

## Federal Communications Commission

## § 74.401

(a) No application seeking authority for fixed stations supporting the operations of Multichannel Video Programming Distributors (MVPD) in the 17.7–17.8 GHz band or to operate in the 17.8–19.7 GHz band for any service will be accepted for filing if the proposed station is located within 20 km of Denver, CO (39°43' N., 104°46' W.) or Washington, DC (38°48' N., 76°52' W.).

(b) Any application for a new station license to provide MVPD operations in the 17.7–17.8 GHz band or to operate in the 17.8–19.7 GHz band for any service, or for modification of an existing station license in these bands which would change the frequency, power, emission, modulation, polarization, antenna height or directivity, or location of such a station, must be coordinated with the Federal Government by the Commission before an authorization will be issued, if the station or proposed station is located in whole or in part within any of the following areas:

(1) *Denver, CO area:*

(i) Between latitudes 41°30' N. and 38°30' N. and between longitudes 103°10' W. and 106°30' W.

(ii) Between latitudes 38°30' N. and 37°30' N. and between longitudes 105°00' W. and 105°50' W.

(iii) Between latitudes 40°08' N. and 39°56' N. and between longitudes 107°00' W. and 107°15' W.

(2) *Washington, DC area:*

(i) Between latitudes 38°40' N. and 38°10' N. and between longitudes 78°50' W. and 79°20' W.

(ii) Within 178 km of 38°48' N., 76°52' W.

(3) *San Miguel, CA area:*

(i) Between latitudes 34°39' N. and 34°00' N. and between longitudes 118°52' W. and 119°24' W.

(ii) Within 200 km of 35°44' N., 120°45' W.

(4) *Guam area:* Within 100 km of 13°35' N., 144°51' E.

Note to § 74.32: The coordinates cited in this section are specified in terms of the “North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83).”

[80 FR 38908, July 7, 2015]

### § 74.34 Period of construction; certification of completion of construction.

(a) Each aural and television broadcast auxiliary station authorized under

subparts E and F of this part must be in operation within 18 months from the initial date of grant.

(b) Each remote pickup broadcast auxiliary station authorized under subpart D of this part must be in operation within 12 months from the initial date of grant.

(c) Failure to timely begin operation means the authorization terminates automatically.

(d) Requests for extension of time may be granted upon a showing of good cause pursuant to § 1.946(e) of this chapter.

(e) Construction of any authorized facility or frequency must be completed by the date specified in the license and the Commission must be notified pursuant to § 1.946 of this chapter.

[68 FR 12763, Mar. 17, 2003]

## Subparts A–C [Reserved]

### Subpart D—Remote Pickup Broadcast Stations

#### § 74.401 Definitions.

*Associated broadcasting station(s).* The broadcasting station or stations with which a remote pickup broadcast station or system is licensed as an auxiliary and with which it is principally used.

*Authorized bandwidth.* The occupied or necessary bandwidth, whichever is greater, authorized to be used by a station.

*Automatic relay station.* A remote pickup broadcast base station which is actuated by automatic means and is used to relay transmissions between remote pickup broadcast base and mobile stations, between remote pickup broadcast mobile stations and from remote pickup broadcast mobile stations to broadcasting stations. (Automatic operation is not operation by remote control.)

*Carrier power.* The average power at the output terminals of a transmitter (other than a transmitter having a suppressed, reduced or controlled carrier) during one radio frequency cycle under conditions of no modulation.

*Mean power.* The power at the output terminals of a transmitter during normal operation, averaged over a time

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sufficiently long compared with the period of the lowest frequency encountered in the modulation. A time of  $\frac{1}{10}$  second during which the mean power is greatest will be selected normally.

*Necessary bandwidth.* For a given class of emission, the minimum value of the occupied bandwidth sufficient to ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required for the system employed, under specified conditions. Emissions useful for the good functioning of the receiving equipment, as for example, the emission corresponding to the carrier of reduced carrier systems, shall be included in the necessary bandwidth.

*Occupied bandwidth.* The frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission.

*Operational communications.* Communications concerning the technical and programming operation of a broadcast station and its auxiliaries.

*Remote control operation.* Operation of a base station by a properly designated person on duty at a control position from which the transmitter is not visible but that position is equipped with suitable controls so that essential functions can be performed therefrom.

*Remote pickup broadcast base station.* A remote pickup broadcast station authorized for operation at a specified location.

*Remote pickup broadcast mobile station.* A remote pickup broadcast station authorized for use while in motion or during halts at unspecified locations. (As used in this subpart, mobile stations include hand-carried, pack-carried and other portable transmitters.)

*Remote pickup broadcast stations.* A term used in this subpart to include both remote pickup broadcast base stations and remote pickup broadcast mobile stations.

*Remote pickup mobile repeater unit.* A vehicular receiver-transmitter repeater used to provide extended communications range for a low-power hand-carried or pack-carried transmitter.

*Station.* As used in this subpart, each remote pickup broadcast transmitter, and its associated accessory equipment necessary to the radio communication

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function, constitutes a separate station.

*Studio.* Any room or series of rooms equipped for the regular production of broadcast programs of various kinds. A broadcasting booth at a stadium, convention hall, church, or other similar place is not considered to be a studio.

*Systems.* A complete remote pickup broadcast facility consisting of one or more mobile stations and/or one or more base stations authorized pursuant to a single license.

[41 FR 29686, July 19, 1976, as amended at 42 FR 14728, Mar. 16, 1977; 47 FR 28388, June 30, 1982; 47 FR 54448, Dec. 3, 1982; 51 FR 4601, Feb. 6, 1986]

### § 74.402 Frequency assignment.

Operation on all channels listed in this section (except: frequencies 26.07 MHz, 26.11 MHz, and 26.45 MHz, and frequencies listed in paragraphs (a)(4) and (c)(1) of this section shall be in accordance with the "priority of use" provisions in § 74.403(b)). The channel will be assigned by its center frequency, channel bandwidth, and emission designator. In general, the frequencies listed in this section represent the center of the channel or channel segment. When an even number of channels are stacked in those sections stacking is permitted, channel assignments may be made for the frequency halfway between those listed.

(a) The following channels may be assigned for use by broadcast remote pickup stations using any emission (other than single sideband or pulse) that will be in accordance with the provisions of § 74.462.

(1) [Reserved]

(2) HF Channels: 25.87, 25.91, 25.95, 25.99, 26.03, 26.07, 26.09, 26.11, 26.13, 26.15, 26.17, 26.19, 26.21, 26.23, 26.25, 26.27, 26.29, 26.31, 26.33, 26.35, 26.37, 26.39, 26.41, 26.43, 26.45, and 26.47 MHz. The channels 25.87-26.09 MHz are subject to the condition listed in paragraph (e)(2) of this section.

(3) VHF Channels: 166.25 and 170.15 MHz. These channels are subject to the condition listed in paragraph (e)(8) of this section.

(4) UHF Channels: Up to two of the following 6.25 kHz segments may be stacked to form a channel which may