DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Rural Utilities Service

Information Collection Activity; Comment Request; Correction

AGENCY: Rural Utilities Service, USDA. **ACTION:** Notice and request for comments; correction.

SUMMARY: The Rural Utilities Service (RUS) published a document in the Federal Register on April 16, 2014, at 79 FR 21436. The document reported an inaccurate number for the Agency's estimate of respondent burden hours for OMB Control Number 0572-0076 in connection with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35, as amended). The Rural Utilities Service (RUS) invites comments on this information collection for which RUS intends to request approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). DATES: Comments on this notice must be received by July 28, 2014.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michele L. Brooks, Director, Program Development and Regulatory Analysis, Rural Utilities Service, 1400 Independence Ave. SW., STOP 1522, Room 5162, South Building, Washington, DC 20250–1522. Telephone: (202) 690–1078, FAX: (202) 720–8435 or email Michele.brooks@wdc.usda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) regulation (5 CFR part 1320) implementing provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13) requires that interested members of the public and affected agencies have an opportunity to comment on information collection and recordkeeping activities (see 5 CFR 1320.8(d)). This notice identifies an information collection that RUS is submitting to OMB for approval.

Comments are invited on: (a) Wwhether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other

technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Comments may be sent to: Michele L. Brooks, Director, Program Development and Regulatory Analysis, Rural Utilities Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, STOP 1522, 1400 Independence Ave. SW., Washington, DC 20250–1522. Telephone (202) 690–1078, FAX: (202)720–8435 or email Michele.brooks@wdc.usda.gov.

Title: RUS Specification for Quality Control and Inspection of Timber Products.

OMB Control Number: 0572–0076. Type of Request: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Abstract: RUS Bulletin 1728H-702 and 7 CFR 1728.202 describe the responsibilities and procedures pertaining to the quality control by producers and pertaining to inspection of timber products produced in accordance with RUS specifications. In order to ensure the security of loan funds, adequate quality control of timber products is vital to loan security on electric power systems where hundreds of thousands of wood poles and cross-arms are used. Since RUS and its borrowers do not have the expertise or manpower to quickly determine imperfections in the wood products or their preservatives treatments, they must obtain service of an inspection agency to insure that the specifications for wood poles and cross-arms are being met. Copies of test reports on various preservatives must accompany each load of poles treated at the same time in a pressure cylinder (charge) as required by 7 CFR 1728.202(i). RUS feels the importance of safety concerns are enough to justify requiring test reports so that the purchaser, inspectors, and RUS will be able to spot check the general accuracy and reliability of the tests. The Agency has evaluated the current caseload and activity in the area of transmission and distribution and determined that a significant reduction in burden hours is necessary due to the number of alternative materials in use today. RUS also consulted agencies responsible for the majority of RUS borrowers' pole inspection and determined that the inspection time for one million poles, instead of a previously estimated two million, is a more realistic estimate to use in calculating burden hours.

Estimate of Burden: This collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response.

Respondents: Not-for-profit institutions; Business or other for profit. Estimated Number of Respondents: 25.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 800.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 20,000 hours.

Copies of this information collection can be obtained from Rebecca Hunt, Program Development and Regulatory Analysis, at (202) 205–3660, FAX: (202)720–8435 or email: Rebecca.hunt@wdc.usda.gov.

All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will also become a matter of public record.

Dated: May 16, 2014.

John Charles Padalino,

 $Administrator, Rural\ Utilities\ Service.$ [FR Doc. 2014–12040 Filed 5–23–14; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 1937]

Expansion of Foreign-Trade Zone 84; Houston, Texas

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, the Port of Houston Authority, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 84, submitted an application to the Board for authority to expand FTZ 84 to include two sites in Harris County, Texas, adjacent to the Houston Customs and Border Protection port of entry (B– 66–2013, docketed 6–25–2013);

Whereas, notice inviting public comment has been given in the **Federal Register** (78 FR 39254, 7–1–2013) and the application has been processed pursuant to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations; and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations would be satisfied if subject to a sunset provision;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby orders:

The application to expand FTZ 84 is approved, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including Section 400.13, to the Board's standard 2,000-acre activation limit for the overall zone, and to a sunset provision that would terminate authority on May 31, 2019, for Sites 28 and 29 where no activity has occurred under FTZ procedures before that date.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 16th day of May 2014.

Ronald K. Lorentzen,

Acting Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Enforcement and Compliance, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

Attest

Andrew McGilvray,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2014–12060 Filed 5–23–14; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board [B-40-2014]

Foreign-Trade Zone 38—Spartanburg County, South Carolina; Application for Production Authority; Subzone 38G; Kravet Inc. (Commercial Samples); Anderson, South Carolina

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones (FTZ) Board by the South Carolina State Ports
Authority, grantee of FTZ 38, requesting production authority on behalf of Kravet Inc. (Kravet), within Subzone 38G located in Anderson, South Carolina.
The application conforming to the requirements of the regulations of the FTZ Board (15 CFR 400.23) was docketed on May 20, 2014.

The Kravet facility (275 employees, 66.5 acres) is located within Subzone 38G. The facility is used for the cutting and tagging of textiles, paper wall coverings and decorative trimmings to be used as samples. Production under FTZ procedures could exempt Kravet from customs duty payments on the foreign components used in export production. The company anticipates that some 12 percent of the plant's shipments will be exported. On its domestic sales, Kravet would be able to choose the duty rates during customs entry procedures that apply to commercial samples of fabric, paper wall coverings and decorative trimmings (duty-free) for the foreign inputs noted below. Customs duties also could possibly be deferred or reduced on foreign status production equipment. The request indicates that the savings from FTZ procedures would help improve the plant's international competitiveness.

Components and materials sourced from abroad (representing 20% of the value of the finished product) include: vinyl-based decorative wall coverings; imitation patent leather, PVC-based and polyurethane-based decorative upholstery products; analine dyed leather hides; leather hides for upholstery use; decorative wallpapers;

silk-based fabrics for upholstery or drapery use: wool-based, horsehairbased and striped cotton decorative upholstery fabrics; boucle-style cotton/ poly decorative upholstery fabrics; printed cotton and embroidered satin twill decorative multipurpose fabrics; sheer cotton decorative drapery fabrics; cotton-based, cotton-texture, cotton twill, printed cotton-blend, cotton-blend and cotton decorative multipurpose fabrics; printed and embroidered cotton decorative multipurpose fabrics; plain textured cotton decorative multipurpose fabrics; cotton denim decorative upholstery fabrics; cotton texture and velvet decorative upholstery fabrics; printed and embroidered cotton decorative multipurpose fabrics; cotton blend decorative drapery fabrics; cotton blend textured or embroidered decorative multipurpose fabrics; cotton blend satin decorative multipurpose fabrics; embroidered linen decorative upholstery fabrics; cotton blend ottoman decorative multipurpose fabrics; cotton blend decorative upholstery fabrics; cotton, cotton-blend, cotton-texture, and cotton blend textured decorative upholstery fabrics; cotton and silk blend decorative upholstery fabrics; cotton and linen blend decorative upholstery fabrics; cotton and linen blend printed decorative upholstery fabrics; embroidered linen decorative drapery fabrics; linen blend embroidered decorative drapery fabrics: cotton blend embroidered decorative drapery fabrics; linen and linen blend decorative multipurpose fabrics; raffia decorative wallcoverings; grasscloth decorative wallcoverings; hemp, jute and/or cellulose blend decorative wallcoverings and fabrics; cellulose raffia decorative wallcoverings; polyester decorative drapery fabrics; outdoor decorative upholstery fabrics; embroidered polyester decorative upholstery fabrics; nylon-based faux suede decorative upholstery fabrics; polyester decorative upholstery, multipurpose and drapery fabrics; viscose or polyester blend decorative upholstery fabrics; polyester sheers/ casements decorative drapery fabrics; polyester blend decorative drapery, multipurpose and upholstery fabrics; polyester blend sheer/casement decorative drapery fabrics; embroidered polyester blend decorative multipurpose fabrics; polyester blend chenille decorative multipurpose fabrics; viscose or rayon blend decorative multipurpose fabrics; rayon blend decorative drapery fabrics; rayon/viscose blend textured decorative upholstery fabrics; rayon/ viscose blend decorative upholstery fabrics; viscose/silk blend sheer/

casements decorative drapery fabrics; ravon/linen blend embroidered decorative multipurpose fabrics; linen/ viscose blend embroidered decorative drapery fabrics; cotton/poly blend sheer/casement decorative drapery fabrics; poly/linen blend sheer/ casement decorative drapery fabrics; polyester or poly blend decorative multipurpose fabrics; acrylic or acrylic blend decorative upholstery fabrics; poly/acrylic blend decorative upholstery fabrics; poly/cotton blend sheer/casement decorative drapery fabrics; viscose/linen blend decorative upholstery fabrics; polyester and poly/ linen blend sheer/casement decorative multipurpose fabrics; polyester blend decorative multipurpose fabrics; polyester/wool blend decorative upholstery fabrics; polyester/linen blend decorative multipurpose fabrics; acrylic/wool blend decorative upholstery fabrics; poly blend decorative multipurpose fabrics; viscose blend velvet decorative upholstery fabrics; viscose decorative upholstery fabrics; viscose or rayon blend decorative upholstery, multipurpose or drapery fabrics; viscose or polyester blend decorative multipurpose fabrics; rayon/poly blend decorative multipurpose fabrics; viscose/linen blend decorative upholstery fabrics; viscose blend decorative upholstery fabrics; polyester or poly blend faux suede decorative upholstery fabrics; flocked decorative wallpaper; nylon or poly blend faux suede decorative upholstery fabrics; decorative trimmings; mohair, chenille, silk velvet or velvet decorative upholstery fabrics; sheer poly decorative drapery fabrics; velvet and/or chenille decorative upholstery fabrics; sheer/casement decorative drapery fabrics; decorative tapes; metallic silk sheer decorative drapery fabrics; embroidered or crewel decorative multipurpose fabrics; linen or cotton blend embroidered decorative multipurpose fabrics; quilted decorative upholstery fabrics; vinyl decorative upholstery goods; decorative textile wallcoverings; high-durability decorative upholstery fabrics; blackout/ lining drapery fabrics; faux fur decorative multipurpose fabrics; sheer/ casement decorative drapery fabrics; velvet/faux suede decorative upholstery fabrics; and, decorative glass bead trimmings (duty rate ranges from dutyfree to 25%).

In accordance with the FTZ Board's regulations, Elizabeth Whiteman of the FTZ Staff is designated examiner to evaluate and analyze the facts and information presented in the application