§1.50 Specifications as to briefs.

The Commission's preference is for briefs that are either typewritten, prepared by other mechanical processing methods, or, in the case of matters in the Wireless Radio Services, composed electronically and sent via ULS. Printed briefs will be accepted only if specifically requested by the Commission. Typewritten, mechanically produced, or electronically transmitted briefs must conform to all of the applicable specifications for pleadings and documents set forth in §1.49.

[63 FR 68920, Dec. 14, 1998]

§ 1.51 Number of copies of pleadings, briefs, and other papers.

- (a) In hearing proceedings, unless otherwise specified by Commission rules, an original and one copy shall be filed, along with-an additional copy for each additional presiding officer at the hearing, if more than one.
- (b) In rulemaking proceedings which have not been designated for hearing, see §1.419.
- (c) In matters other than rulemaking and hearing cases, unless otherwise specified by Commission rules, an original and one copy shall be filed. If the matter relates to part 22 of the rules, see § 22.6 of this chapter.
- (d) Where statute or regulation provides for service by the Commission of papers filed with the Commission, an additional copy of such papers shall be filed for each person to be served.
- (e) The parties to any proceeding may, on notice, be required to file additional copies of any or all filings made in that proceeding.
- (f) For application and licensing matters involving the Wireless Radio Services, pleadings, briefs or other documents may be filed electronically in ULS, or if filed manually, one original and one copy of a pleading, brief or other document must be filed.
- (g) Participants that file pleadings, briefs or other documents electronically in ULS need only submit one copy, so long as the submission conforms to any procedural or filing requirements established for formal electronic comments. (See §1.49)
- (h) Pleadings, briefs or other documents filed electronically in ULS by a

party represented by an attorney shall include the name, street address, and telephone number of at least one attorney of record. Parties not represented by an attorney that file electronically in ULS shall provide their name, street address, and telephone number.

[76 FR 24391, May 2, 2011]

§1.52 Subscription and verification.

The original of all petitions, motions, pleadings, briefs, and other documents filed by any party represented by counsel shall be signed by at least one attorney of record in his individual name, whose address shall be stated. A party who is not represented by an attorney shall sign and verify the document and state his address. Either the original document, the electronic reproduction of such original document containing the facsimile signature of the attorney or represented party, or, in the case of matters in the Wireless Radio Services, an electronic filing via ULS is acceptable for filing. If a facsimile or electronic reproduction of such original document is filed, the signatory shall retain the original until the Commission's decision is final and no longer subject to judicial review. If pursuant to §1.429(h) a document is filed electronically, a signature will be considered any symbol executed or adopted by the party with the intent that such symbol be a signature, including symbols formed by computer-generated electronic impulses. Except when otherwise specifically provided by rule or statute, documents signed by the attorney for a party need not be verified or accompanied by affidavit. The signature or electronic reproduction thereof by an attorney constitutes a certificate by him that he has read the document; that to the best of his knowledge, information, and belief there is good ground to support it; and that it is not interposed for delay. If the original of a document is not signed or is signed with intent to defeat the purpose of this section, or an electronic reproduction does not contain a facsimile signature, it may be stricken as sham and false, and the matter may proceed as though the document had not been filed. An attorney may be subjected to appropriate disciplinary action, pursuant to §1.24, for

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a willful violation of this section or if scandalous or indecent matter is inserted

 $[63\ FR\ 24125,\ May\ 1,\ 1998,\ as\ amended\ at\ 63\ FR\ 68920,\ Dec.\ 14,\ 1998]$

FORBEARANCE PROCEEDINGS

§ 1.53 Separate pleadings for petitions for forbearance.

In order to be considered as a petition for forbearance subject to the one-year deadline set forth in 47 U.S.C. 160(c), any petition requesting that the Commission exercise its forbearance authority under 47 U.S.C. 160 shall be filed as a separate pleading and shall be identified in the caption of such pleading as a petition for forbearance under 47 U.S.C. 160(c). Any request which is not in compliance with this rule is deemed not to constitute a petition pursuant to 47 U.S.C. 160(c), and is not subject to the deadline set forth therein.

[65 FR 7460, Feb. 15, 2000]

§ 1.54 Petitions for forbearance must be complete as filed.

- (a) Description of relief sought. Petitions for forbearance must identify the requested relief, including:
- (1) Each statutory provision, rule, or requirement from which forbearance is sought.
- (2) Each carrier, or group of carriers, for which forbearance is sought.
- (3) Each service for which forbearance is sought.
- (4) Each geographic location, zone, or area for which forbearance is sought.
- (5) Any other factor, condition, or limitation relevant to determining the scope of the requested relief.
- (b) *Prima facie case*. Petitions for forbearance must contain facts and arguments which, if true and persuasive, are sufficient to meet each of the statutory criteria for forbearance.
- (1) A petition for forbearance must specify how each of the statutory criteria is met with regard to each statutory provision or rule, or requirement from which forbearance is sought.
- (2) If the petitioner intends to rely on data or information in the possession of third parties, the petition must identify:

- (i) The nature of the data or information.
- (ii) The parties believed to have or control the data or information.
- (iii) The relationship of the data or information to facts and arguments presented in the petition.
- (3) The petitioner shall, at the time of filing, provide a copy of the petition to each third party identified as possessing data or information on which the petitioner intends to rely.
- (c) Identification of related matters. A petition for forbearance must identify any proceeding pending before the Commission in which the petitioner has requested, or otherwise taken a position regarding, relief that is identical to, or comparable to, the relief sought in the forbearance petition. Alternatively, the petition must declare that the petitioner has not, in a pending proceeding, requested or otherwise taken a position on the relief sought.
- (d) Filing requirements. Petitions for forbearance shall comply with the filing requirements in §1.49.
- (1) Petitions for forbearance shall be e-mailed to *forbearance@fcc.gov* at the time for filing.
- (2) All filings related to a forbearance petition, including all data, shall be provided in a searchable format. To be searchable, a spreadsheet containing a significant amount of data must be capable of being manipulated to allow meaningful analysis.
- (e) *Contents*. Petitions for forbearance shall include:
- (1) A plain, concise, written summary statement of the relief sought.
- (2) A full statement of the petitioner's prima facie case for relief.
- (3) Appendices that list:
- (i) The scope of relief sought as required in §1.54(a);
- (ii) All supporting data upon which the petition intends to rely, including a market analysis; and
- (iii) Any supporting statements or affidavits.
- (f) Supplemental information. The Commission will consider further facts and arguments entered into the record by a petitioner only:
- (1) In response to facts and arguments introduced by commenters or opponents.