foreign governments or international organizations.

- (B) When a particular foreign government or international organization has funded the acquisition of specific production and research property, do not assess the foreign government or international organization rental charges or nonrecurring recoupments for the use of such property.
- (2) Special tooling and special test equipment.
- (i) DoD normally recovers a fair share of nonrecurring costs of special tooling and special test equipment by including these costs in its calculation of the nonrecurring cost recoupment charge when major defense equipment is sold by foreign military sales or direct commercial sales to foreign governments or international organizations. "Major defense equipment" is defined in DoD Directive 2140.2, Recoupment of Nonrecurring Costs on Sales of U.S. Items, as any item of significant military equipment on the United States Munitions List having a nonrecurring research, development, test, and evaluation cost of more than \$50 million or a total production cost of more than \$200 million.
- (ii) When the cost thresholds in paragraph (2)(i) of this section are not met, the contracting officer shall assess rental charges for use of special tooling and special test equipment pursuant to the Use and Charges clause if administratively practicable.
 - (3) Waivers.
- (i) Rental charges for use of U.S. production and research property on commercial sales transactions to the Government of Canada are waived for all commercial contracts. This waiver is based on an understanding wherein the Government of Canada has agreed to waive its rental charges.
- (ii) Requests for waiver or reduction of charges for the use of Government property on work for foreign governments or international organizations shall be submitted to the contracting officer, who shall refer the matter through contracting channels. In response to these requests, approvals may be granted only by the Director, Defense Security Cooperation Agency, for particular sales that are consistent with paragraph (1)(i)(C) of this section.

Subparts 245.4 and 245.5 [Removed]

6. Subparts 245.4 and 245.5 are removed.

PART 252—SOLICITATION PROVISIONS AND CONTRACT CLAUSES

252.217-7005 [Amended]

- 7. Section 252.217–7005 is amended as follows:
- a. By revising the clause date to read "(XXX 2008)"; and
- b. In paragraph (e)(7) by removing "(Fixed-Price Contracts)".

252.217-7010 [Amended]

- 8. Section 252.217–7010 is amended as follows:
- a. By revising the clause date to read "(XXX 2008)"; and
- b. In paragraph (c)(3) by removing "(Fixed Price Contracts)".

252.242-7004 [Amended]

- 9. Section 252.242–7004 is amended as follows:
- a. By revising the clause date to read "(XXX 2008)"; and
- b. In paragraph (e)(9) introductory text, in the first sentence, by removing "Regardless of the provisions of FAR 45.505–3(f)(1)(ii), have" and adding in its place "Have".

252.245-7000 [Amended]

- 10. Section 252.245–7000 is amended as follows:
- a. By revising the clause date to read "(XXX 2008)"; and
- b. In the introductory text by removing "245.310–70" and adding in its place "245.107–70".

[FR Doc. E8–22419 Filed 9–23–08; 8:45 am] $\tt BILLING$ CODE 5001–08–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 080226310-81205-01]

RIN 0648-AU20

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Revised Management Authority for Dark Rockfish in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Management Area and the Gulf of Alaska

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Proposed rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: NMFS issues a proposed rule that would implement Amendment 73

to the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Management Area and Amendment 77 to the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska (collectively, Amendments 73/77). If approved, Amendments 73/77 would remove dark rockfish (Sebastes ciliatus) from both fishery management plans (FMPs). The State of Alaska (State) would then assume management of dark rockfish catch by State-permitted vessels in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Management Area and the Gulf of Alaska. This action is necessary to allow the State of Alaska to implement more responsive, regionally based management of dark rockfish than is currently possible under the FMPs. This action would improve conservation and management of dark rockfish and is intended to promote the goals and objectives of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, the FMPs, and other applicable laws.

DATES: Comments must be received no later than November 17, 2008.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to Sue Salveson, Assistant Regional Administrator, Sustainable Fisheries Division, Alaska Region, NMFS, Attn: Ellen Sebastian. You may submit comments, identified by RIN 0648–AU20, by any one of the following methods:

- Electronic Submissions: Submit all electronic public comments via the Federal eRulemaking Portal website at http://www.regulations.gov.
- Mail: P. O. Box 21668, Juneau, AK 99802.
 - Fax: (907) 586-7557.
- Hand delivery to the Federal Building: 709 West 9th Street, Room 420A, Juneau, AK.

All comments received are a part of the public record and will generally be posted to http://www.regulations.gov without change. All Personal Identifying Information (e.g., name, address, etc.) voluntarily submitted by the commenter may be publicly accessible. Do not submit Confidential Business Information or otherwise sensitive or protected information.

NMFS will accept anonymous comments (enter N/A in the required fields, if you wish to remain anonymous). Attachments to electronic comments will be accepted in Microsoft Word, Excel, WordPerfect, or Adobe portable document file (pdf) formats only.

Čopies of Amendments 73/77 and the Environmental Assessment/Regulatory Impact Review/Initial Regulatory Flexibility Analysis (EA/RIR/IRFA) prepared for this action are available from the Alaska Region NMFS at the address above or from the Alaska Region NMFS website at http://alaskafisheries.noaa.gov/regs/summary.htm.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jennifer Hogan, 907–586–7228.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NMFS manages the groundfish fisheries in the exclusive economic zone of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Management Area (BSAI) and the Gulf of Alaska (GOA) under their respective FMPs. The North Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) prepared the FMPs under the authority of the Magnuson—Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson—Stevens Act), 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq. Regulations governing U.S. fisheries and implementing the FMP appear at 50 CFR parts 600 and 679.

The Council has submitted
Amendments 73/77 for review by the
Secretary of Commerce, and a Notice of
Availability (NOA) of the FMP
amendments was published in the
Federal Register on September 17, 2008
(73 FR 53816) with comments on the
FMP amendments invited through
November 17, 2008. All written
comments received by November 17,
2008, whether specifically directed to
the FMP amendments, this proposed
rule, or both, will be considered in the
approval/disapproval decision on the
FMP amendments.

Management Background and Need for Action

Dark rockfish (Sebastes ciliatus) currently are managed as part of the "other rockfish" complex in the BSAI and as part of the pelagic shelf rockfish (PSR) complex in the GOA. Dusky rockfish (Sebastes variabilis) and thornyhead rockfish (Sebastolobus species) comprise the majority of the biomass of the BSAI "other rockfish" complex. The biomass of the GOA PSR complex is dominated by dusky rockfish.

The proposed action would remove dark rockfish from the FMPs to allow the State of Alaska (State) to assume management authority for dark rockfish catch by State—permitted vessels in Federal waters off Alaska, in addition to its existing authority in State waters. The Council recommended removal of dark rockfish from the FMPs in April 2007 for the following reasons: (1) in 2004, dark rockfish was identified as a separate rockfish species, (2) data in the stock assessments for the PSR complex in the GOA and the "other rockfish"

complex in the BSAI are predominantly from dusky rockfish, not dark rockfish, (3) dark rockfish are distributed in nearshore habitats that are not specifically assessed by the NMFS trawl surveys, and (4) the possibility of overfishing dark rockfish in local areas given the relatively high total allowable catch (TAC) for the PSR and "other rockfish" complexes as a whole.

Two types of dusky rockfish previously recognized as "light dusky rockfish" and "dark dusky rockfish" are now recognized by fishery scientists as two species. Sebastes variabilis, or dusky rockfish, is the variably colored deeper—water species, and Sebastes ciliatus, or dark rockfish, is the dark colored shallow—water species. Dark rockfish is the focus of Amendments 73/

77 and this proposed rule. The TAC for all PSR species is based on a NMFS biannual or triennial trawl survey. Based on NMFS surveys conducted from 1997 through 2006, dark rockfish averaged 2 percent of the total biomass of the "other rockfish" complex in the Aleutian Islands (AI) and less than 1 percent in the Eastern Bering Sea (EBS). Based on observer data from 1997 through 2006, the average catch of dark rockfish was 1.6 percent of the total "other rockfish" catch in the AI and 0.7 percent in the EBS. Based on NMFS surveys conducted from 1996 through 2005, dark rockfish constituted an average of 3.5 percent of the total biomass of the PSR complex in the GOA. Based on observer data from 1996 though 2005, the average catch of dark rockfish was 0.6 percent of the total PSR catch in the GOA. However, the trawl surveys used to estimate the abundance of rockfish in the GOA and BSAI only sample fish that are on or near a smooth bottom. Most dark rockfish occur in rocky nearshore reef habitats that are not sampled in these surveys. Therefore, the NMFS surveys are not the most satisfactory means to assess dark rockfish abundance. In addition, including dark rockfish in the TAC for a group of rockfish (the "other rockfish" complex in the BSAI and the PSR complex in the GOA) is not appropriate for less abundant stocks such as dark rockfish because it could lead to overfishing of the less abundant species in the species

Section 306(a)(3)(A) of the Magnuson–Stevens Act allows a state to regulate a fishing vessel outside the boundaries of the state if the fishing vessel is registered under the law of that state, and no fishery management plan or other applicable Federal fishing regulations exist for the fishery in which the vessel is operating. Removing dark

rockfish from the FMPs and regulations at 50 CFR part 679 would provide the necessary conditions for the State to manage dark rockfish in Federal waters off Alaska.

Management by the State would better address localized assessment and harvest requirements for this nearshore species than is currently provided by Federal management under the larger PSR complex in the GOA and the "other rockfish" complex in the BSAI. Assessment of dark rockfish is difficult under either Federal or State management. As stated earlier, the Federal trawl surveys do not adequately assess dark rockfish. And, as noted in the EA, the State does not have the resources to conduct large scale stock assessment surveys for rockfish. However, the State's management of this species in Federal waters would provide several benefits. First, the State would develop a fishery management plan for dark rockfish that would specify guideline harvest levels, allowable gear types, seasons, and locations for the directed fishery. Also, the State can manage dark rockfish in smaller area fisheries than can be managed by NMFS. In addition, the State would be able to conduct periodic and localized stock assessment surveys when budgets allow and monitor fishing effort data available from fish tickets and logbooks. State port sampling would continue to be used to collect biological data on rockfish and to improve species identification by fishermen and processing plant workers. The State also would continue to evaluate data on dark rockfish from the NMFS surveys and data collected by observers onboard vessels catching dark rockfish. These efforts by the State would provide stronger protection of dark rockfish from overfishing than Federal management of dark rockfish as part of a larger rockfish species complex.

If Amendments 73/77 are approved, the State would be authorized to regulate State—permitted vessels fishing for dark rockfish in both State and Federal waters. The directed fishery for dark rockfish under the PSR complex quota category currently occurs in State waters. This fishery is relatively small and all vessels directly participating in it are permitted under the laws of the State. Typically, the vessels also are small and participants land their catch at shoreside processing plants in Alaska.

Dark rockfish also are taken as incidental catch in other federally managed fisheries, including trawl and jig gear fisheries targeting pelagic shelf rockfish in the GOA, the trawl Atka mackerel fishery in the Aleutian Islands, and the hook–and–line and trawl gear

fisheries for Pacific cod in the Bering Sea. Under Amendments 73/77, the State would develop management plans and regulations for dark rockfish similar to those that currently exist for black rockfish (Sebastes melanops) and blue rockfish (Sebastes mystinus), which were removed from NMFS' GOA groundfish FMP in 1998 under Amendment 46 (63 FR 11167, March 6, 1998). Notably, no adverse impacts or difficulties managing the groundfish fisheries off Alaska have occurred as a result of removing these two rockfish species from the GOA FMP.

In managing black rockfish and blue rockfish, the State limits the gear types and areas open for directed fishing. It also limits the retention of black rockfish and blue rockfish to 5 percent of the retained catch of other groundfish species open for directed fishing. Similar gear, area, and incidental catch limits likely would be implemented by the State for dark rockfish. The retention of dark rockfish by a vessel permitted by the State in either State or Federal waters would be limited by State

regulation.

In 2007, all catcher vessels and 123 catcher/processors with Federal Fishery Permits (FFPs) participating in the groundfish fisheries off Alaska also held permits issued by the State. However, 21 additional catcher/processors with FFPs that participated in the Alaska groundfish fisheries did not hold State permits in 2007. These 21 catcher/ processors would not be subject to State regulations governing dark rockfish caught in Federal waters off Alaska, and no Federal regulations governing the retention of dark rockfish would exist if dark rockfish were removed from the FMPs and Federal regulations. However, none of the catcher/processors has targeted dark rockfish and their incidental catch of this species is historically much lower (less than 1 percent) than the incidental catch limit the State would likely establish. NMFS does not expect these catcher/processors to target dark rockfish in the EEZ in the future because of the low abundance of these species in the EEZ. However, if concerns develop about the conservation of dark rockfish as a result of unregulated targeting on dark rockfish in the EEZ. NMFS would evaluate the circumstances to determine if emergency action were warranted. This situation, however, has not occurred with the removal of black rockfish and blue rockfish from the GOA FMP.

To implement Amendments 73/77, NMFS proposes to revise the definition of "rockfish" under § 679.2 to exclude dark rockfish in both the GOA and

BSAI. The definition for "other rockfish" would be amended to add a reference to Table 11 to part 679 because the quota category for "other rockfish" exists in both the BSAI and GOA and is referred to in the maximum retainable amounts tables for both areas (Tables 10 and 11). In addition, the definition of "other red rockfish" would be removed from § 679.2 because this rockfish quota category would no longer exist and the term is not used anywhere else in 50 CFR part 679.

NMFS also proposes to correct the Latin name of dusky rockfish (Sebastes variabilis), species code 172, in Table 2a to part 679, and to add dark rockfish (Sebastes ciliatus), species code 173, to the non-FMP species listed in Table 2d to part 679.

In Table 10 to part 679 (Gulf of Alaska Retainable Percentages), footnote 5 would be revised to correct the Latin name for dusky rockfish (Sebastes variabilis). Footnote 8 would be revised to remove reference to Sebastes and Sebastolobus and to refer to the definition of "rockfish" at § 679.2.

The proposed rule also would make minor editorial revisions to Table 10. The words "shallow water" and "deep water" would be revised to "shallow water" and "deep-water" to standardize the preferred spelling of these terms. In note 1 to Table 10, the term "shortraker/ rougheye" (171) would be removed because NMFS no longer has a species category or code in Table 2a to part 679 for the combination of shortraker and rougheve rockfish. Note 10 to Table 10 lists the species included in the aggregated forage fish category. The word "families" in the parentheses following the term "Aggregated forage fish" would be replaced with the word "taxa" because all species of the order Euphausiacea (krill) also are included in the list of aggregated forage fish. The word "taxa" refers to more general groupings of similar organisms and includes taxonomic families and orders.

In Table 11 to part 679 (BSAI Retainable Percentages), footnotes 3 and 6 would be revised to remove reference to Sebastes and Sebastolobus and to refer to the definition of "rockfish" at § 679.2. This revision would exclude dark rockfish from these rockfish categories in the BSAI because dark rockfish are excluded from the definition of rockfish in § 679.2.

Classification

Pursuant to sections 304(b)(1)(A) and 305(d) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act, the NMFS Assistant Administrator has determined that this proposed rule is consistent with Amendment 73 to the Fishery Management Plan for

Groundfish of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Management Area, Amendment 77 to the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska, other provisions of the Magnuson-Stevens Act, and other applicable law, subject to further consideration after public comment.

This proposed rule has been determined not to be a significant regulatory action for the purposes of Executive Order 12866.

An initial regulatory review analysis (IRFA) was prepared, as required by section 603 of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA). The IRFA describes the economic impact this proposed rule, if adopted, would have on small entities. A description of the action, why it is being considered, and the legal basis for this action were contained earlier in this preamble to this proposed rule. A summary of the analysis follows. A copy of this analysis is available from NMFS (see ADDRESSES).

In 2006, one year immediately preceding the Council action recommending the removal of dark rockfish from the FMPs, there were 81 small catcher vessels that made landings of pelagic shelf rockfish from the GOA, taken as either targeted or incidental catch fish. No small catcher/processors made such landings. The 81 small catcher vessels included 74 that used hook-and-line, pot, or jig gear, and seven that used pelagic or non-pelagic trawl gear. The 81 small catcher vessels averaged about \$400,000, in gross exvessel revenues from all sources.

In 2006, one small catcher/processor and 36 small catcher vessels made incidental catch landings of pelagic shelf rockfish in the BSAI. All together, 35 vessels used hook-and-line, pot, or jig gear, and two used trawl gear. The 37 small vessels averaged about \$1.4 million in gross revenues from all sources.

The RFA requires that an IRFA contain a description of any significant alternatives to the proposed rule that would accomplish the stated objectives of the proposed action, consistent with applicable statutes, and that would minimize any significant economic impact of the proposed rule on small entities

Two alternatives were analyzed: the status quo and the preferred alternative presented in this proposed rule. The preferred alternatives may have adverse impacts on operations targeting pelagic shelf rockfish in the Central GOA and in the West Yakutat District. However these impacts, if any, are expected to be small. The reductions in TACs will be modest; the preliminary specifications for 2009 suggest a drop of about 6% in

the Central GOA and about 7% in the West Yakutat District for the pelagic shelf rockfish complex as a result of removing dark rockfish from the complex. NMFS does not expect the action to have adverse impacts on operations targeting rockfish in the Southeast Outside and Western regions of the GOA, or in the BSAI because targeting does not appear to have been significant in these two areas. NMFS does not expect the action to have adverse impacts on operations taking dark rockfish as incidental catch because so few dark rockfish has been taken as incidental catch historically and because the State likely will continue to allow some retention of dark rockfish. In the Central GOA, most of the adverse impact would fall on participants in the Central GOA Rockfish Pilot Project. Because of the affiliations these operations have with cooperatives or large business entities through the quota management and allocation features of the pilot project, NMFS does not believe these operations can be considered small entities for the purpose of the RFA. However, it is possible that they would experience some adverse impact as described in the RIR because of the reduction in the TAC for pelagic shelf rockfish as a result of removing dark rockfish from the complex. For example, the ex-vessel price for dusky rockfish is currently about \$0.25 per pound, and the potential loss of gross revenue in the Central GOA could range from \$19,000 up to \$171,000 as a result of removing dark rockfish from the complex.

The primary alternative considered here, Alternative 1 – No Action, would not have these adverse impacts, but would not remove dark rockfish from the FMPs and, thus, does not accomplish the stated objective for the action to allow the State to assume management authority for dark rockfish catch by State–permitted vessels in State and Federal waters.

The Council also considered a third alternative to the proposed action, but it was not carried forward for analysis. This alternative was to transfer management authority of dark rockfish to the State of Alaska while retaining the species under the Federal FMPs. Demersal shelf rockfish in Southeast Alaska is under a similarly delegated management program with the State of Alaska. A similar alternative was considered and rejected for black rockfish and blue rockfish under Amendment 46 to the GOA groundfish FMP. This alternative was not carried forward for dark rockfish because (1) State personnel would be required to comply with additional Federal

management processes that may not be consistent with State procedures; (2) the State would need to meet both State and Federal requirements, which often prescribe different time–frames for management actions (e.g., notice, public meetings, and reports); and (3) the State did not believe it could meet the costly assessment requirements for managing a nearshore species, mandated under a Federal management plan.

List of Subjects in 50 CFR Part 679

Alaska, Fisheries.

Dated: September 18, 2008.

Samuel D. Rauch III

Deputy Assistant Administrator for Regulatory Programs, National Marine Fisheries Service.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, NMFS proposes to amend 50 CFR part 679 as follows:

PART 679—FISHERIES OF THE EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE OFF ALASKA

1. The authority citation for 50 CFR part 679 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 773 *et seq.*, 1801 *et seq.*, 3631 *et seq.*; Pub. L. 108–447.

2. In § 679.2, remove the definition for "Other red rockfish" and revise the definitions for "Other rockfish" and "Rockfish" to read as follows:

§ 679.2 Definitions.

* * * * *

Other rockfish (see Tables 10 and 11 to this part pursuant to § 679.20(c); see also "rockfish" in this section.)

Rockfish means:

(1) For the Gulf of Alaska: Any species of the genera Sebastes or Sebastolobus except Sebastes ciliatus (dark rockfish); Sebastes melanops (black rockfish); and Sebastes mystinus (blue rockfish).

(2) For the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Management Area: Any species of the genera Sebastes or Sebastolobus except Sebastes ciliatus (dark rockfish).

3. Table 2a to part 679 is revised to read as follows:

TABLE 2A TO PART 679 — SPECIES CODES: FMP GROUNDFISH

Species Description	Code
Atka mackerel (greenling)	193
Flatfish, miscella- neous (flatfish spe- cies without sepa- rate codes)	120

TABLE 2A TO PART 679 — SPECIES CODES: FMP GROUNDFISH—Continued

T
Code
133
121
129
870
110
270
185
142
177
167
137
146
178
149
138
159
172
135
176
136
141
179
147
153

TABLE 2A TO PART 679 — SPECIES CODES: FMP GROUNDFISH—Continued

Species Description	Code
Redstripe (S. proriger)	158
Rosethorn (S. helvomaculatus)	150
Rougheye (S. aleutianus)	151
Sharpchin (S. zacentrus)	166
Shortbelly (<i>S. jordani</i>)	181
Shortraker (S. bo-realis)	152
Silvergray (<i>S. brevispinis</i>)	157
Splitnose (S. diploproa)	182
Stripetail (S. saxicola)	183
Thornyhead (all Sebastolobus spe- cies)	143
Tiger (S. nigrocinctus)	148
Vermilion (S. miniatus)	184
Widow (S. entomelas)	156
Yelloweye (S. ruberrimus)	145
Yellowmouth (S. reedi)	175
Yellowtail (S. flavidus)	155
Sablefish (blackcod)	710
Sculpins	160
SHARKS	
Other (if salmon, spiny dogfish or Pa- cific sleeper shark – use specific species code)	689
Pacific sleeper	692
Salmon	690
Spiny dogfish	691
SKATES	
Big	702

TABLE 2A TO PART 679 — SPECIES CODES: FMP GROUNDFISH—Continued

Species Description	Code							
Longnose	701							
Other (If longnose or big skate – use specific species code)	700							
SOLE								
Butter	126							
Dover	124							
English	128							
Flathead	122							
Petrale	131							
Rex	125							
Rock	123							
Sand	132							
Yellowfin	127							
Squid	875							
Turbot, Greenland	134							

4. Table 2d to part 679 is revised to read as follows:

TABLE 2D TO PART 679 — SPECIES CODES: NON-FMP SPECIES

Species Description	Code
Abalone	860
Albacore	720
Arctic char, anadromous	521
CLAMS	
Butter	810
Cockle	820
Eastern softshell	842
Geoduck	815
Little-neck	840
Razor	830
Surf	812
Coral	899
CRAB	
Box	900
Dungeness	910

TABLE 2D TO PART 679 — SPECIES CODES: NON-FMP SPECIES—Continued

Korean horsehair Multispina (Paralomis multispina) Verrilli (Paralomis verilli) Dolly varden, anadromous Eels or eel-like fish Giant grenadier Kelp Hock Hoke Grenadier (rattail) Jellyfish Lamprey, pacific Lingcod Lingcod Lingcod Lingsed Pacific flatnose Pacific hake Pacific saury Pacific tomcod Prowfish Rock(GOA) Prowfish, blue (GOA) Rockfish, blue (GOA) Rockfish, dark Tra Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) Sea cucumber Sea urchin, green Shad SHRIMP Coonstripe 964 S53 953 Sea Urchin, red Space Space Space Postripe Postription Postripe Postription Po	Charles Description	Code
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Eels or eel-like fish 210 Giant grenadier 214 GREENLING 194 Rock 191 Whitespot 192 Grenadier (rattail) 213 Jellyfish 625 Lamprey, pacific 600 Lingcod 130 Lumpsucker 216 Mussel, blue 855 Pacific flatnose 260 Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific hake 112 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Verrilli (<i>Paralomis verilli</i>)	953
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GREENLING Kelp 194 Rock 191 Whitespot 192 Grenadier (rattail) 213 Jellyfish 625 Lamprey, pacific 600 Lingcod 130 Lumpsucker 216 Mussel, blue 855 Pacific flatnose 260 Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Eels or eel-like fish	210
Kelp 194 Rock 191 Whitespot 192 Grenadier (rattail) 213 Jellyfish 625 Lamprey, pacific 600 Lingcod 130 Lumpsucker 216 Mussel, blue 855 Pacific flatnose 260 Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Giant grenadier	214
Rock 191 Whitespot 192 Grenadier (rattail) 213 Jellyfish 625 Lamprey, pacific 600 Lingcod 130 Lumpsucker 216 Mussel, blue 855 Pacific flatnose 260 Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 893 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	GREENLING	
Whitespot 192 Grenadier (rattail) 213 Jellyfish 625 Lamprey, pacific 600 Lingcod 130 Lumpsucker 216 Mussel, blue 855 Pacific flatnose 260 Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Kelp	194
Grenadier (rattail) Jellyfish 625 Lamprey, pacific 600 Lingcod 130 Lumpsucker 216 Mussel, blue 855 Pacific flatnose Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) Rockfish, blue (GOA) Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) Scallop, weathervane 850 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad SHRIMP	Rock	191
Jellyfish 625 Lamprey, pacific 600 Lingcod 130 Lumpsucker 216 Mussel, blue 855 Pacific flatnose 260 Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Whitespot	192
Lamprey, pacific 600 Lingcod 130 Lumpsucker 216 Mussel, blue 855 Pacific flatnose 260 Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Grenadier (rattail)	213
Lingcod 130 Lumpsucker 216 Mussel, blue 855 Pacific flatnose 260 Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific hake 112 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Jellyfish	625
Lumpsucker 216 Mussel, blue 855 Pacific flatnose 260 Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific hake 112 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Lamprey, pacific	600
Mussel, blue 855 Pacific flatnose 260 Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific hake 112 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Lingcod	130
Pacific flatnose 260 Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific hake 112 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Lumpsucker	216
Pacific hagfish 212 Pacific hake 112 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Mussel, blue	855
Pacific hake 112 Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Pacific flatnose	260
Pacific saury 220 Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Pacific hagfish	212
Pacific tomcod 250 Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Pacific hake	112
Prowfish 215 Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Pacific saury	220
Rockfish, black (GOA) 142 Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Pacific tomcod	250
Rockfish, blue (GOA) 167 Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Prowfish	215
Rockfish, dark 173 Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Rockfish, black (GOA)	142
Sardine, Pacific (pilchard) 170 Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Rockfish, blue (GOA)	167
Scallop, weathervane 850 Scallop, pink (or calico) 851 Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Rockfish, dark	173
Scallop, pink (or calico) Sea cucumber Sea urchin, green Sea urchin, red Sea urchin, red Shad SHRIMP	Sardine, Pacific (pilchard)	170
Sea cucumber 895 Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Scallop, weathervane	850
Sea urchin, green 893 Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Scallop, pink (or calico)	851
Sea urchin, red 892 Shad 180 SHRIMP	Sea cucumber	895
Shad 180 SHRIMP	Sea urchin, green	893
SHRIMP	Sea urchin, red	892
	Shad	180
Coonstripe 964	SHRIMP	
t e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Coonstripe	964
Humpy 963	Humpy	963

TABLE 2D TO PART 679 — SPECIES CODES: NON-FMP SPECIES—Continued

Species Description	Code
Northern (pink)	961
Sidestripe	962
Spot	965
Skilfish	715
Smelt, surf	515

TABLE 2D TO PART 679 — SPECIES CODES: NON-FMP SPECIES—Continued

Species Description	Code
Snails	890
Sturgeon, general	680

BILLING CODE 3510-22-S

5. Tables 10 and 11 to part 679 are revised to read as follows:

Table 10 to Part 679—Gulf of Alaska Retainable Percentages

Table 10 to Part 679 - Gulf of Alaska Retainable Percentages

	r - sc	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	₃	0
	Other specties (7)	20	20	20	20	20	70	70	20	20	20	20	20	70	20	20	20	20	na	20
	Skates (11)	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	na	20	20
()()	Aggregated forage fish ⁽¹⁰⁾	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2 2	2	2	2
ee § 679.20 (Atka mackerel	20	20	20	70	20	20	20	20	na ⁹	20	20	20	20	70	20	20	20	20	20
e SEO, s	DSR SEO (C/Ps only)	10	0	1	_	, T	-		_	10	10	_	-	10	_	1	na ⁹	10	10	10
ssels in th	SR/RE ERA (1)	(1)	0	7	7	7	7 2	7	na ⁹	(E)	(I)	7	7	Ξ	7.	7	7	Ξ	(1)	(1)
INCIDENTAL CATCH SPECIES (for DSR caught on catcher vessels in the SEO, see § 679.20 (j) ⁶)	Aggregated rockfish ⁽⁸⁾	5	5	15	15	15	15	15	15	5	5	15	15	5	15	15	15	5	5	\$
DSR caught	Sablefish	1	1	7	7	7	7	7	7	1	-	na	7	-	7	7	7		_	1
SPECIES (for	Arrowtooth	35	na ⁹	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
ATCH	SW Flat	20	20	20	70	20	20	20.	20	20	20	20	20	na	20	70	20	20	20	20
DENTAL C	Flathead sole	20	20	na ⁹	20	20	20	20	20	20	70	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
INCI	Rex	20	20	20	na	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
	DW flat ⁽²⁾	20	70	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	na ⁹	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
	Pacific cod	na ⁹	5	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
	Pollock	20	5	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	na	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
BASIS SPECIES	Species	Pacific cod	Arrowtooth	Flathead sole	Rex sole	Northern rockfish	Pacific ocean perch	Thornyhea d	Shortraker/ rougheye ⁽¹⁾	Atka mackerel	Pollock	Sablefish	Flatfish, deep-water (2)	Flatfish, shallow-water (3)	Rockfish, other (4)	Rockfish, pelagic (5)	Rockfish, DSR-SEO (6)	(1	ecies (7)	Aggregated amount of non-groundfish species
BASE	Code	110	121	122	125	136	141	143	152/ 151	193	270	710	Flatfish,	Flatfish, water (3)	Rockfis	Rockfisl	Rockfisi (6)	Skates ⁽¹¹⁾	Other species (7)	Aggrega of non-g

1	Notes to Table 10 to Part 679			
	1 Shortraker/rougheye rockfish			
	SR/RE	shortraker rockfish (152)		
		rougheye rockfish (151)		
delleservisende	SR/RE ERA	shortraker/rougheye rockfish in the Eastern Regulatory Area.	i the Eastern Regulatory Area.	
	Where numerical percentage is	not indicated, the retainable perce	Where numerical percentage is not indicated, the retainable percentage of SR/RE is included under Aggregated Rockfish	
2	2 Deep-water flatfish	Dover sole, Greenland turbot, and deep-sea sole	nd deep-sea sole	
m	3 Shallow-water flatfish	Flatfish not including deep-wat	Flatfish not including deep-water flatfish, flathead sole, rex sole, or arrowtooth flounder	
4		Western Regulatory Area	means slope rockfish and demersal shelf rockfish	
-,,		Central Regulatory Area		
		West Yakutat District		
***********		Southeast Outside District	means slope rockfish	
	-		Slope rockfish	
	Other roolffeh	S. aurora (aurora)	S. variegatus (harlequin)	S. brevispinis (silvergrey)
	Offici location	S. melanostomus (blackgill)		S. diploproa (splitnose)
		S. paucispinis (bocaccio)	S. babcocki (redbanded) S. saxi	xicola (stripetail)
		S. goodei (chilipepper)		S. miniatus (vermilion)
-		S. crameri (darkblotch)	S. zacentrus (sharpchin)	S read: (reallourmouth)
		S. elongatus (greenstriped)		
		In the East	In the Eastern GOA only, Slope rockfish also includes S. polyspinous (northern)	rthern)
S	5 Pelagic shelf rockfish	S. variabilis (dusky)	S. entomelas (widow) S. flavi	S. <u>flavidus</u> (yellowtail)
9	6 Demersal shelf	S. pinniger (canary)	S. maliger (quillback)	(mihamimis (vallouvava)
	rockfish (DSR)	S. nebulosus (china)	sethorn)	Octiminas (Jenomeje)
		S. caurinus (copper)	S. nigrocinctus (tiger)	
		DSR-SEO = Demersal shelf roc	= Demersal shelf rockfish in the Southeast Outside District	
-		The operator of a catcher vessel	The operator of a catcher vessel that is required to have a Federal fisheries permit, or that harvests IFQ halibut with hook	ts IFQ halibut with hook
******		and line or jig gear, must retain	and line or jig gear, must retain and land all DSR that is caught while fishing for groundfish or IFQ halibut in the SEO	FQ halibut in the SEO.
		Limits on sale and requirements	Limits on sale and requirements for disposal of DSR are set out at § 679.20 (j).	
7	7 Other species	sculpins	octopus sharks sc	squid
∞	Aggregated rockfish	Means rockfish as defined at § 679.2 except in:	679.2 except in:	
		Southeast Outside District (SEO)	where DSR is a separate category for those species marked with a numerical percentage	h a numerical percentage
		Eastern Regulatory Area (ERA)	where SR/RE is a separate category for those species marked with a numerical percentage	ith a numerical percentage

Not	Notes to Table 10 to Part 679		
6	N/A	not applicable	
	Aggregated forage fish (all species of the	all species of the following taxa)	
		Bristlemouths, lightfishes, and anglemouths (family Gonostomatidae)	209
		Capelin smelt (family Osmeridae)	516
		Deep-sea smelts (family <u>Bathylagidae</u>)	773
	-	Eulachon smelt (family <u>Osmeridae</u>)	511
		Gunnels (family <u>Pholidae</u>)	207
10		Krill (order Euphausiacea)	008
		Laternfishes (family <u>Myctophidae</u>)	772 ·
		Pacific herring (family <u>Clupeidae</u>)	235
		Pacific sand fish (family Trichodontidae)	206
		Pacific sand lance (family <u>Ammodytidae</u>)	774
		Pricklebacks, war-bonnets, eelblennys, cockscombs, and Shannys (family Stichaeidae)	208
		Surf smelt (family <u>Osmeridae</u>)	515
	Skates Species and Groups	sd	
=		Big Skates	702
		Longnose Skates	701
		Other Skates	700

Table 11 to Part 679—BSAI Retainable Percentages

Table 11 to Part 679 - BSAI Retainable Percentages

_																1			
	Oth- er Spe- cies ⁴	20	0	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	70	70	70	2	70	na	20
	Aggregated forage fish ⁷	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	. 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7
	Squid	20	0	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	na ⁵	20	20	20	20
	Aggregated rockfish ⁶	5	0	15	15	5	5	15	15	15	. 3	5	5	15	5	5	15	5	5
	Short- raker/ rougheye	2	0	. 2	2	. 2	2	7	7	7	na ⁵	2	2	7	2	2	7	2	2
	Sable- fish ¹	1	0	15	1	1	1	15	15	15	15	1	Г	na ⁵	I	I	15	I	1
PECIES ⁵	Green- land turbot	1	0	35	1	1	1	na ⁵	35	35	35	1	-	35	1	1	35	1	1
INCIDENTAL CATCH SPECIES ⁵	Flathead sole	20	0	na5	35	35	35	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	35	20	20	20
DENTA	Rock	20	0	35	na ⁵	35	35	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	35	20	20	. 20
INCI	Other flatfish ²	20	0	35	35	35	35	20	20	20.	20	20	20	20	20	na ⁵	20	20	20
	Yellow fin sole	20	0	35	35	na ⁵	35	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	35	20	20	20
	Arrow- tooth	35	na ⁵	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
	Alaska plaice	20	0	35	35	35	na ⁵	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	35	20	20	20
	Atka mackerel	20	0	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	na ⁵	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
	Pacific cod	na ⁵	0	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
	Pollock	20	0	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	na ⁵	20	20	20	70	20	20
	BASIS SPECIES	Pacific cod	Arrow-tooth	Flathead sole	Rock sole	Yellowfin sole	Alaska Plaice	Greenland turbot	Northern	Pacific ocean perch	Shortraker/ Rougheye	Atka mackerel	Pollock	Sablefish ¹	Squid	Other flatfish ²	Other rockfish ³	Other species ⁴	Aggregated amount non-groundfish species
	BAS	110	121	122	123	127	133	134	136	141	152 / 151	193	270	710	875	Othe	Othe	Othe	Aggrega amount non-gro species

OTES	VOTES to Table 11 to Part 679
T	Sablefish: for fixed gear restrictions, see 50 CFR $679.7(f)(3)(ii)$ and $679.7(f)(11)$.
C	Other flatfish includes all flatfish species, except for Pacific halibut (a prohibited species), flathead sole, Greenland turbot, rock sole, yellowfin sole,
7	Alaska plaice, and arrowtooth flounder.
,	Other rockfish includes all "rockfish" as defined at § 679.2, except Pacific ocean perch; and northern, shortraker, and rougheye rockfish. The CDQ
٠ .	reserves for shortraker, rougheye, and northern rockfish will continue to be managed as the "other red rockfish" complex for the BS.
_	Other species includes sculpins, sharks, skates and octopus.
t	Forage fish, as defined at Table 2 to this part are not included in the "other species" category.
5	na = not applicable
9	Aggregated rockfish includes all "rockfish" as defined at § 679.2, except shortraker and rougheye rockfish.
7	Forage fish are defined at Table 2 to this part,