than thirty days after the date of this Notice. If any person wishes to comment concerning the termination of the receivership, such comment must be made in writing and sent within thirty days of the date of this Notice to: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, *Attention:* Receivership Oversight Department 8.1, 1601 Bryan Street, Dallas, Texas 75201.

No comments concerning the termination of these receiverships will be considered which are not sent within this time frame.

Dated: April 11, 2011.

 ${\bf Federal\ Deposit\ Insurance\ Corporation.}$

Robert E. Feldman,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2011–9127 Filed 4–14–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6714-01-P

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Update to Notice of Financial Institutions for Which the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Has Been Appointed Either Receiver, Liquidator, or Manager

AGENCY: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

ACTION: Update Listing of Financial Institutions in Liquidation.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (Corporation) has been appointed the sole receiver for the following financial institutions effective as of the Date Closed as indicated in the listing. This list (as updated from time

to time in the Federal Register) may be relied upon as "of record" notice that the Corporation has been appointed receiver for purposes of the statement of policy published in the July 2, 1992 issue of the Federal Register (57 FR 29491). For further information concerning the identification of any institutions which have been placed in liquidation, please visit the Corporation Web site at http://www.fdic.gov/bank/individual/failed/banklist.html or contact the Manager of Receivership Oversight in the appropriate service center.

Dated: April 11, 2011.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Pamela Johnson,

Regulatory Editing Specialist.

INSTITUTIONS IN LIQUIDATION

[In alphabetical order]

FDIC Ref. No.	Bank name	City	State	Date closed
10351 10352	Nevada Commerce Bank Western Springs National Bank and Trust.	Las Vegas Western Springs	NV IL	04/08/2011 04/08/2011

[FR Doc. 2011–9158 Filed 4–14–11; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6714–01–P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notices also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than May 2,

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta (Clifford Stanford, Vice President) 1000 Peachtree Street, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia 30309:

1. Phillip Frost, Miami Beach, Florida; to acquire voting shares of Coconut Grove Bankshares, Inc., and thereby indirectly acquire voting shares of Coconut Grove Bank, both of Miami, Florida.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, April 12, 2011.

Robert deV. Frierson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 2011–9166 Filed 4–14–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 et seq.) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The application also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested

persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than May 12, 2011.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of New York (Ivan Hurwitz, Vice President) 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045–0001:

- 1. China Investment Corporation and Central Huijin Investment Limited, both in Beijing, China; to become bank holding companies by indirectly acquiring 80 percent of the voting shares of The Bank of East Asia (U.S.A.) National Association, New York, New York.
- 2. Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited, Beijing, China; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 80 percent of the voting shares of The Bank of East Asia (U.S.A.) National Association, New York, New York.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, April 12, 2011.

Robert deV. Frierson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 2011–9165 Filed 4–14–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS)

Evaluation of the Potential Developmental Effects of Cancer Chemotherapy During Pregnancy: Call for Information and Nomination of Scientific Experts

AGENCY: National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (NIEHS); National Toxicology Program; National Institutes of Health (NIH), HHS.

ACTION: Call for information and nomination of scientific experts.

SUMMARY: CERHR is evaluating the scientific evidence regarding the potential developmental effects of cancer chemotherapy during pregnancy. CERHR invites the submission of information about ongoing studies or upcoming publications on the pregnancy outcomes and long-term health of offspring exposed to cancer chemotherapy agents during pregnancy and associated topics that might be considered for inclusion in the evaluation. CERHR also invites the nomination of scientific experts to potentially serve as technical advisors in conducting the evaluation or as members of an ad hoc expert panel to be convened to peer review the draft Monograph on Cancer Chemotherapy during Pregnancy (see SUPPLEMENTARY **INFORMATION**). The peer review meeting is tentatively scheduled for August 29-30, 2011 at the NIEHS. When set, the date and location of the meeting will be announced in the Federal Register and posted on the CERHR Website (http:// cerhr.niehs.nih.gov). The peer review meeting will be open to the public with time scheduled for oral public comment.

DATES: All information and nominations should be received by May 16, 2011.

ADDRESSES: Information and nominations may be submitted to Dr. Kembra Howdeshell, CERHR, NTP, NIEHS, P.O. Box 12233, MD K2–04, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709 (mail), 919–316–4708 (telephone), or howdeshellkl@niehs.nih.gov (email). Courier address: NIEHS, 530 Davis Drive, Room K2161, Morrisville, NC 27560.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

A significant number of pregnant women are diagnosed with cancer each year. The frequency of such diagnoses is difficult to determine, but has been estimated to be between 1 in 1000 to 1 in 6000 pregnancies. Treatment for cancer most often involves some form of chemotherapy. The United States Food and Drug Administration has categorized nearly all chemotherapy agents as Pregnancy Category D, i.e., investigational or post-marketing data show risk to the fetus. The evidence for risk for health effects from exposure to the chemotherapeutic agents usually comes from studies in laboratory animals. The general medical opinion on chemotherapy use during pregnancy is that it should be avoided in the first trimester and that treatment during the second and third trimesters, with the exception of a few chemotherapy agents, presents minimal risk to the fetus.

While some reviews have been published in the medical literature on pregnancy outcomes following chemotherapy during pregnancy, the majority of these reviews focus on specific cancer types or specific chemotherapeutic agents. Thus, CERHR proposes to conduct a comprehensive survey of the literature and systematically evaluate the scientific evidence regarding the developmental toxicity of cancer chemotherapy during pregnancy in humans for the six most frequently diagnosed cancers in pregnant women, i.e., lymphoma, leukemia, and cancers of the breast, ovary, skin, and cervix. This review will evaluate a large literature, including more than 700 papers and $approximately\ 40\ chemother apeutic$ agents, available on pregnancy outcomes in humans following chemotherapy. The CERHR evaluation will include studies of individual, as well as combinations of, chemotherapy agents and the period of gestation in which they are administered. The document should provide clinicians, patients, and researchers with a comprehensive review of the incidence and types of adverse effects observed in humans exposed in utero to cancer chemotherapy. While CERHR recognizes that some chemotherapeutic agents are also used to treat non-cancer health conditions of pregnant women, the focus of the proposed evaluation is on cancer chemotherapy. The NTP Board of Scientific Counselors (BSC) discussed the CERHR evaluation of developmental effects of cancer chemotherapy on June 21, 2010 (75 FR 21003). BSC meeting minutes are available at http:// ntp.niehs.nih.gov/go/9741.

Request for Information

CERHR invites the public and other interested parties to submit information on cancer chemotherapy during pregnancy, including data on pregnancy outcomes, long-term health reports of human offspring, and laboratory animal toxicology information from completed, ongoing, or planned studies. This information will be considered in evaluating the potential developmental effects of exposure to cancer chemotherapy during pregnancy. Information should be submitted to CERHR (see ADDRESSES).

Request for Nomination of Scientific Experts

CERHR invites nominations of qualified scientists (i.e., basic scientists, clinicians, and toxicologists) to serve as technical advisors and/or as members of an ad hoc expert panel to peer review the draft NTP Monograph on Cancer Chemotherapy during Pregnancy. Scientists serving as technical advisors or on the peer review panel should represent a wide range of expertise including, but not limited to: developmental biology, developmental toxicology, epidemiology, medicine (e.g., obstetrics, oncology, and pediatrics), neurotoxicology, pharmacokinetics, reproductive toxicology, renal toxicology, and biostatistics. Technical advisors and expert panel members should meet criteria to serve as an expert including, but not limited to, formal academic training and experience in a relevant scientific field, publications in peerreviewed journals, and membership in relevant professional societies. Nomination should include contact information and current curriculum vitae (if possible) and be forwarded to CERHR (see ADDRESSES). Final selection of individuals to serve on the peer review panel will be made in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act and Department of Health and Human Services implementing regulations. All technical advisors and panel members serve as individual experts and not as representatives of their employers or other organizations.

Background Information on CERHR

The NTP established CERHR in 1998 (63 FR 68782). CERHR is a publicly accessible resource for information about adverse reproductive and/or developmental health effects associated with exposure to environmental and/or occupational exposures. CERHR publishes monographs that assess the evidence regarding whether