

Department of Defense (DoD) or a DoD entity) attributable to interstate and international calls for that reporting period;

(3) A statement that it is making the required Universal Service Fund contribution based on the reported information; and

(4) A statement that it has complied with the reporting requirements described in paragraph (a) of this section.

Subpart EE—TRS Customer Proprietary Network Information.

SOURCE: 78 FR 40613, July 5, 2013, unless otherwise noted.

§ 64.5101 Basis and purpose.

(a) *Basis*. The rules in this subpart are issued pursuant to the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

(b) *Purpose*. The purpose of the rules in this subpart is to implement customer proprietary network information protections for users of telecommunications relay services pursuant to sections 4, 222, and 225 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 4, 222, and 225.

§ 64.5103 Definitions.

(a) *Address of record*. An “address of record,” whether postal or electronic, is an address that the TRS provider has associated with the customer for at least 30 days.

(b) *Affiliate*. The term “affiliate” shall have the same meaning given such term in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 153.

(c) *Call data information*. The term “call data information” means any information that pertains to the handling of specific TRS calls, including the call record identification sequence, the communications assistant identification number, the session start and end times, the conversation start and end times, incoming and outbound telephone numbers, incoming and outbound internet protocol (IP) addresses, total conversation minutes, total session minutes, and the electronic serial number of the consumer device.

(d) *Communications assistant (CA)*. The term “communications assistant” or “CA” shall have the same meaning

given to the term in § 64.601(a) of this part.

(e) *Customer*. The term “customer” means a person:

(1) To whom the TRS provider provides TRS or point-to-point service, or

(2) Who is registered with the TRS provider as a default provider.

(f) *Customer proprietary network information (CPNI)*. The term “customer proprietary network information” or “CPNI” means information that relates to the quantity, technical configuration, type, destination, location, and amount of use of a telecommunications service used by any customer of a TRS provider; and information regarding a customer’s use of TRS contained in the documentation submitted by a TRS provider to the TRS Fund administrator in connection with a request for compensation for the provision of TRS.

(g) *Customer premises equipment (CPE)*. The term “customer premises equipment” or “CPE” shall have the same meaning given to such term in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 153.

(h) *Default provider*. The term “default provider” shall have the same meaning given such term in § 64.601(a) of this part.

(i) *Internet-based TRS (iTRS)*. The term “Internet-based TRS” or “iTRS” shall have the same meaning given to the term in § 64.601(a) of this part.

(j) *iTRS access technology*. The term “iTRS access technology” shall have the same meaning given to the term in § 64.601(a) of this part.

(k) *Opt-in approval*. The term “opt-in approval” shall have the same meaning given such term in § 64.5107(b)(1) of this subpart.

(l) *Opt-out approval*. The term “opt-out approval” shall have the same meaning given such term in § 64.5107(b)(2) of this subpart.

(m) *Point-to-point service*. The term “point-to-point service” means a service that enables a VRS customer to place and receive non-relay calls without the assistance of a CA over the VRS provider facilities using VRS access technology. Such calls are made by means of ten-digit NANP numbers assigned to customers by VRS providers. The term “point-to-point call”