Commission on Risk Assessment (http://www.riskworld.com/Nreports/ 1996/risk rpt/Rr6me001.htm) assign importance to understanding risk from multiple stressors, and that EPA had begun to address approaches to CRA. The NRC and EPA's Science Advisory Board have provided consistent recommendations that encourage better integrated, multi-stressor approaches to understanding risks to human health and the environment. For example, in Science & Decisions 2009, the NRC recommends that EPA develop CRA tools (see pg. 236). "EPA is increasingly asked to address broader public-health and environmental-health questions involving multiple exposures, complex mixtures, and vulnerability of exposed populations—issues that stakeholder groups . . . often consider to be inadequately captured by current risk assessments. There is a need for cumulative risk assessments . . . (Science and Decisions; available to download from the internet at http:// www.nap.edu/ catalog.php?record id=12209.

E. Request for Information and Citations on Cumulative Risk Assessment Methods

To date, CRA experience at EPA has been principally in the application of CRA screening and chemical additivity methods for aggregating risk from multiple exposures and/or toxicity pathways. These have been conducted by EPA programs and regions. This limited application of CRA has substantiated the value of multichemical/stressor assessments in an environmental risk assessment context, but illustrates a more limited application than that recommended by the NRC, or discussed in the 2003 CRA Framework. EPA requests information on and citations for CRA methods that have been employed to date and approaches that could assist EPA in the development of improved CRA methods. Methods and information published in the peer-reviewed literature are preferred and would be more readily useful. Information and citations are also being requested for existing, on-going cumulative risk assessments that incorporate the assessment of multiple chemical or nonchemical stressors, and that address any of the following characteristics: multistressor, multi-media, multi-receptor, including assessment of a vulnerable population, both human and environmental health considerations, or socio-economic stressors. EPA also requests information on examples where CRA has been successfully used for decision making at the local, state,

national, or international levels, including a description of the circumstances leading to the use of CRA methods in those examples.

More specifically, information and citations are sought for the following

purposes:

- 1. Methods for CRA planning, scoping and problem formulation to ensure that the scope of a CRA is tractable and also adequately addresses the key concerns of a specified environmental problem. This includes methods that could be used for the following: evaluating population vulnerabilities that are either perceived or empirically demonstrated as important elements of a CRA; involving the spectrum of interested/ affected parties in formulating the problem for assessment or decision; considering stakeholder objectives and integrating them into an analysis; identifying the most influential stressors that need to be considered in a CRA; and developing conceptual models that link stressors and health outcomes.
- 2. Methods to identify and quantify population vulnerabilities (risk factors) and buffers (protective factors) that may influence exposures, dose-response or risk/hazard posed by environmental contaminant exposures, and methods to integrate population vulnerabilities and buffers into a CRA. Vulnerabilities could include factors leading to differential exposures, differential responses, preparedness and resiliency within a population.
- 3. Methods for integrating chemical, physical, biological and socio-economic stressors within a CRA, including quantifying and integrating "exposure" and "dose-response" for disparate stressors, and grouping of chemical and nonchemical stressors for combined (or integrated) risk analysis.
- 4. Methods for characterizing integrated risks posed by disparate stressors in a CRA context. These could include methods and/or study data from epidemiology, toxicology, ecology, health economics, chemical mixtures risk assessment, social sciences, dose response modeling and statistics (among others); and may also include addressing spatial and temporal scales.
- 5. Methods to integrate ecological and human health exposures and health effects in a CRA.
- 6. Approaches for addressing stakeholder participation, engagement and risk communication when conducting a CRA.

Date: April 22, 2013.

Glenn Paulson,

Science Advisor.

[FR Doc. 2013–10296 Filed 4–30–13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

FDIC Advisory Committee on Economic Inclusion (ComE-IN); Notice of Meeting

AGENCY: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

ACTION: Notice of Open Meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, notice is hereby given of a meeting of the FDIC Advisory Committee on Economic Inclusion, which will be held in Washington, DC. The Advisory Committee will provide advice and recommendations on initiatives to expand access to banking services by underserved populations.

DATES: Thursday, May 16, 2013, from 9:00 a.m. to 3:15 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held in the FDIC Board Room on the sixth floor of the FDIC Building located at 550 17th Street NW., Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Requests for further information concerning the meeting may be directed to Mr. Robert E. Feldman, Committee Management Officer of the FDIC, at (202) 898–7043.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Agenda: The agenda will be focused on savings initiatives, safe accounts and bank prepaid cards, and an update on mobile financial services and economic inclusion. The agenda may be subject to change. Any changes to the agenda will be announced at the beginning of the meeting.

Type of Meeting: The meeting will be open to the public, limited only by the space available on a first-come, firstserved basis. For security reasons, members of the public will be subject to security screening procedures and must present a valid photo identification to enter the building. The FDIC will provide attendees with auxiliary aids (e.g., sign language interpretation) required for this meeting. Those attendees needing such assistance should call (703) 562-6067 (Voice or TTY) at least two days before the meeting to make necessary arrangements. Written statements may be filed with the committee before or after the meeting. This ComE-IN meeting will be Webcast live via the Internet at: http://www.vodium.com/ goto/fdic/advisorycommittee.asp. This service is free and available to anyone with the following systems requirements: http://www.vodium.com/ home/sysreg.html. Adobe Flash Player is required to view these presentations.

The latest version of Adobe Flash Player can be downloaded at http://www.adobe.com/shockwave/download/download.cgi?P1_Prod_Version=ShockwaveFlash. Installation questions or troubleshooting help can be found at the same link. For optimal viewing, a high speed internet connection is recommended. The ComE-IN meeting videos are made available on-demand approximately two weeks after the event.

Dated: April 26, 2013.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Robert E. Feldman,

Executive Secretary, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

[FR Doc. 2013-10245 Filed 4-30-13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6714-01-P

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Notice of Agreements Filed

The Commission hereby gives notice of the filing of the following agreements under the Shipping Act of 1984. Interested parties may submit comments on the agreements to the Secretary, Federal Maritime Commission, Washington, DC 20573, within ten days of the date this notice appears in the Federal Register. Copies of the agreements are available through the Commission's Web site (www.fmc.gov) or by contacting the Office of Agreements at (202)–523–5793 or tradeanalysis@fmc.gov.

Agreement No.: 010979–055. Title: Caribbean Shipowners Association.

Parties: CMA CGM, SA; Seaboard Marine, Ltd.; Seafreight Line, Ltd.; Tropical Shipping and Construction Company Limited; and Zim Integrated Shipping Services, Ltd.

Filing Party: Wayne R. Rohde, Esq.; Cozen O'Connor, 1627 I Street NW., Suite 1100, Washington, DC 20006– 4007

Synopsis: The amendment would add Hybur Ltd. as a party to the agreement.

Agreement No.: 012172–001. Title: Maersk Line/MSC Caribbean Space Charter Agreement.

Parties: A.P. Moller-Maersk A/S trading under the name Maersk Line and Mediterranean Shipping Company S.A.

Filing Party: Wayne R. Rohde, Esquire; Cozen O'Connor; 1627 I Street NW., Suite 1100, Washington, DC 20006–4007.

Synopsis: The amendent would revise the agreement to provide for the chartering of additional space from Caucedo to San Juan. Agreement No.: 011960–009. Title: The New World Alliance Agreement.

Parties: American President Lines, Ltd.; APL Co. Pte Ltd.; Hyundai Merchant Marine Co., Ltd.; and Mitsui O.S.K. Lines, Ltd. ("MOL").

Filing Parties: Eric Jeffrey, Esq., Goodwin Procter LLP, 901 New York Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20001.

Synopsis: The amendment would delete Malta, Spain, and Italy from the geographic scope of the agreement, eliminate authority regarding vessel strings operated pursuant to the G6 Alliance Agreement, and update and clarify other aspects of the agreement.

Dated: April 26, 2013.

By Order of the Federal Maritime Commission.

Rachel E. Dickon,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2013-10314 Filed 4-30-13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[Docket 2012–0076; Sequence 30: OMB Control No. 9000–0069]

Federal Acquisition Regulation; Submission for OMB Review; Indirect Cost Rates

AGENCY: Department of Defense (DOD), General Services Administration (GSA), and National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

ACTION: Notice of request for comments regarding an extension to an existing OMB clearance.

SUMMARY: Under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act, the Regulatory Secretariat will be submitting to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request to review and approve an extension of a previously approved information collection requirement concerning Indirect Cost Rates. A notice was published in the Federal Register at 77 FR 63804, on October 17, 2012. No comments were received.

DATES: Submit comments on or before May 31, 2013.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments identified by Information Collection 9000–0069, Indirect Cost Rates, by any of the following methods:

• Regulations.gov: http://www.regulations.gov. Submit comments

via the Federal eRulemaking portal by searching the OMB control number. Select the link "Submit a Comment" that corresponds with "Information Collection 9000–0069, Indirect Cost Rates". Follow the instructions provided at the "Submit a Comment" screen. Please include your name, company name (if any), and "Information Collection 9000–0069, Indirect Cost Rates" on your attached document.

- Fax: 202-501-4067.
- Mail: General Services

Administration, Regulatory Secretariat (MVCB), 1275 First Street NE., Washington, DC 20417. ATTN: Hada Flowers/IC 9000–0069, Indirect Cost Rates.

Instructions: Please submit comments only and cite Information Collection 9000–0069, Indirect Cost Rates, in all correspondence related to this collection. Submit comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to: FAR Desk Officer, OMB, Room 10102, NEOB, Washington, DC 20503. All comments received will be posted without change to http://www.regulations.gov, including any personal and/or business confidential information provided.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Curtis E. Glover, Sr., Procurement Analyst, Contract Policy Division, GSA, (202) 501–1448 or via email at *Curtis.glover@gsa.gov.*

A. Purpose

The contractor's proposal of final indirect cost rates is necessary for the establishment of rates used to reimburse the contractor for the costs of performing under the contract. The supporting cost data are the cost accounting information normally prepared by organizations under sound management and accounting practices.

The proposal and supporting data is used by the contracting official and auditor to verify and analyze the indirect costs and to determine the final indirect cost rates or to prepare the Government negotiating position if negotiation of the rates is required under the contract terms.

Public comments are particularly invited on: Whether this collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of functions of the FAR, and whether it will have practical utility; whether our estimate of the public burden of this collection of information is accurate, and based on valid assumptions and methodology; ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be