will be the responsibility of CTP. Final site selections will be based on the availability of CTP funds and resources for the relevant fiscal year, as well as the following factors: (1) Čompliance status of the requesting facility and affiliated firm, if applicable; (2) whether the requesting facility is in arrears for user fees; (3) whether the requesting facility or affiliated firm, if applicable, has a significant request or marketing application or submission pending with FDA; and (4) whether the requesting facility will be engaged in active manufacturing or processing during the proposed time of the visit.

IV. Requests for Participation

Requests are to be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document. Requests received by the Agency are available for public examination in the Division of Dockets Management (see **ADDRESSES**) between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Dated: July 14, 2014.

Peter Lurie,

Associate Commissioner for Policy and Planning.

[FR Doc. 2014–16794 Filed 7–16–14; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4164–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA-2011-N-0021]

AbbVie Inc., et al.; Withdrawal of Approval of Abbreviated New Drug Applications for Prescription Pain Medications Containing More Than 325 Milligrams of Acetaminophen

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is withdrawing approval of 7 abbreviated new drug applications (ANDAs) for prescription drug products containing more than 325 milligrams (mg) of acetaminophen. The holders of these ANDAs have waived their opportunity for a hearing. **DATES:** Effective July 17, 2014.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Rachel Turow, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER), Food and Drug Administration, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 51, Rm. 6236, Silver Spring, MD 20993–0002, 301–796–5094.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the Federal Register of January 14, 2011 (76 FR 2691), FDA announced its plans to reduce the maximum dosage unit strength of acetaminophen in prescription drug products. The notice announced FDA's conclusion that, based on a reevaluation of the relative risks and benefits of prescription acetaminophen products, fixedcombination prescription drugs containing more than 325 mg of acetaminophen per dosage unit (tablet, capsule, or liquid) do not provide a sufficient margin of safety to protect the public against the serious risk of acetaminophen-induced liver injury. Accordingly, we asked product sponsors to limit the maximum amount of acetaminophen per dosage unit to 325 mg and, for those products containing more than 325 mg of acetaminophen per dosage unit, to submit requests that FDA withdraw approval of their applications under § 314.150(d) (21 CFR 314.150(d)). FDA asked that all such requests be made before January 14, 2014, after which date the Agency planned to initiate proceedings under section 505(e) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the FD&C Act) (21 U.S.C. 355(e)) to withdraw approval of any prescription drug products containing more than 325 mg of acetaminophen per dosage unit that remained on the market.

FDA did not receive a request for withdrawal of approval of an application containing more than 325 mg of acetaminophen per dosage unit from one sponsor. In addition, FDA received requests for withdrawal of approval of five applications for products containing more than 325 mg of acetaminophen per dosage unit for which sponsors either submitted requests under § 314.150(c) or failed to cite a relevant regulatory provision. FDA contacted all of these sponsors on multiple occasions to ask that they submit a request that FDA withdraw approval of their applications under § 314.150(d), but they failed to respond.

With respect to the application for which FDA received no request for withdrawal, FDA initiated proceedings under § 314.150(a) and (b) to withdraw approval. With respect to the requests for withdrawal of approval submitted under § 314.150(c), the Agency notes that because FDA has made a determination under § 314.150(a) that

approval of these applications should be withdrawn for reasons of safety, application holders may not withdraw their applications under § 314.150(c). The text of § 314.150(c) expressly precludes withdrawal of an application under the subsection if FDA has made a safety determination under § 314.150(a). Similarly, when a request for withdrawal is made without a citation to any regulation, FDA does not consider it to be appropriately notified that an application holder has voluntarily waived the opportunity for a hearing. Accordingly, FDA decided to proceed with withdrawal of approval of applications for which sponsors either submitted requests under § 314.150(c) or failed to cite a relevant regulatory provision under the withdrawal procedures outlined in § 314.150 (a) and (b).

Thus, in a notice published in the Federal Register on March 27, 2014 (79 FR 17156), the Director of CDER offered an opportunity for a hearing on a proposal to issue an order, under section 505(e) of the FD&C Act and 21 CFR 314.150(a), withdrawing approval of 6 ANDAs for products containing more than 325 mg of acetaminophen for which the ANDA holders did not voluntarily request to withdraw their applications under § 314.150(d). The ANDA holders were provided an opportunity to request a hearing to show why approval of their ANDAs should not be withdrawn. None of the ANDA holders requested a hearing in response to the notice.

The ANDAs listed in table 1, other than ANDA 040148, were the subject of the March 27, 2014, **Federal Register** notice. Because the holders of these ANDAs failed to request a hearing by April 28, 2014, they are considered to have waived their opportunity for a hearing under § 314.200(a)(2) and FDA is now withdrawing approval of their applications.

In addition, table 1 includes ANDA 040148 for which the ANDA holder submitted a timely voluntary request for withdrawal under 314.150(d) and waived its opportunity for a hearing. However, ANDA 040148 was erroneously omitted from the March 27, 2014, **Federal Register** notice (79 FR 17163) announcing withdrawal of approval of 108 ANDAs. FDA is now withdrawing approval of ANDA 040148 as well.

Application No.	Drug product(s)	Applicant or holder	
ANDA 40117	Vicodin HP (Acetaminophen and Hydrocodone Bitartrate Tablets), 660 mg/10 mg.	AbbVie Inc., 1 N. Waukegan Rd., North Chicago, IL 60064.	
ANDA 88058	Vicodin (Acetaminophen and Hydrocodone Bitartrate Tablets), 500 mg/5 mg.	AbbVie Inc.	
ANDA 89736	Vicodin ES (Acetaminophen and Hydrocodone Bitartrate Tablets), 750 mg/7.5 mg.	AbbVie Inc.	
ANDA 89166	SYNALGOS-DC-A (Acetaminophen, Caffeine, and Dihydrocodeine Bitartrate Capsules), 356.4 mg/30 mg/16 mg.	Leitner Pharmaceuticals LLC, 340 Edgemont Ave., Bristol, TN 37620.	
ANDA 40366	Acetaminophen and Hydrocodone Bitartrate Oral Solution, 500 mg/15 milliliters (mL); 7.5 mg/15 mL.	Nesher Pharmaceuticals USA LLC, 13910 St. Charles Rock Rd., Bridgeton, MO 63044.	
ANDA 040148	Acetaminophen and Hydrocodone Bitartrate Tablets, 500 mg/10 mg.	Watson Laboratories, 311 Bonnie Circle, Corona, CA 92880.	
ANDA 040637	Acetaminophen, Caffeine, and Dihydrocodeine Bitartrate Tablets, 712.8 mg/60 mg/32 mg.	West-Ward Pharmaceutical Corp., 435 Industrial Way West, Eatontown, NJ 07724.	

TABLE 1—ANDAS FOR WHI	CH FDA IS WITHDRAWING	APPROVAL
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With respect to the ANDAs listed in table 1 (with the exception of ANDA 040148), for the reasons discussed in the January 14, 2011, and March 27, 2014, notices, the Director of CDER, under section 505(e)(2) of the FD&C Act and under authority delegated to her by the Commissioner of Food and Drugs (the Commissioner), finds that new evidence of clinical experience, not contained in the applications listed in table 1 and not available at the time the applications were approved, shows that prescription drugs containing more than 325 mg of acetaminophen per dosage unit are not safe for use under the conditions of use that formed the basis upon which the applications were approved (21 U.S.C. 355(e)(2)). Therefore, approval of the applications for the drug products listed in table 1 of this document (with the exception of ANDA 040148), and all amendments and supplements thereto, is withdrawn (see DATES). Distribution of these products in interstate commerce without an approved application is illegal and subject to regulatory action (see sections 505(a) and 301(d) of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 355(a) and 331(d)).

With respect to ANDA 040148 listed in table 1, under § 314.150(d), and under authority delegated to the Director of CDER by the Commissioner, approval of ANDA 040148 and all amendments and supplements thereto, is withdrawn (see **DATES**).

The safety issue discussed in this document and the March 27, 2014, and January 14, 2011, **Federal Register** notices is limited to products containing more than 325 mg of acetaminophen per dosage unit. Thus, the withdrawal of approval of products containing more than 325 mg of acetaminophen per dosage unit listed in table 1 does not change the approval status of any products with 325 mg or less of acetaminophen per dosage unit that were approved under the same

application. In addition, the withdrawal of approval of products containing more than 325 mg of acetaminophen per dosage unit does not change the approval status of products with 325 mg or less of acetaminophen per dosage unit that refer to or rely on the withdrawn products. For example, this withdrawal action will not affect the approval status of an ANDA for a product that contains 325 mg or less per dosage unit that references a product listed in table 1, but for which FDA approved a suitability petition for a lower strength under section 505(j)(2)(C)of the FD&C Act and § 314.93 (21 CFR 314.93)).

Dated: July 14, 2014.

Peter Lurie,

Associate Commissioner for Policy and Planning.

[FR Doc. 2014–16820 Filed 7–16–14; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4164–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Prospective Grant of Exclusive License: The Development of Chimeric Antigen Receptors Targeting B-Cell Maturation Antigen To Treat or Prevent Cancer and Autoimmune Disease

AGENCY: National Institutes of Health, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This is notice, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 209 and 37 CFR Part 404, that the National Institutes of Health, Department of Health and Human Services, is contemplating the grant of an exclusive patent license to Bluebird Bio to practice the inventions embodied in US Provisional Patent Application Serial No. 61/622,600, entitled

"Chimeric Antigen Receptors Targeting B-cell Maturation Antigen" [HHS Ref. E-040-2012/0-US-01], and International (PCT) Application No. PCT/US13/32029, entitled "Chimeric Antigen Receptors Targeting B-cell Maturation Antigen" [HHS Ref. E-040-2012/0-PCT-02], and all continuing applications and foreign counterparts. The patent rights in these inventions have been assigned to the Government of the United States of America.

The prospective exclusive license territory may be worldwide, and the field of use may be limited to:

Use of the Patent Rights to make and have made, to sell, to offer for sale, to import, and to use in humans, human autologous peripheral blood T-cells modified by recombinant human immunodeficiency virus ("HIV")-based lentiviral vectors or murine leukemia virus ("MLV")-based gammaretroviral vectors to express chimeric antigen receptors that recognize B-cell Maturation Antigen ("BCMA") for the treatment or prevention of cancer and autoimmune diseases.

DATES: Only written comments or applications for a license (or both) which are received by the NIH Office of Technology Transfer on or before August 18, 2014 will be considered. **ADDRESSES:** Requests for copies of the patent application, inquiries, comments, and other materials relating to the contemplated exclusive license should be directed to: Patrick McCue, Ph.D., Licensing and Patenting Manager, Office of Technology Transfer, National Institutes of Health, 6011 Executive Boulevard, Suite 325, Rockville, MD 20852-3804; Telephone: (301) 435-4632; Facsimile: (301) 402–0220; Email: mccuepat@od.nih.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: These inventions concern a series of chimeric antigen receptors (CARs) that specifically target BCMA, a protein that is highly expressed on the surface of