Nature of activation	Event codes
Nuclear Power Plant Warning	NUW.
Practice/Demo Warning	
Radiological Hazard Warning	
Severe Thunderstorm Warning	
Severe Thunderstorm Watch	SVA.
Severe Weather Statement	SVS.
Shelter in Place Warning	SPW
Special Marine Warning	SMW.
Special Weather Statement	SPS.
Storm Surge Watch	SSA.
Storm Surge Warning	SSW.
Tornado Warning	TOR.
Tornado Watch	TOA.
Tropical Storm Warning	TRW.
Tropical Storm Watch	TRA.
Tsunami Warning	
Tsunami Watch	
Volcano Warning	VOW.
Winter Storm Warning	
Winter Storm Watch	WSA.

(f) The All U.S., State, Territory and Offshore (Marine Area) ANSI number codes (SS) are as follows. County ANSI

numbers (CCC) are contained in the State EAS Mapbook.

		ANSI No.
US		
210	Al	
	AK	
	AZ	
	CA	9
	CO	
	CT	
	DE	
	DC	
	FL	
	GA	
	HI	
	ID	
	L	
	IN	
	IA	
	KS	
	ΚΫ́	
	LA	
	_	
	ME	
	MD	
	MA	
	MI	
	MN	
	MS	
	MO	
	MT	
	NE	
	NV	
	NH	
	NJ	
	NM	
		1
	NY	
	NC	
	ND	
	OH	
	OK	
	OR	
	PA	
	BI	
	SC	
	SD SD	

		ANSI No
	TN	
	TX	
	UT	
	VT	
	VA	
	WA	
	W	
	WI	
	WY	
rr.:	WI	
١	AS	
	FM	
	GU	
	MH	
	PR	
	PW	
	UM	
	VI	
SHO	re (Marine Areas) 1	
	Eastern North Pacific Ocean, and along U.S. West Coast from Canadian border to Mexican border  North Pacific Ocean near Alaska, and along Alaska coastline, including the Bering Sea and the Gulf of	
	Alaska	
	Central Pacific Ocean, including Hawaiian waters	
	South Central Pacific Ocean, including American Samoa waters	
	Western Pacific Ocean, including Mariana Island waters	
	Western North Atlantic Ocean, and along U.S. East Coast, from Canadian border south to Currituck Beach Light, N.C.	
	Western North Atlantic Ocean, and along U.S. East Coast, south of Currituck Beach Light, NC, following	
	the coastline to Ocean Reef, FL, including the Caribbean	
	Gulf of Mexico, and along the U.S. Gulf Coast from the Mexican border to Ocean Reef, FL	
	Lake Superior	
	Lake Michigan	
	Lake Huron	
	Lake St. Clair	
	Lake Erie	
	Lake Ontario	
	St. Lawrence niver above St. negis	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The numbers assigned to the offshore marine areas listed in this table are not described under the ANSI standard, but rather are numeric codes that were assigned by the National Weather Service.

[59 FR 67092, Dec. 28, 1994, as amended at 60 FR 55999, Nov. 6, 1995; 61 FR 54952, Oct. 23, 1996; 63 FR 29663, June 1, 1998; 67 FR 18508, Apr. 16, 2002; 67 FR 77174, Dec. 17, 2002; 69 FR 72031, Dec. 10, 2004; 70 FR 71033, Nov. 25, 2005; 77 FR 16701, Mar. 22, 2012; 80 FR 37174, June 30, 2015; 81 FR 53043, Aug. 11, 2016; 83 FR 2563, Jan. 18, 2018]

## §11.32 EAS Encoder.

- (a) EAS Encoders must at a minimum be capable of encoding the EAS protocol described in §11.31 and providing the EAS code transmission requirements described in §11.51. EAS encoders must additionally provide the following minimum specifications:
- (1) Encoder programming. Access to encoder programming shall be protected by a lock or other security measures and be configured so that authorized personnel can readily select and program the EAS Encoder with Originator, Event and Location codes

for either manual or automatic operation.

- (2) *Inputs*. The encoder shall have at least one input port used for audio messages and at least one input port used for data messages.
- (3) *Outputs*. The encoder shall have at least one audio output port and at least one data output port.
- (4) Calibration. EAS Encoders must provide a means to comply with the modulation levels required in §11.51(f).
- (5) Day-Hour-Minute and Identification Stamps. The encoder shall affix the JJJHHMM and LLLLLLLL codes automatically to all initial messages.
- (6) Program Data Retention. Program data and codes shall be retained even with the power removed.
- (7) *Indicator*. An aural or visible means that it activated when the Preamble is sent and deactivated at the End of Message code.
- (8) Spurious Response. All frequency components outside 200 to 4000 Hz shall