covered in this or any previous review conducted by the Department, the cash deposit rate will be the "all others" rate from the LTFV investigation (30.24 percent). See *Notice of Antidumping Duty Order; Honey From Argentina*, 66 FR 63672 (December 10, 2001). These deposit requirements shall remain in effect until publication of the final results of the next administrative review.

#### Notification to Interested Parties

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f) to file a

certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of doubled antidumping duties.

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305, which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation, which is subject to sanction. We are issuing and publishing this determination and notice in accordance with sections section 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Tariff Act.

Dated: April 9, 2007.

David M. Spooner,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

#### Appendix: Issues and Decision Memorandum

Comment 1. Bona Fide nature of the sale  
Comment 2. Billing Adjustment  
Comment 3. Averaging of Beekeeper Costs

Comment 4. Drum Costs

Comment 5. Feed Costs

Comment 6. Rent

Comment 7. Honey Collector's Salary

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#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

##### National Institute of Standards and Technology

##### Notice of Meeting Regarding IPv6 Test Materials for the United States Government

**AGENCY:** National Institute of Standards and Technology, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Information Technology Laboratory (ITL) invites interested parties to attend a meeting pertaining to Internet Protocol

version 6 (IPv6) Test Materials for the United States Government.

NIST will host a meeting open to the public on May 4th, 2007, in Lecture Room B of building 101 at 9 am to discuss establishing a framework for a sound and viable testing methodology for Internet Protocol version 6. The discussion will include: USG requirements for testing, attributes of potential administrative frameworks for test programs, potential sources of test suites to serve as a technical basis for a testing program, and potential test providers who could carry out and/or provide services in support of such programs.

**DATES:** The public meeting will be held on May 4th, 2007 at 9 a.m. Parties wishing to submit information should send their materials to NIST no later than April 30, 2007.

**ADDRESSES:** The public meeting will be held at: NIST Administration Building, 100 Bureau Drive, Lecture Room B, Gaithersburg, MD 20899. Submissions of information should be sent to: *sp-500-267-comments@antd.nist.gov*.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Stephen Nightingale, *night@nist.gov*.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Following publication of NIST Special Publication 500-267 *A Profile for IPv6 in the Federal Government—Version 1.0*, NIST has begun to consider the feasibility and form of a possible testing program to demonstrate claims of compliance. Such a testing program might have two components:

(1) Qualified test laboratories testing to public domain test suites and relevant test methods, and

(2) An Approved Products List. The approved products list could identify Hosts, Routers and Network Protection Devices (including Firewalls) that have passed interoperability testing and conformance testing.

The objective of the meeting is to determine the following information:

(1) Whether there are test Suites for interoperability and conformance that can be placed in the public domain, free from intellectual property rights or other encumbrance and validated against the specifications, for use as the standard reference test suite for the U.S. Government IPv6 Profile.

(2) What test methods, being devices or procedural systems, can be validated in conjunction with the standard reference test suites.

(3) Whether there are testing facilities compliant with, or intending to be compliant with, ISO 17025 *General Requirements for the Competence of Calibration and Testing Laboratories*, which may conduct interoperability and

conformance testing of all or any integral part of the IPv6 Profile, in a forum open to all qualified applicants.

Other interested parties are also invited to submit written statements. All parties desiring to attend the meeting must register in advance, to help coordinate access to the NIST campus.

Draft NIST SP 500–267, the IPv6 profile, remains available electronically at <http://www.antd.nist.gov/usgv6-v1-draft.pdf>.

Dated: April 12, 2007.

**William Jeffrey,**

*Director.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### National Institute of Standards and Technology

#### International Code Council: The Update Process for the International Codes

**AGENCY:** National Institute of Standards and Technology, Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of Final Action Hearings on U.S. Model Building Safety and Fire Prevention Codes, 2007 supplement to the 2006 editions.

**SUMMARY:** The International Code Council (ICC), under whose auspices the International Codes (“I-Codes”) are developed, maintains a process for updating these model codes based on receipt of proposals from interested individuals and organizations. The ICC’s 14 separately published codes are each comprehensively updated and re-published every three years with a supplement released between each edition. The most current versions of the I-Codes are the 2006 editions. The 2007 supplement to the 2006 editions, the subject of this notice, will be released in July of 2007.

The purpose of this notice is to invite public participation in the Final Action Hearings of the present code development cycle that concludes in the publication of the 2007 supplement to the 2006 edition. Consistent with the procedures of the Governmental Consensus Process, following committee action taken at the Code Development Hearings held in September 2006, the ICC published the result of the hearings and invited and received public comment. At the Final Action Hearings contested proposals will again be publicly debated followed by membership action to approve or reject each scheduled item.

The publication of this notice by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) on behalf of ICC is being undertaken as a public service. NIST does not necessarily endorse, approve, or recommend any of the codes or standards referenced in the notice.

**Session Dates:** The Final Action Hearings of the 2006/2007 Code Development Cycle will occur between May 21 and May 26, 2007, at the Rochester Riverside Convention Center, Rochester, New York.

The agenda for the hearing as well as updates to the schedule are also posted on the ICC Web site at: <http://www.iccsafe.org>.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mike Pfeiffer, PE, Vice President, Codes and Standards Development at ICC’s Chicago District Office, 4051 West Flossmoor Road, Country Club Hills, Illinois 60478; Telephone 888–422–7233, Extension 4338; e-mail [mpfeiffer@iccsafe.org](mailto:mpfeiffer@iccsafe.org).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

The ICC produces a family of Codes and Standards that are comprehensive, coordinated, and are widely used across the country in the regulation of the built environment. Local, State, and Federal agencies use these codes and standards as the basis for developing regulations concerning new and existing construction. ICC’s model codes and standards are each developed and maintained through voluntary consensus development processes known as the Governmental Consensus Process. Consistent with the voluntary consensus requirements of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–113), the Governmental Consensus Process incorporates a balance of involved interests, ensures due process, provides for conclusion by consensus, the resolution of objections by interested parties, the fair consideration of all public comments, and has a prescribed process for appeal of any action.

The ICC code development process is initiated when proposals from interested persons—supported by written data, views, or arguments—are solicited, received and then published in the Proposed Changes document. This document is distributed a minimum of 30 days in advance of the Code Development Hearings and serves as the agenda for that session.

At the Code Development Hearing the ICC Code Development Committee for each code or subject area of the code considers testimony and takes action on each proposal (Approval, Disapproval,

or Approval as Modified). At the conclusion of committee action on each proposal, any member of the public assembly may make a motion for a vote by the ICC members in attendance (“assembly action”) to consider an action different than the committee action. Successful assembly actions on code changes become part of the record of public comments and are considered at the Final Action Hearing. Following the Code Development Hearing, the Report of the Public Hearing is published and identifies the disposition of each proposal, the reason for the committee’s action, and successful assembly actions. Any person may provide additional comment on the committee actions in the public comment period following the first hearing. These comments are published and distributed in Final Action Agenda which serves as the agenda for the second public hearing in each cycle.

Proposals which are approved by a vote of the Governmental Members of ICC at the Final Action Hearing are incorporated in either the Supplement or Edition, as applicable, with the next 18-month cycle starting with the submittal deadline for proposals. Proponents of proposals will receive a copy of all documents (Proposed Changes, Report of the Public Hearing and Final Action Agenda). Any interested party may also request a copy, free of charge, by downloading the “return coupon” from the ICC website at <http://www.iccsafe.org> and forwarding it as directed.

The International Codes consist of the following:

- International Building Code;
- International Code Council Electrical Code Administrative Provisions;
- International Energy Conservation Code;
- International Existing Building Code;
- International Fire Code;
- International Fuel Gas Code;
- International Mechanical Code;
- ICC Performance Code for Buildings and Facilities;
- International Plumbing Code;
- International Private Sewage Disposal Code;
- International Property Maintenance Code;
- International Residential Code;
- International Urban-Wildland Interface Code; and
- International Zoning Code.

Dated: April 12, 2007.

**William Jeffrey,**

*Director.*

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